

Zebra[®] ZT210[™] / ZT220[™] / ZT230[™]

User Guide



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Declaration of Conformity

We have determined that the Zebra printers identified as the

ZT210™, ZT220™, and ZT230™

manufactured by:

Zebra Technologies Corporation

333 Corporate Woods Parkway

Vernon Hills, Illinois 60061-3109 U.S.A.

Have been shown to comply with the applicable technical standards of the FCC

For Home, Office, Commercial, and Industrial use

If no unauthorized change is made in the equipment,
and if the equipment is properly maintained and operated.

Compliance Information

FCC Compliance Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



Note • This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Canadian DOC Compliance Statement

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

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About This Document

This section provides you with contact information, document structure and organization, and additional reference documents.

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Who Should Use This Document

This User Guide is intended for use by any person who needs to perform routine maintenance, upgrade, or troubleshoot problems with the printer.

How This Document Is Organized

The User Guide is set up as follows:

Section	Description
<i>Introduction on page 13</i>	This section provides a high-level overview of the printer and its components.
<i>Printer Setup and Operation on page 43</i>	This section assists the technician with initial setup and operation of the printer.
<i>Printer Configuration and Adjustment on page 77</i>	This section assists you with configuration of and adjustments to the printer.
<i>Routine Maintenance on page 109</i>	This section provides routine cleaning and maintenance procedures.
<i>Troubleshooting on page 125</i>	This section provides information about errors that you might need to troubleshoot. Assorted diagnostic tests are included.
<i>Specifications on page 151</i>	This section lists general printer specifications, printing specifications, ribbon specifications, and media specifications.
<i>Glossary on page 155</i>	The glossary provides a list of common terms.

Contacts

Technical Support via the Internet is available 24 hours per day, 365 days per year.

Web Site: www.zebra.com

E-mail Back Technical Library:

E-mail address: emb@zebra.com

Subject line: Emaillist

Self Service Knowledge Base: www.zebra.com/knowledgebase

Online Case Registration: www.zebra.com/techrequest

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Technical Support For questions on the operation of Zebra equipment and software, please call your distributor. For additional assistance, contact us. <i>Please have your model and serial numbers available.</i>	T: +1 877 ASK ZEBRA (275 9327) F: +1 847 913 2578 Hardware: ts1@zebra.com Software: ts3@zebra.com <i>Kiosk printers:</i> T: +1 866 322 5202 E: kiosksupport@zebra.com	T: +44 (0) 1628 556039 F: +44 (0) 1628 556003 E: Tseurope@zebra.com	T: +65 6858 0722 F: +65 6885 0838 E: China: tschina@zebra.com <i>All other areas:</i> tsasiapacific@zebra.com
Repair Service Department For back-to-base service and repair.	T: +1 877 ASK ZEBRA (275 9327) F: +1 847 821 1797 E: repair@zebra.com To request a repair in the U.S., go to www.zebra.com/repair .	T: +44 (0) 1772 693069 F: +44 (0) 1772 693046 New requests: ukrma@zebra.com Status updates: repairupdate@zebra.com	T: +65 6858 0722 F: +65 6885 0838 E: China: tschina@zebra.com <i>All other areas:</i> tsasiapacific@zebra.com
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Customer Service Department (US) Internal Sales Department (UK) For printers, parts, media, and ribbon, please call your distributor or contact us.	T: +1 877 ASK ZEBRA (275 9327) E: clientcare@zebra.com	T: +44 (0) 1628 556032 F: +44 (0) 1628 556001 E: cseurope@zebra.com	T: +65 6858 0722 F: +65 6885 0836 E: China: order-csr@zebra.com <i>All other areas:</i> csasiapacific@zebra.com

Key: T: Telephone
F: Facsimile
E: E-mail

Document Conventions

Table 1 shows the way that certain information is conveyed in this document.

Table 1 • Document Conventions

Alternate Color	
	If you are viewing this guide online, you can click the blue text used for cross-references or hyperlinks to jump directly to other sections in the guide or to web sites on the internet.
LCD Display Examples	
	Text from a printer's Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) appears in Arial font.
Command Line Examples, File Names, and Directories	
	Command line examples, file names, and directories appear in Courier New font. For example:
	Type <code>ZTools</code> to get to the Post-Install scripts in the <code>/bin</code> directory.
	Open the <code>Zebra<version number>.tar</code> file in the <code>/root</code> directory.
Icons and Advisory Words	
	The following icons and advisory words are used to draw your attention to certain areas of text.
	Caution • Warns you of the potential for electrostatic discharge.
	Caution • Warns you of a potential electric shock situation.
	Caution • Warns you of a situation where excessive heat could cause a burn.
	Caution • Advises you that failure to take or avoid a specific action could result in physical harm to you.
(No icon)	Caution • Advises you that failure to take or avoid a specific action could result in physical harm to the hardware.
	Important • Advises you of information that is essential to complete a task.
	Note • Indicates neutral or positive information that emphasizes or supplements important points of the main text.
	Example • Provides an example, often a scenario, to better clarify a section of text.

Introduction

This section provides a high-level overview of the printer and its components.

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Printer Components

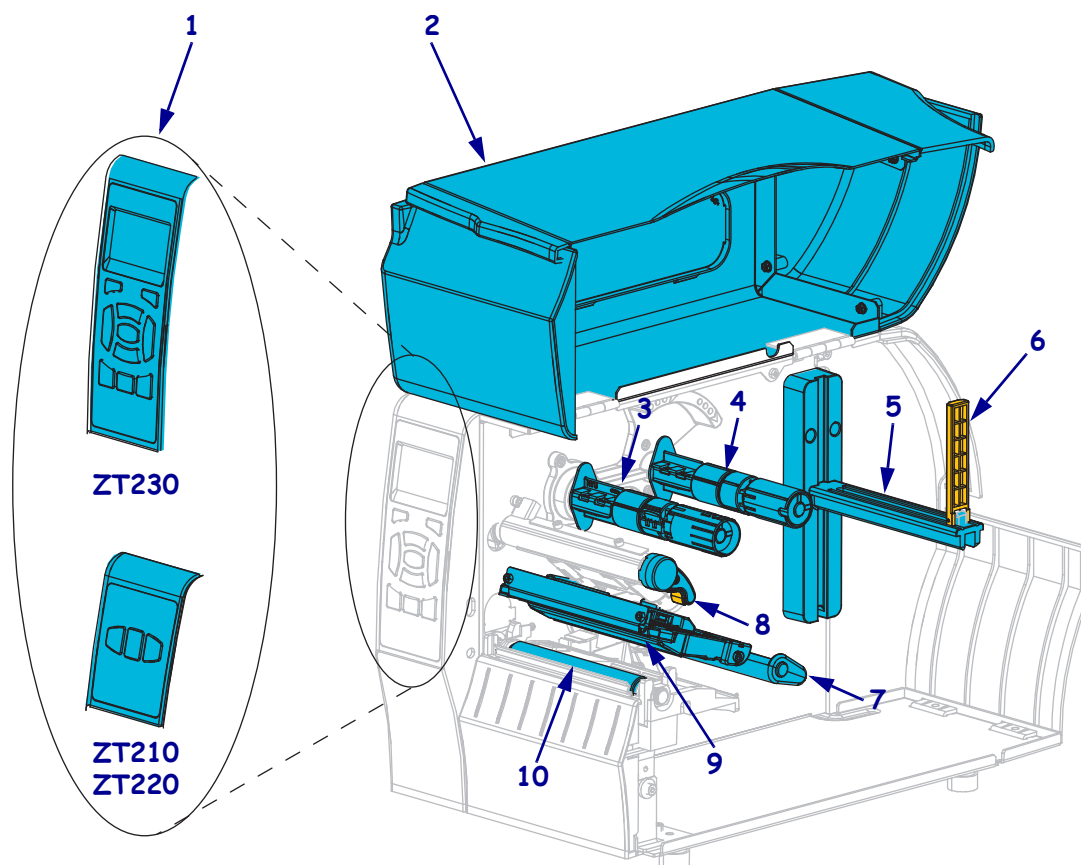


Note • The components inside your printer are color-coded.

- The touch points that you will need to handle are colored **gold** inside the printers and are highlighted in **gold** in the illustrations in this manual.
- The components associated with the ribbon system are made of **black** plastic, while the components associated with media are made of **gray** plastic. Those components and others are highlighted in **light blue** in the illustrations in this manual as needed.

Figure 1 shows the components inside the media compartment of your printer. Depending on the printer model and the installed options, your printer may look slightly different. The components that are labeled are mentioned in procedures throughout this manual.

Figure 1 • Printer Components



1	Control panel
2	Media door
3	Ribbon take-up spindle*
4	Ribbon supply spindle*
5	Media supply hanger

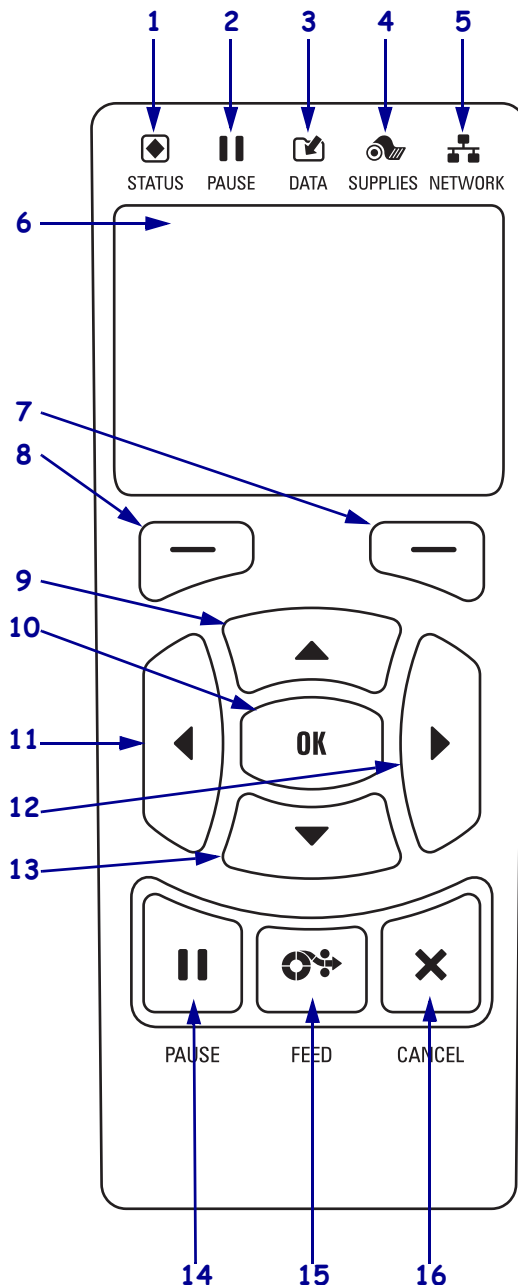
6	Media supply guide
7	Media dancer assembly
8	Printhead-open lever
9	Print mechanism
10	Platen roller

* This component appears only in printers that have the Thermal Transfer option installed.

Control Panel

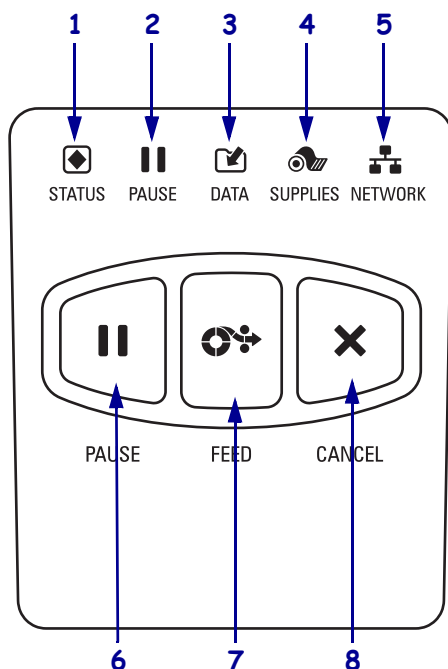
The control panel indicates the printer's current status and allows the user to control basic printer operation.

Figure 2 • ZT230 Printer Control Panel



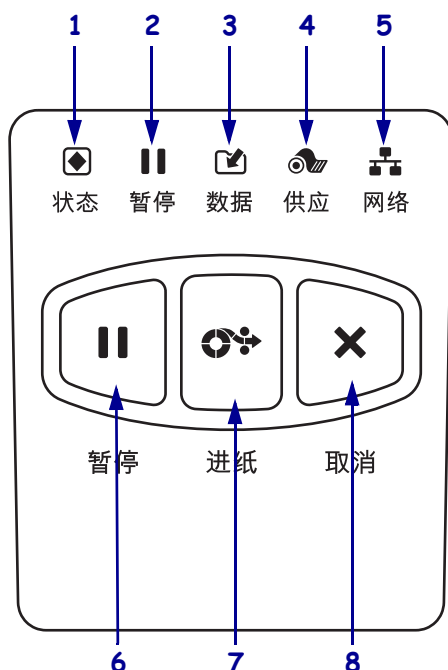
1	 STATUS light	These indicator lights show the current status of the printer. For more information, see Table 14 on page 127 .
2	 PAUSE light	
3	 DATA light	
4	 SUPPLIES light	
5	 NETWORK light	
6	The display shows the printer's current status and allows the user to navigate the menu system.	
7	RIGHT SELECT button	These buttons execute the commands shown directly above them in the display.
8	LEFT SELECT button	
9	The UP ARROW button changes the parameter values. Common uses are to increase a value or to scroll through choices.	
10	The OK button selects or confirms what is shown on the display.	
11	The LEFT ARROW button , which is active only in the menu system, navigates to the left.	
12	The RIGHT ARROW button , which is active only in the menu system, navigates to the right.	
13	The DOWN ARROW button changes the parameter values. Common uses are to decrease a value or to scroll through choices.	
14	The PAUSE button starts or stops printer operation when pressed.	
15	The FEED button forces the printer to feed one blank label each time the button is pressed.	
16	The CANCEL button cancels label formats when the printer is paused. • Press once to cancel the next label format. • Press and hold for 2 seconds to cancel all label formats.	

Figure 3 • ZT220 Printer Control Panel



1	 STATUS light	These indicator lights show the current status of the printer. For more information, see Table 14 on page 127 .
2	 PAUSE light	
3	 DATA light	
4	 SUPPLIES light	
5	 NETWORK light	
6	The PAUSE button starts or stops printer operation when pressed.	
7	The FEED button forces the printer to feed one blank label each time the button is pressed.	
8	The CANCEL button cancels label formats when the printer is paused. • Press once to cancel the next label format. • Press and hold for 2 seconds to cancel all label formats.	

Figure 4 • ZT210 Printer Control Panel



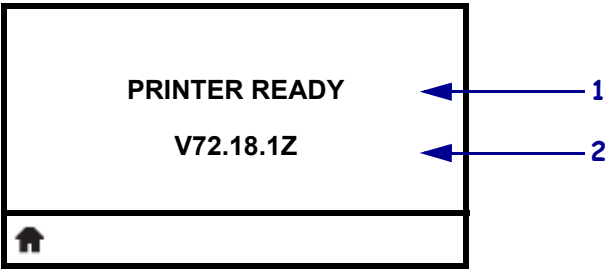
1	 STATUS light	These indicator lights show the current status of the printer. For more information, see Table 14 on page 127 .
2	 PAUSE light	
3	 DATA light	
4	 SUPPLIES light	
5	 NETWORK light	
6	The PAUSE button starts or stops printer operation when pressed.	
7	The FEED button forces the printer to feed one blank label each time the button is pressed.	
8	The CANCEL button cancels label formats when the printer is paused. • Press once to cancel the next label format. • Press and hold for 2 seconds to cancel all label formats.	

ZT230 Printer Control Panel Display

The ZT230 printer’s control panel includes a display, where you can view the printer’s status or change its operating parameters. In this section, you will learn how to navigate through the printer’s menu system and change values for menu items.

After the printer completes the power-up sequence, it moves to the Idle Display (Figure 5). If a print server is installed, the printer cycles through the information shown and the printer’s IP address.

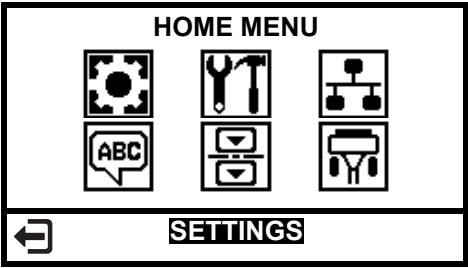
Figure 5 • Idle Display



1	The printer’s current status
2	Information that you set through Idle Display on page 84
	Home menu shortcut

The printer’s operating parameters are sorted into six user menus, which you can access through the printer’s Home menu (Figure 6). For detailed information about changing the printer settings, see [Changing Printer Settings on page 78](#).

Figure 6 • Home Menu



	See SETTINGS Menu on page 20 .		See LANGUAGE Menu on page 32 .
	See TOOLS Menu on page 24 .		See SENSORS Menu on page 34 .
	See NETWORK Menu on page 28 .		See PORTS Menu on page 36 .
	Exit and return to the Idle Display (Figure 5).		

Navigating through Screens in the Display

Table 2 shows the options available for navigating through the screens in the control panel display.

Table 2 • Navigation

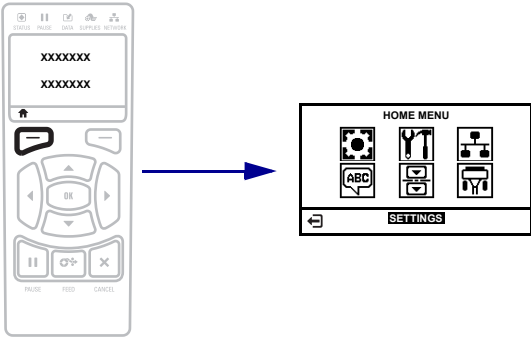
Idle Display		
		
At the Idle Display (Figure 5 on page 17), press LEFT SELECT to go to the printer's Home menu (Figure 6 on page 17).		
Home Menu		
 To move from icon to icon in the Home menu, press any of the ARROW buttons. When an icon is selected, its colors are reversed to highlight it.  SETTINGS menu icon  SETTINGS menu icon highlighted	 To select the highlighted menu icon and enter the menu, press OK.	 Press LEFT SELECT to exit the Home menu and return to the Idle Display. The printer automatically returns to the Idle Display after 15 seconds of inactivity in the Home menu.

Table 2 • Navigation (Continued)

User Menus



Press **LEFT SELECT** to return to the Home menu. The printer automatically returns to the Home menu after 15 seconds of inactivity in a user menu.



▼ and ▲ indicate that a value can be changed. Any changes that you make are saved immediately. Press the **UP ARROW** or **DOWN ARROW** to scroll through accepted values.



To scroll through the items in a user menu, press the **LEFT ARROW** or **RIGHT ARROW**.



A word in the bottom-right corner of the display indicates an available action. Press **OK** or press **RIGHT SELECT** to perform the action shown.



SETTINGS Menu

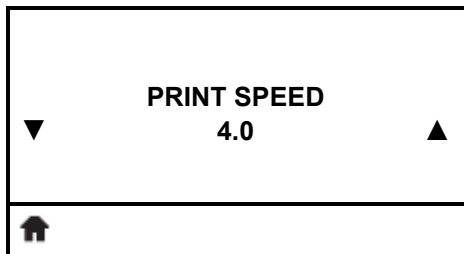
Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Print Settings on page 79](#).



Adjust the Print Darkness

Set the darkness to the lowest setting that provides good print quality. If you set the darkness too high, the label image may print unclearly, bar codes may not scan correctly, the ribbon may burn through, or the printhead may wear prematurely.

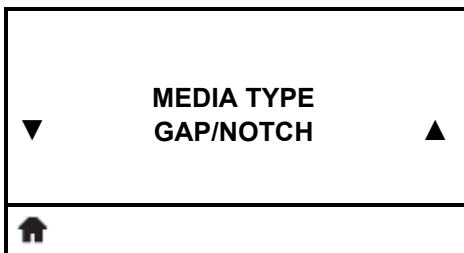
See [Print Darkness on page 79](#) for more information.



Select the Print Speed

Select the speed for printing a label (given in inches per second). Slower print speeds typically yield better print quality.

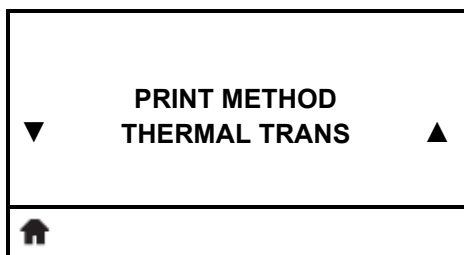
See [Print Speed on page 79](#) for more information.



Set the Media Type

Select the type of media that you are using.

See [Media Type on page 79](#) for more information.



Select the Print Method

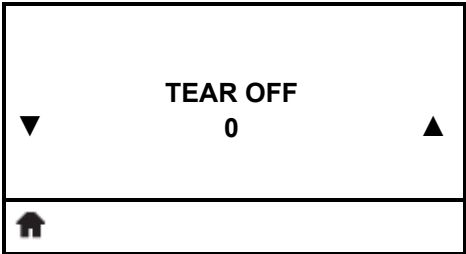
Specify if the printer is to use Direct Thermal mode (no ribbon) or Thermal Transfer mode (using thermal transfer media and ribbon).

See [Print Method on page 80](#) for more information.



SETTINGS Menu (continued)

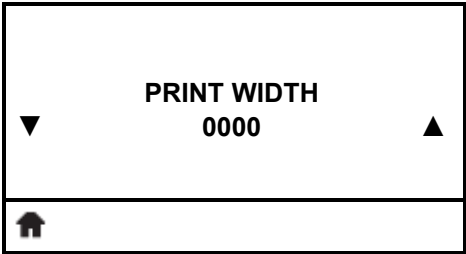
Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 7, Print Settings on page 79](#).



Adjust the Tear-Off Position

If necessary, adjust the position of the media over the tear-off bar after printing.

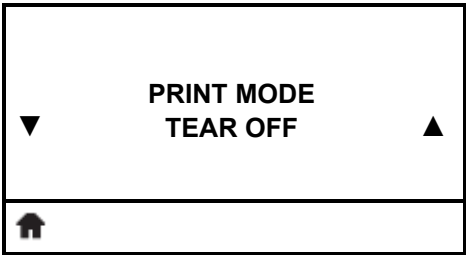
See [Tear-Off Position on page 80](#) for more information.



Adjust the Print Width

Specify the width of the labels being used. The default value is the maximum width for the printer, based on the printhead's DPI value.

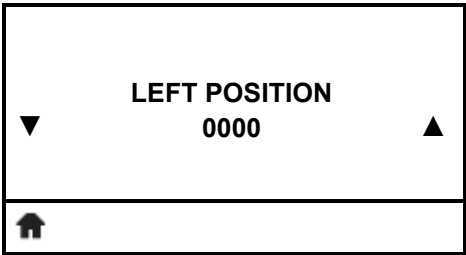
See [Print Width on page 81](#) for more information.



Select the Print Mode

Select a print mode that is compatible with your printer options.

See [Print Mode on page 81](#) for more information.



Adjust the Label Left Position

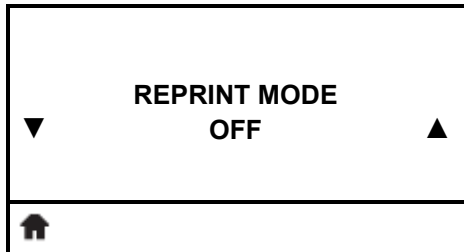
If necessary, shift the print position horizontally on the label. Positive numbers move the left edge of the image toward the center of the label by the number of dots selected, while negative numbers move the left edge of the image toward the left edge of the label.

See [Label Left Position on page 81](#) for more information.



SETTINGS Menu (continued)

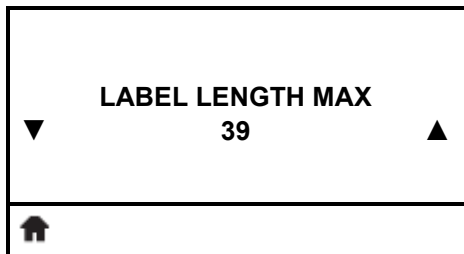
Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 7, Print Settings on page 79](#).



Set the Reprint Mode

When reprint mode is enabled, you can reprint the last label printed either by issuing certain commands or by pressing the **LEFT ARROW** on the control panel.

See [Reprint Mode on page 82](#) for more information.



Set the Maximum Label Length

Set the maximum label length to a value that is at least 1.0 in. (25.4 mm) greater than the actual label length plus the interlabel gap. If you set the value to one that is smaller than the label length, the printer assumes that continuous media is loaded, and the printer cannot calibrate.

See [Maximum Label Length on page 82](#) for more information.



Select the Display Language

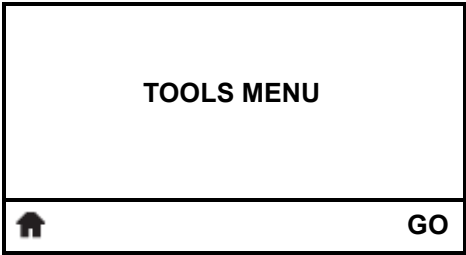
If necessary, change the language that the printer displays. See [Language on page 92](#) for more information.



Note • The selections for this parameter are displayed in the actual languages to make it easier for you to find one that you are able to read.

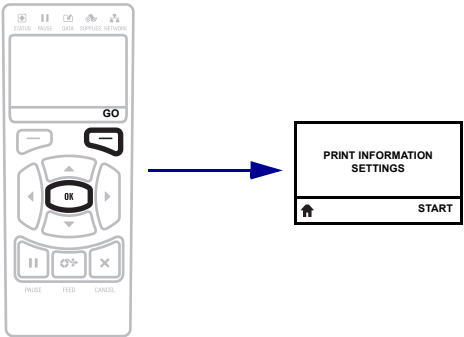


SETTINGS Menu (continued)

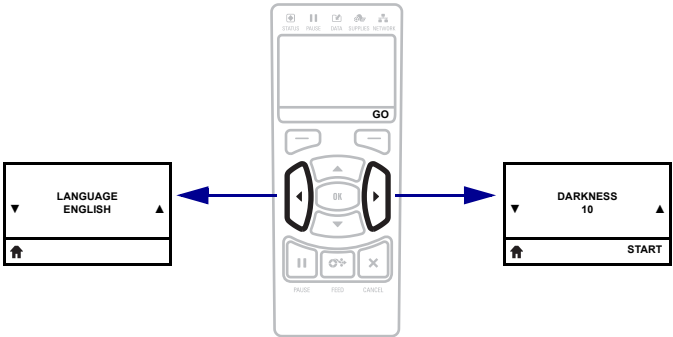


Tools Menu Shortcut

- To be taken to the next user menu, press **OK** or press **RIGHT SELECT** to select **GO**.



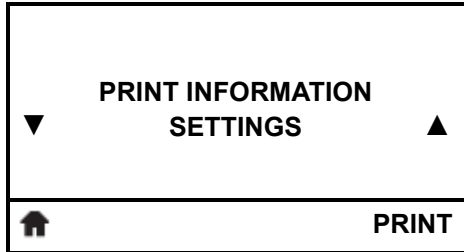
- To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the **LEFT ARROW** or **RIGHT ARROW**.





TOOLS Menu

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 8, Calibration and Diagnostic Tools on page 83](#).

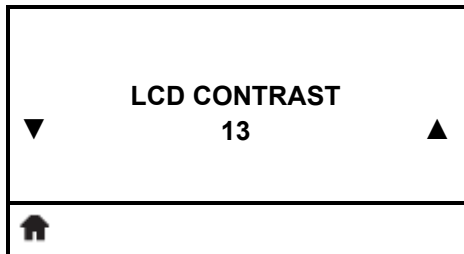


List the Printer Information*

Prints a printer configuration label.

See [Print Information on page 83](#) for more information.

* Other options are available by scrolling.



Set the Display Contrast

Change the contrast on the printer's display.

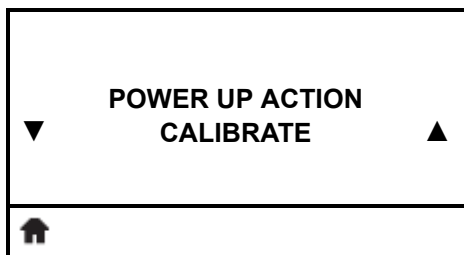
See [LCD Contrast on page 84](#) for more information.



Select the Idle Display

Select the information shown on the printer's display when the printer is idle.

See [Idle Display on page 84](#) for more information.



Set the Power-Up Action

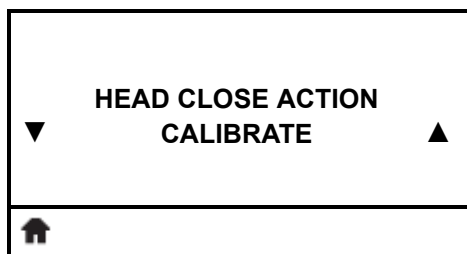
Set the action for the printer to take during the power-up sequence.

See [Power-Up Action on page 84](#) for more information.



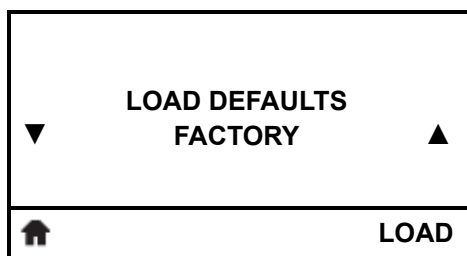
TOOLS Menu (continued)

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 8, Calibration and Diagnostic Tools on page 83](#).



Set the Head-Close Action

Set the action for the printer to take when you close the printhead. See [Head-Close Action on page 85](#) for more information.



Load Printer Defaults*

Use this menu item to restore all settings other than the network settings back to the factory defaults. Use care when loading defaults because you will need to reload all settings that you changed manually.

See [Load Defaults on page 86](#) for more information.

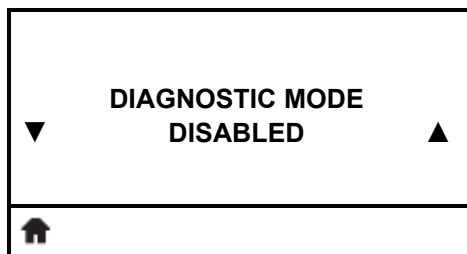
* Other options are available by scrolling.



Calibrate the Media and Ribbon Sensors

Use this menu item to adjust the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors.

See [Media and Ribbon Sensor Calibration on page 87](#) for more information. For instructions on how to perform a calibration procedure, see [Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98](#).



Enable Communication Diagnostics Mode

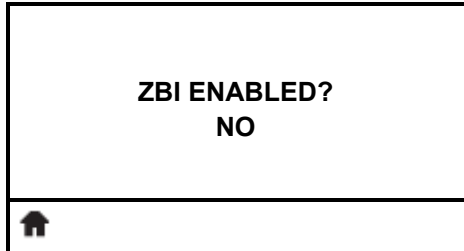
Use this diagnostics tool to cause the printer to output the hexadecimal values for all data received by the printer.

See [Communication Diagnostics Mode on page 87](#) for more information.



TOOLS Menu (continued)

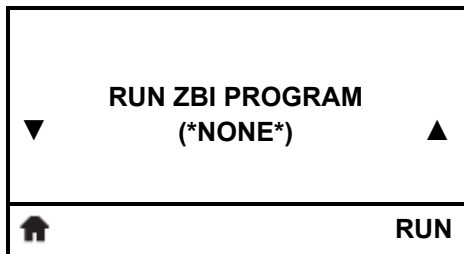
Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 8, Calibration and Diagnostic Tools on page 83](#).



Is ZBI Enabled?

This menu item indicates if the Zebra Basic Interpreter (ZBI 2.0™) option is enabled on your printer. If you would like to purchase this option, contact your Zebra reseller for more information.

See [Enable ZBI on page 88](#) for more information.



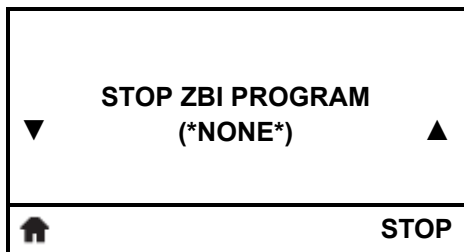
Run a ZBI Program*

If ZBI programs exist on your printer, they are listed. If no program exists, NONE is listed.

If you wish to run a ZBI program that you have downloaded to your printer, select it from this menu, and then press **RIGHT SELECT** to select RUN. If no program exists, the RUN option does not perform an action.

See [Run a ZBI Program on page 88](#) for more information.

** This menu item appears only if ZBI is enabled on your printer and no ZBI program is running.*



Stop a ZBI Program*

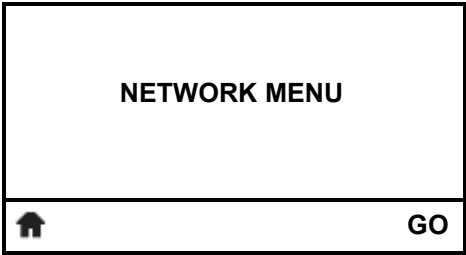
If a ZBI program is running, the printer lists it. If you wish to stop the program, press **RIGHT SELECT** to select STOP.

See [Stop a ZBI Program on page 88](#) for more information.

** This menu item appears only if ZBI is enabled on your printer and a ZBI program is running.*

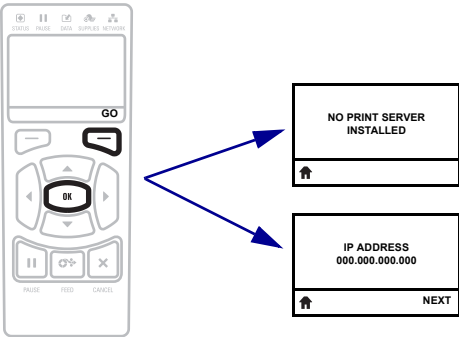


TOOLS Menu (continued)

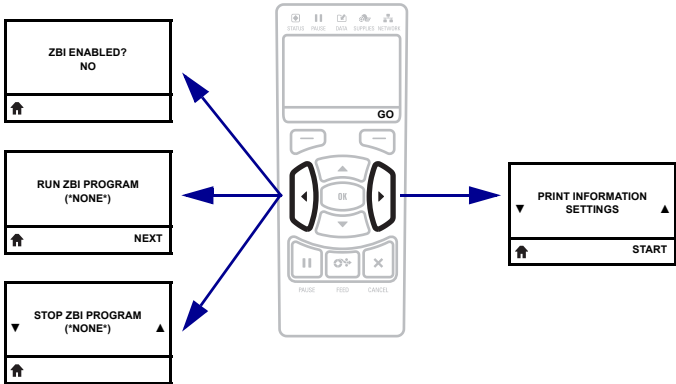


Network Menu Shortcut

- To be taken to the next user menu, press **OK** or press **RIGHT SELECT** to select GO.



- To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the **LEFT ARROW** or **RIGHT ARROW**.





NETWORK Menu

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 9, Network Settings](#) on page 89.



No Print Server Message*

* If no print server is installed, this message displays in place of the print server menu items.



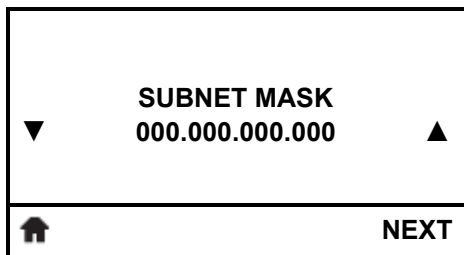
Set the Printer's IP Address*

View and, if necessary, change the printer's IP address.

Changes are saved only if [IP PROTOCOL](#) on page 29 is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, use [RESET NETWORK](#) on page 30 to reset the print server.

See [IP Address](#) on page 89 for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer.



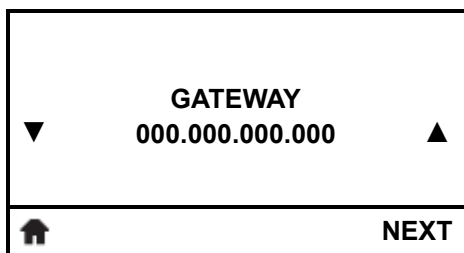
Set the Subnet Mask*

View and, if necessary, change the subnet mask.

Changes are saved only if [IP PROTOCOL](#) on page 29 is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, use [RESET NETWORK](#) on page 30 to reset the print server.

See [Subnet Mask](#) on page 89 for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer.



Set the Default Gateway*

View and, if necessary, change the default gateway.

Changes are saved only if [IP PROTOCOL](#) on page 29 is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, use [RESET NETWORK](#) on page 30 to reset the print server.

See [Gateway](#) on page 89 for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer.



NETWORK Menu (continued)

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 9, Network Settings](#) on page 89.



Set the IP Resolution Method*

This parameter tells if the user (permanent) or the server (dynamic) selects the IP address. If a dynamic option is chosen, this parameter tells the method(s) by which the wired or wireless print server receives the IP address from the server.

See [IP Protocol](#) on page 90 for more information.

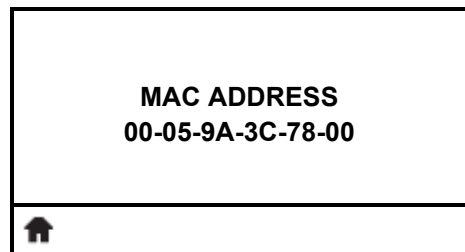
* This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer.



View the Active Print Server*

Only one print server (wired or wireless) can be installed at a time. Therefore, the print server installed is the active print server.

* This menu item, which cannot be modified from the control panel, appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer.

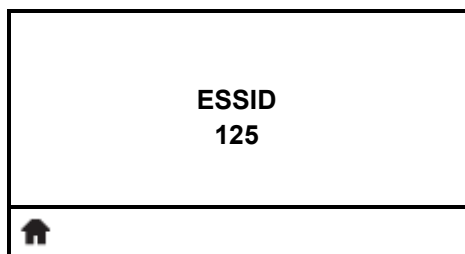


View the MAC Address*

View the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the print server that is installed in the printer (wired or wireless).

See [MAC Address](#) on page 90 for more information.

* This menu item, which cannot be modified from the control panel, appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer.



View the ESSID Value*

The Extended Service Set Identification (ESSID) is an identifier for your wireless network. This setting, which cannot be modified from the control panel, gives the ESSID for the current wireless configuration.

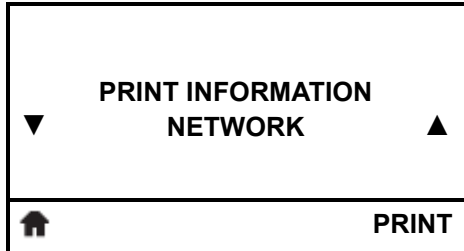
See [ESSID](#) on page 90 for more information.

* This menu item, which cannot be modified from the control panel, appears only if a wireless print server is installed in your printer.



NETWORK Menu (continued)

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 9, Network Settings](#) on page 89.

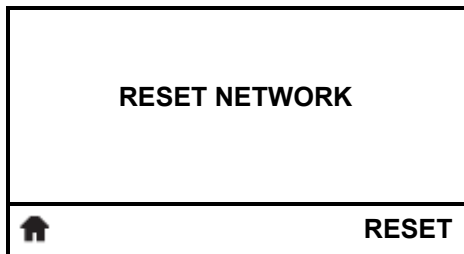


Print the Network Settings*

This option prints a network configuration label, which lists the settings for any print server that is installed.

See [Print Information on page 83](#) for more information.

* Other options are available by scrolling.

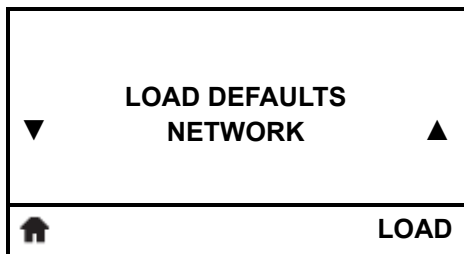


Reset the Network Settings*

This option resets the wired or wireless print server. You must reset the print server to allow any changes to the network settings to take effect.

See [Reset Network on page 91](#) for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer.



Load Network Defaults*

Use this menu item to restore all print server and network settings back to the factory defaults. Use care when loading defaults because you will need to reload all settings that you changed manually.

See [Load Defaults on page 86](#) for more information.

* This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed in your printer. Other options are available by scrolling.

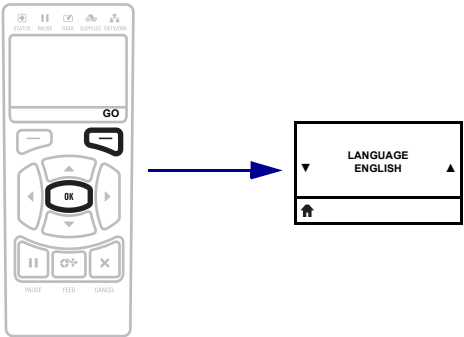


NETWORK Menu (continued)

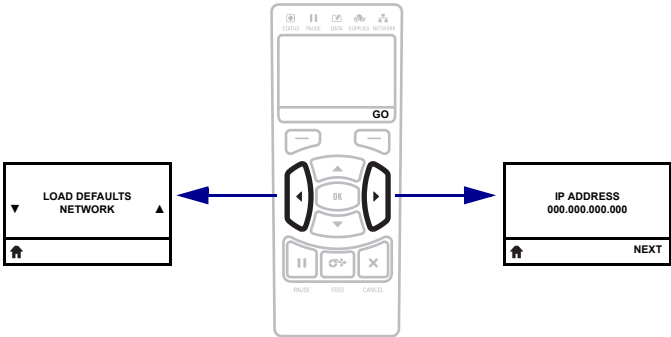


Language Menu Shortcut

- To be taken to the next user menu, press **OK** or press the **RIGHT SELECT** to select GO.



- To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the **LEFT ARROW** or **RIGHT ARROW**.





LANGUAGE Menu

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 10, Language Settings on page 92](#).



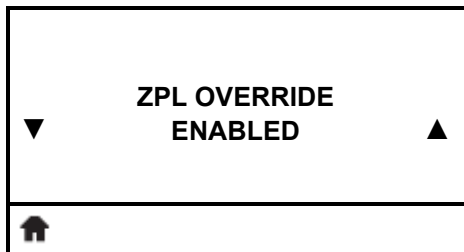
Select the Display Language

If necessary, change the language that the printer displays.

See [Language on page 92](#) for more information.



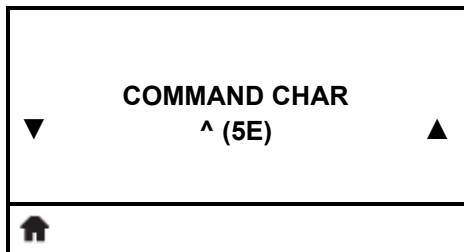
Note • The selections for this parameter are displayed in the actual languages to make it easier for you to find one that you are able to read.



Enable ZPL Override

Enable this menu item to allow certain ZPL commands to override the printer's current settings.

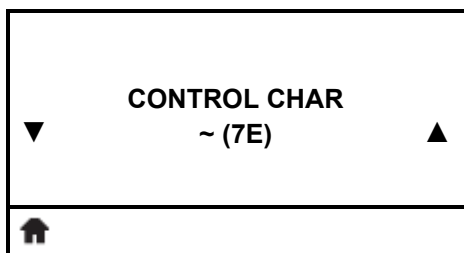
See [ZPL Override on page 92](#) for more information.



Set the Command Character Value

Set the format command character to match what is used in your label formats.

See [Command Character on page 93](#) for more information.



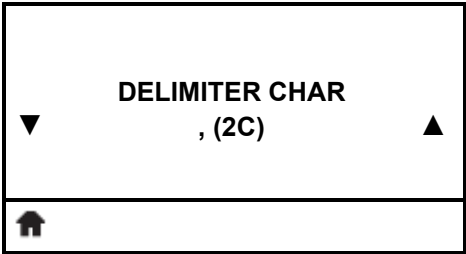
Set the Control Character Value

Set the control prefix character to match what is used in your label formats.

See [Control Character on page 93](#) for more information.

 LANGUAGE Menu (continued)

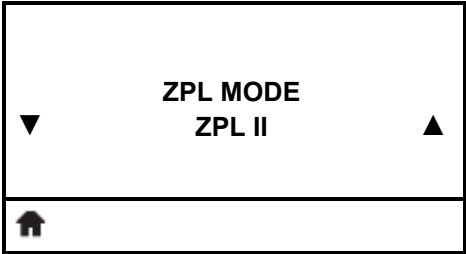
Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 10, Language Settings](#) on page 92.



Set the Delimiter Character Value

Set the delimiter character to match what is used in your label formats.

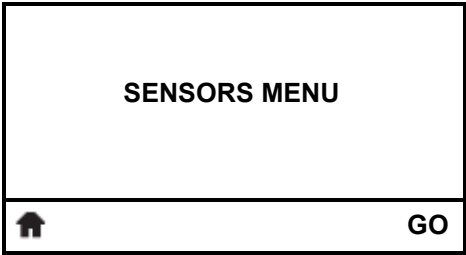
See [Delimiter Character](#) on page 93 for more information.



Set the ZPL Mode

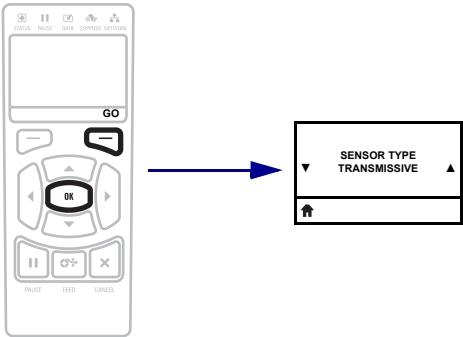
Select the mode that matches what is used in your label formats.

See [ZPL Mode](#) on page 94 for more information.

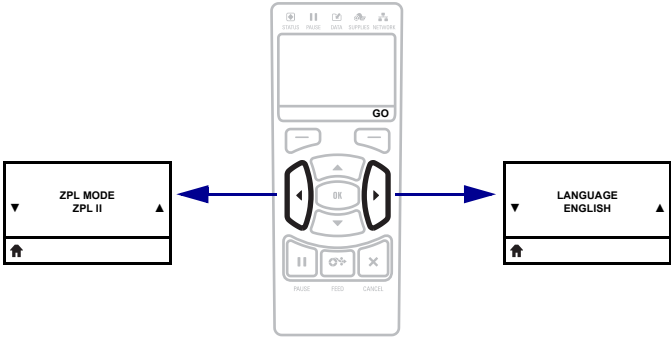


Sensors Menu Shortcut

- To be taken to the next user menu, press **OK** or press **RIGHT SELECT** to select GO.



- To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the **LEFT ARROW** or **RIGHT ARROW**.





SENSORS Menu

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 11, Sensor Settings on page 95](#).

▼	SENSOR TYPE REFLECTIVE	▲
		

Select the Media Sensor

Select the media sensor that is appropriate for the media that you are using. The reflective sensor can be used with all media types. The transmissive sensor should be used only for simple gap media.

See [Sensor Type on page 95](#) for more information.

MEDIA/RIBBON CAL	
	START

Calibrate the Media and Ribbon Sensors

Use this menu item to adjust the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors.

For instructions on how to perform a calibration procedure, see [Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98](#).

▼	PRINT INFORMATION SENSOR PROFILE	▲
		
PRINT		

Print a Sensor Profile*

Use this menu item to print a sensor profile.

See [Print Information on page 83](#) or [Sensor Profile on page 149](#) for more information.

* Other options are available by scrolling.

▼	LABEL SENSOR 000	▲
		

Set the Sensitivity of the Label Sensor

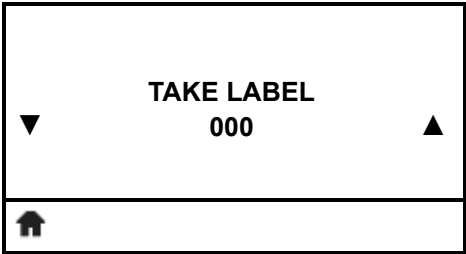


Important • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.

See [Label Sensor on page 95](#) for more information.

SENSORS Menu (continued)

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 11, Sensor Settings](#) on page 95.



Set the Intensity of the Take Label LED

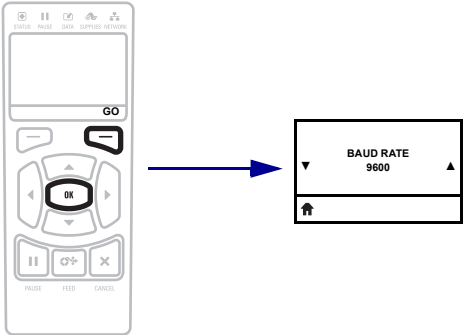
 **Important** • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.

See [Take Label](#) on page 95 for more information.

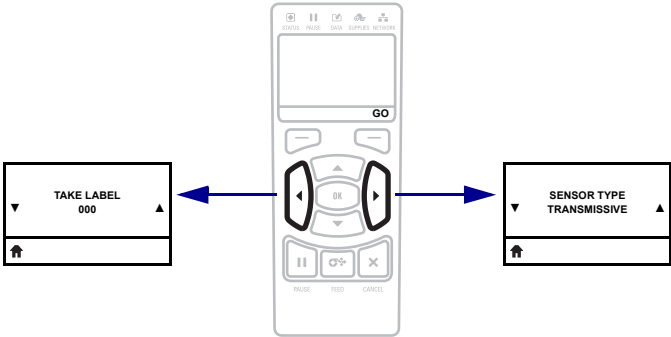


Ports Menu Shortcut

- To be taken to the next user menu, press **OK** or press **RIGHT SELECT** to select GO.



- To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the **LEFT ARROW** or **RIGHT ARROW**.





PORTS Menu

Items in this menu are shown in the order in which they appear when you press the **RIGHT ARROW**. For more information about these settings, see [Table 12, Port Settings on page 96](#).

▼	BAUD RATE 9600	▲
		

Set the Baud Rate

Select the baud value that matches the one being used by the host computer.

See [Baud Rate on page 96](#) for more information.

▼	DATA BITS 8	▲
		

Set the Data Bits Value

Select the data bits value that matches the one being used by the host computer.

See [Data Bits on page 96](#) for more information.

▼	PARITY NONE	▲
		

Set the Parity Value

Select the parity value that matches the one being used by the host computer.

See [Parity on page 96](#) for more information.

▼	HOST HANDSHAKE XON/XOFF	▲
		

Set the Host Handshake Protocol Value

Select the handshake protocol that matches the one being used by the host computer.

See [Host Handshake on page 97](#) for more information.

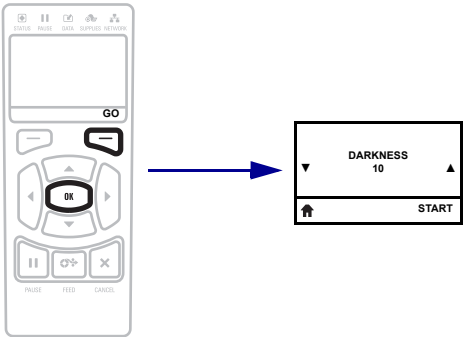


PORTS Menu (continued)

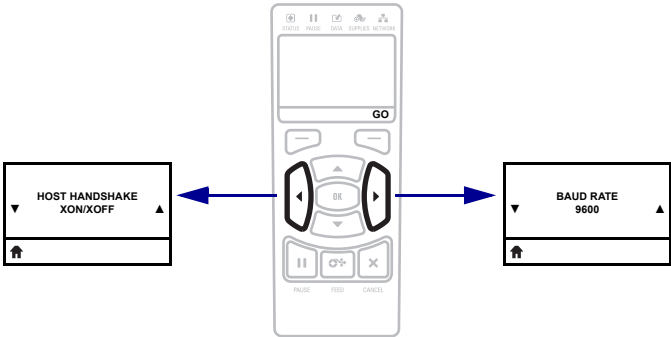


Settings Menu Shortcut

- To be taken to the next user menu, press **OK** or press **RIGHT SELECT** to select **GO**.



- To continue to navigate in the same user menu, press the **LEFT ARROW** or **RIGHT ARROW**.



Types of Media



Important • Zebra strongly recommends the use of Zebra-brand supplies for continuous high-quality printing. A wide range of paper, polypropylene, polyester, and vinyl stock has been specifically engineered to enhance the printing capabilities of the printer and to prevent premature printhead wear. To purchase supplies, go to <http://www.zebra.com/howtobuy>.

Your printer can use various types of media:

- *Standard media*—Most standard media uses an adhesive backing that sticks individual labels or a continuous length of labels to a liner. Standard media can come on rolls or in a fanfold stack (Table 3).
- *Tag stock*—Tags are usually made from a heavy paper. Tag stock does not have adhesive or a liner, and it is typically perforated between tags. Tag stock can come on rolls or in a fanfold stack (Table 3).

Table 3 • Roll and Fanfold Media

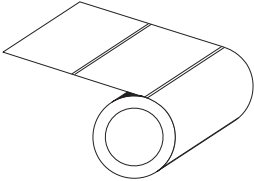
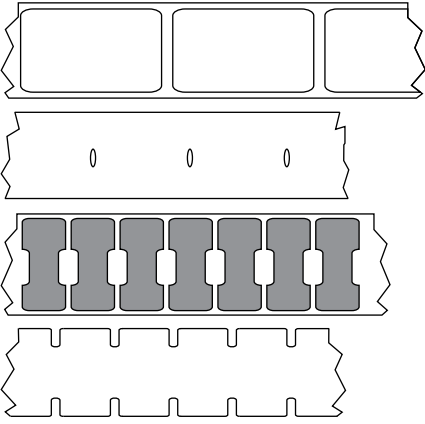
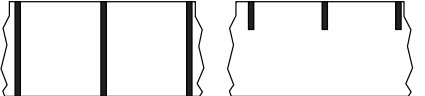
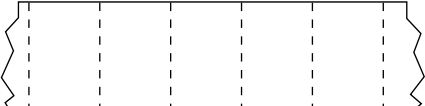
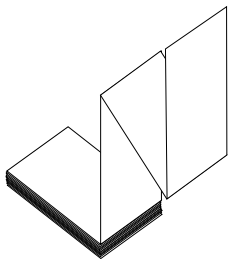
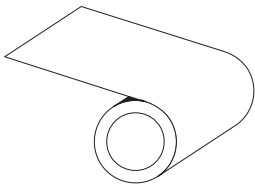
Media Type	How It Looks	Description
Non-Continuous Roll Media		Roll media is wound on a core that can be 1 in. to 3 in. (25 to 76 mm) in diameter. Individual labels or tags are separated by one or more of the following methods: • <i>Web media</i> separates labels by gaps, holes, or notches.  • <i>Black mark media</i> uses pre-printed black marks on the back side of the media to indicate label separations.  • <i>Perforated media</i> has perforations that allow the labels or tags to be separated from each other easily. The media may also have black marks or other separations between labels or tags. 

Table 3 • Roll and Fanfold Media (Continued)

Media Type	How It Looks	Description
Non-Continuous Fanfold Media		Fanfold media is folded in a zigzag pattern. Fanfold media can have the same label separations as non-continuous roll media. The separations would fall on or near the folds.
Continuous Roll Media		Roll media is wound on a core that can be 1 in. to 3 in. (25 to 76 mm) in diameter. Continuous roll media does not have gaps, holes, notches, or black marks to indicate label separations. This allows the image to be printed anywhere on the label. Sometimes a cutter is used to cut apart individual labels.

Ribbon Overview

Ribbon is a thin film that is coated on one side with wax, resin, or wax resin, which is transferred to the media during the thermal transfer process. The media determines whether you need to use ribbon and how wide the ribbon must be.

When ribbon is used, it must be as wide as or wider than the media being used. If the ribbon is narrower than the media, areas of the printhead are unprotected and subject to premature wear.

When to Use Ribbon

Thermal transfer media requires ribbon for printing while direct thermal media does not. To determine if ribbon must be used with a particular media, perform a media scratch test.

To perform a media scratch test, complete these steps:

1. Scratch the print surface of the media rapidly with your fingernail.
2. Did a black mark appear on the media?

If a black mark...	Then the media is...
Does not appear on the media	Thermal transfer. A ribbon is required.
Appears on the media	Direct thermal. No ribbon is required.

Coated Side of Ribbon

Ribbon can be wound with the coated side on the inside or outside (Figure 7). This printer can only use ribbon that is coated on the outside. If you are unsure which side of a particular roll of ribbon is coated, perform an adhesive test or a ribbon scratch test to determine which side is coated.

Figure 7 • Ribbon Coated on Outside or Inside



Adhesive Test

If you have labels available, perform the adhesive test to determine which side of a ribbon is coated. This method works well for ribbon that is already installed.

To perform an adhesive test, complete these steps:

1. Peel a label from its liner.
2. Press a corner of the sticky side of the label to the outer surface of the roll of ribbon.
3. Peel the label off of the ribbon.
4. Observe the results. Did flakes or particles of ink from the ribbon adhere to the label?

If ink from the ribbon...	Then...
Adhered to the label	The ribbon is coated on the outside and can be used in this printer. 
Did not adhere to the label	The ribbon is coated on the inside and cannot be used in this printer. To verify this, repeat the test on the other surface of the roll of ribbon. 

Ribbon Scratch Test

Perform the ribbon scratch test when labels are unavailable.

To perform a ribbon scratch test, complete these steps:

1. Unroll a short length of ribbon.
2. Place the unrolled section of ribbon on a piece of paper with the outer surface of the ribbon in contact with the paper.
3. Scratch the inner surface of the unrolled ribbon with your fingernail.
4. Lift the ribbon from the paper.
5. Observe the results. Did the ribbon leave a mark on the paper?

If the ribbon...	Then...
Left a mark on the paper	The ribbon is coated on the outside and can be used in this printer. 
Did not leave a mark on the paper	The ribbon is coated on the inside and cannot be used in this printer. To verify this, repeat the test on the other surface of the roll of ribbon. 



Notes •

Printer Setup and Operation

This section assists the technician with initial setup and operation of the printer.

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Select a Print Mode	52
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Load the Media	60

Handling the Printer

This section describes how to handle your printer.

Unpack and Inspect the Printer

When you receive the printer, immediately unpack it and inspect for shipping damage.

- Save all packing materials.
- Check all exterior surfaces for damage.
- Raise the media door, and inspect the media compartment for damage to components.

If you discover shipping damage upon inspection:

- Immediately notify the shipping company and file a damage report.
- Keep all packaging material for shipping company inspection.
- Notify your authorized Zebra reseller



Important • Zebra Technologies is not responsible for any damage incurred during the shipment of the equipment and will not repair this damage under warranty.

Store the Printer

If you are not placing the printer into immediate operation, repackage it using the original packing materials. You may store the printer under the following conditions:

- Temperature: –40°F to 140°F (–40° to 60°C)
- Relative humidity: 5% to 85% non-condensing

Ship the Printer

If you must ship the printer:

- Turn off (●) the printer, and disconnect all cables.
- Remove any media, ribbon, or loose objects from the printer interior.
- Close the printhead.
- Carefully pack the printer into the original container or a suitable alternate container to avoid damage during transit. A shipping container can be purchased from Zebra if the original packaging has been lost or destroyed.

Select a Location for the Printer

Select a location for the printer that meets these conditions:

- **Surface:** The surface where the printer will be located must be solid, level, and of sufficient size and strength to hold the printer.
- **Space:** The area where the printer will be located must include enough space for ventilation and for accessing the printer components and connectors. To allow for proper ventilation and cooling, leave open space on all sides of the printer.



Caution • Do not place any padding or cushioning material behind or under the printer because this restricts air flow and could cause the printer to overheat.

- **Power:** The printer should be within a short distance of an appropriate power outlet that is easily accessible.
- **Data communication interfaces:** The printer must be within range of your WLAN radio (if applicable) or within an acceptable range for other connectors to reach your data source (usually a computer). For more information on maximum cable lengths and configuration, see [Table 5 on page 47](#).
- **Operating conditions:** Your printer is designed to function in a wide range of environmental and electrical conditions, including a warehouse or factory floor. [Table 4](#) shows the temperature and relative humidity requirements for the printer when it is operating.

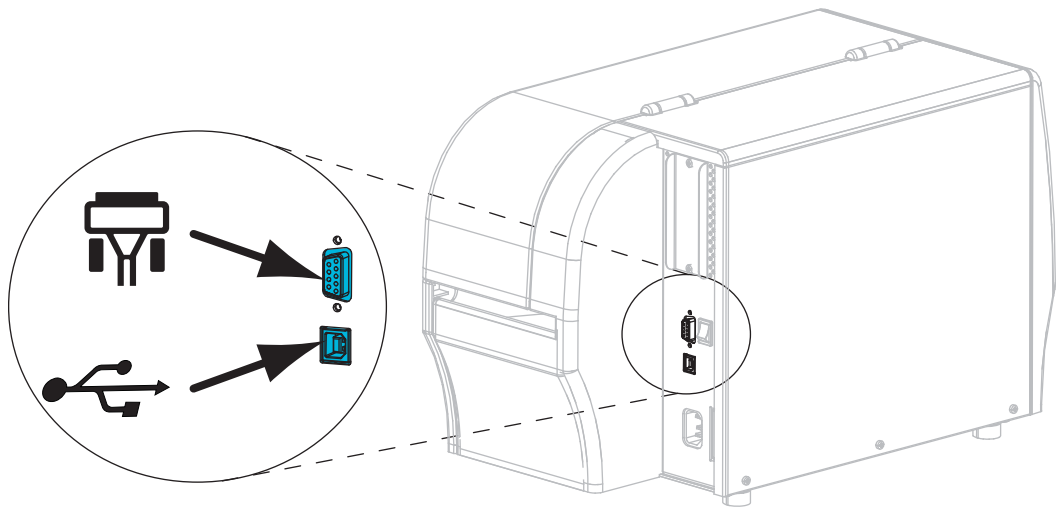
Table 4 • Operating Temperature and Humidity

Mode	Temperature	Relative Humidity
Thermal Transfer	41° to 104°F (5° to 40°C)	20 to 85% non-condensing
Direct Thermal	32° to 104°F (0° to 40°C)	

Select a Data Communication Interface

You may connect your printer to a computer using one or more of the available connections. The standard connections are shown in [Figure 8](#). A ZebraNet wired or wireless print server option or a parallel port may also be present on your printer.

Figure 8 • Communication Interfaces



	Serial port
	USB 2.0 port

[Table 5 on page 47](#) provides basic information about data communication interfaces that you can use to connect your printer to a computer. You may send label formats to the printer through any data communication interface that is available. Select an interface that is supported by both your printer and your computer or your Local Area Network (LAN).

Caution • Ensure that the printer power is off (O) before connecting data communications cables. Connecting a data communications cable while the power is on (I) may damage the printer.

Table 5 • Data Communication Interfaces

Interface	Standard or Option	Description
RS-232 Serial	Standard	Limitations and Requirements - Maximum cable length of 50 ft (15.24 m). - You may need to change printer parameters to match the host computer. - You need to use a null-modem adaptor to connect to the printer if using a standard modem cable. Connections and Configuration The baud rate, number of data and stop bits, the parity, and the XON/XOFF or DTR control must match those of the host computer.
USB	Standard	Limitations and Requirements - Maximum cable length of 16.4 ft (5 m). - No printer parameter changes required to match the host computer. Connections and Configuration No additional configuration is necessary.
8-bit Parallel data interface	Option	Limitations and Requirements - Maximum cable length of 10 ft (3 m). - Recommended cable length of 6 ft (1.83 m). - No printer parameter changes required to match the host computer. - A wired or wireless print server (if installed) takes up this port on the printer. Connections and Configuration No additional configuration is necessary.
Wired Ethernet print server	Option	Limitations and Requirements - Can print to the printer from any computer on your LAN. - Can communicate with the printer through the printer's web pages. - The printer must be configured to use your LAN. - A parallel connection or a wireless print server (if installed) takes up this port on the printer. Caution • Be careful not to plug a USB cable into a wired Ethernet print server connector on the printer because doing so will damage the Ethernet connector. Connections and Configuration Refer to the <i>ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print Servers User Guide</i> for configuration instructions. A copy of this manual is available at http://www.zebra.com/manuals or on the user CD that came with your printer.  Note • To use this connection, you may need to remove a factory-installed plug that is designed to keep someone from accidentally plugging a USB connector into this port.

Table 5 • Data Communication Interfaces (Continued)

Interface	Standard or Option	Description
Wireless print server	Option	Limitations and Requirements • Can print to the printer from any computer on your Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN). • Can communicate with the printer through the printer's web pages. • The printer must be configured to use your WLAN. • A parallel connection or a wired print server (if installed) takes up this port on the printer. Configuration Refer to the <i>ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print Servers User Guide</i> for configuration instructions. A copy of this manual is available at http://www.zebra.com/manuals or on the user CD that came with your printer.

Data Cables

You must supply all data cables for your application.

Ethernet cables do not require shielding, but all other data cables must be fully shielded and fitted with metal or metallized connector shells. Unshielded data cables may increase radiated emissions above the regulated limits.

To minimize electrical noise pickup in the cable:

- Keep data cables as short as possible.
- Do not bundle the data cables tightly with the power cords.
- Do not tie the data cables to power wire conduits.

Connect the Printer to a Power Source

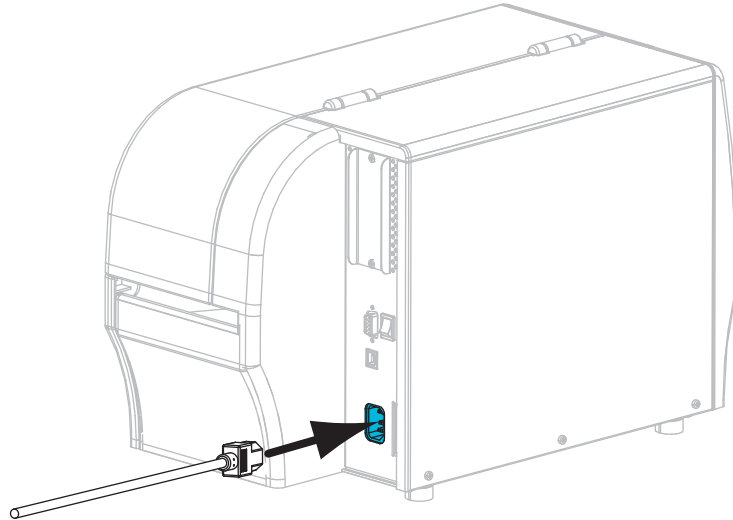
The AC power cord must have a three-prong female connector on one end that plugs into the mating AC power connector at the rear of the printer. If a power cable was not included with your printer, refer to [Power Cord Specifications on page 50](#).



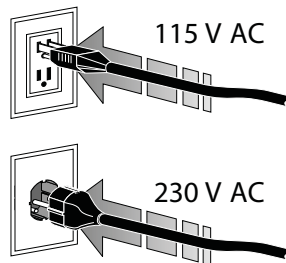
Caution • For personnel and equipment safety, always use an approved three-conductor power cord specific to the region or country intended for installation. This cord must use an IEC 320 female connector and the appropriate region-specific three-conductor grounded plug configuration.

To connect the printer to a power source, complete these steps:

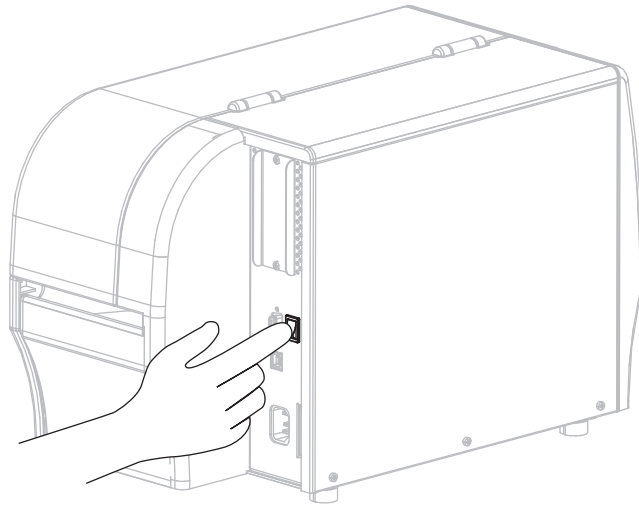
1. Plug the female end of the A/C power cord into the A/C power connector on the back of the printer.



2. Plug the male end of the A/C power cord into an appropriate power outlet.



3. Turn on (I) the printer.



The printer boots up and performs a self-test. The printer reports its status through the indicator lights on the control panel (see [Table 14 on page 127](#) for the meaning of the light colors and combinations).

Power Cord Specifications

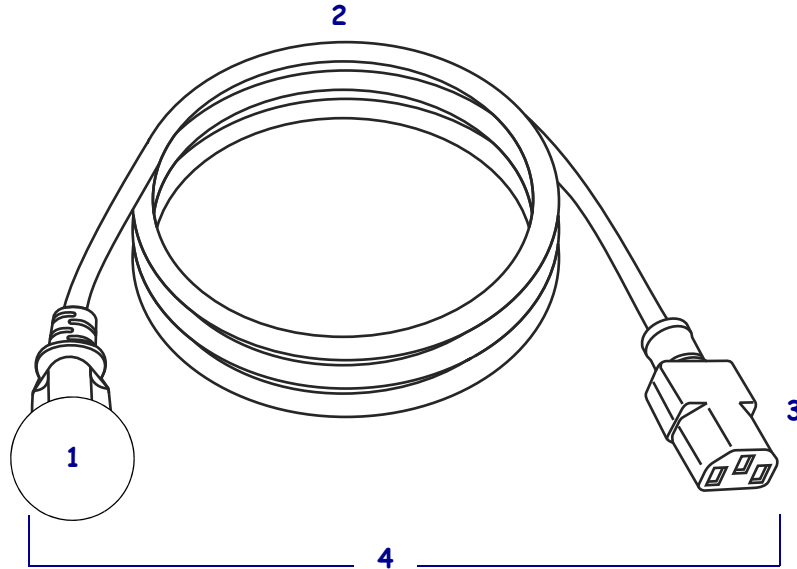


Caution • For personnel and equipment safety, always use an approved three-conductor power cord specific to the region or country intended for installation. This cord must use an IEC 320 female connector and the appropriate region-specific, three-conductor grounded plug configuration.

Depending on how your printer was ordered, a power cord may or may not be included. If one is not included or if the one included is not suitable for your requirements, see [Figure 9](#) and refer to the following guidelines:

- The overall cord length must be less than 9.8 ft. (3 m).
- The cord must be rated for at least 10 A, 250 V.
- The chassis ground (earth) **must** be connected to ensure safety and reduce electromagnetic interference.

Figure 9 • Power Cord Specifications



1	AC power plug for your country—This should bear the certification mark of at least one of the known international safety organizations (Figure 10).
2	3-conductor HAR cable or other cable approved for your country.
3	IEC 320 connector—This should bear the certification mark of at least one of the known international safety organizations (Figure 10).
4	Length ≤ 9.8 ft. (3 m). Rating 10 Amp, 250 VAC.

Figure 10 • International Safety Organization Certification Symbols



Select a Print Mode

Use a print mode that matches the media being used and the printer options available (Table 6).

Table 6 • Print Modes and Printer Options

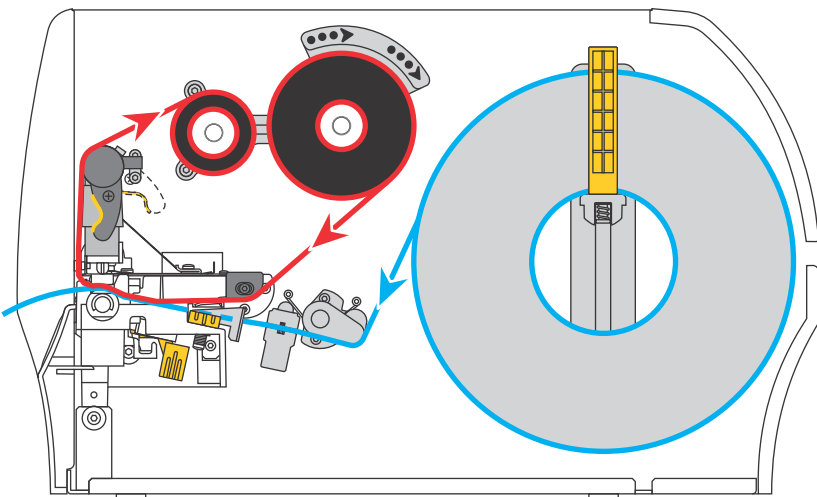
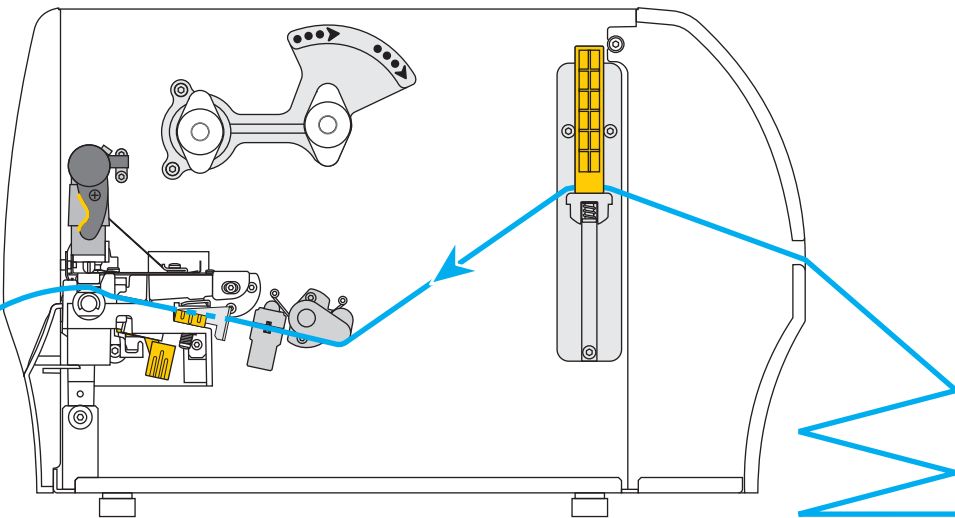
Print Mode	When to Use/Printer Options Required	Printer Actions
Tear-Off (default setting)	Use for most applications. This mode can be used with any printer options and most media types.	The printer prints label formats as it receives them. The printer operator can tear off the printed labels any time after they print.
Roll media in Tear-Off mode (shown using thermal transfer media with ribbon loaded)  Fanfold media in Tear-Off mode (shown using direct thermal media and no ribbon) 		

Table 6 • Print Modes and Printer Options

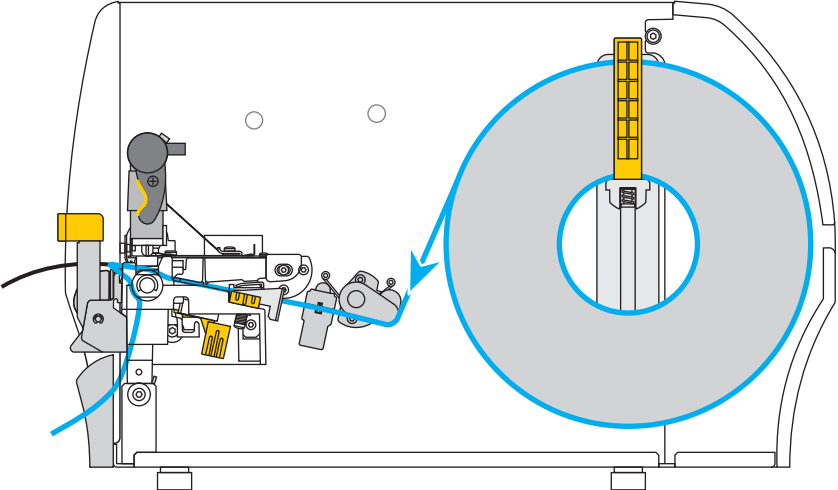
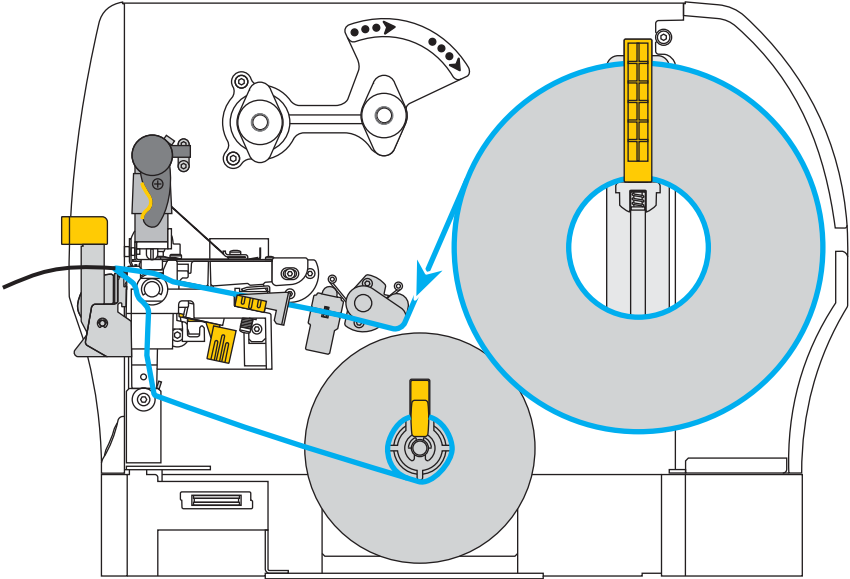
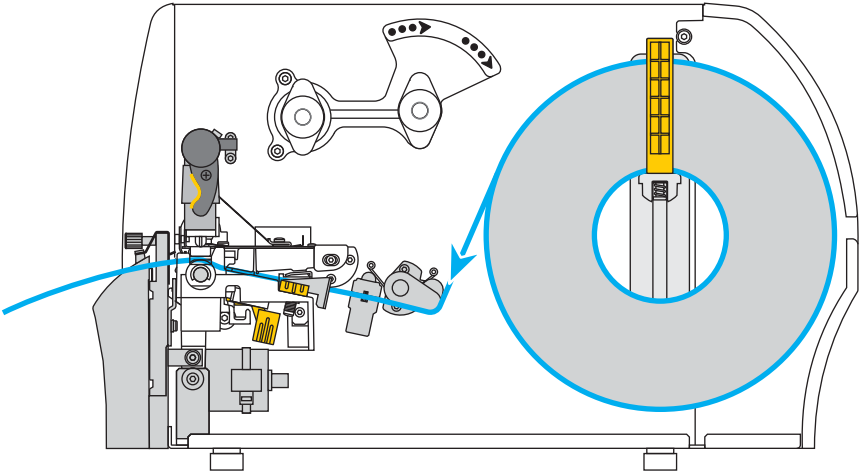
Print Mode	When to Use/Printer Options Required	Printer Actions
Peel-Off	Use if the printer has the Peel-Off option or the Liner Take-Up option.* * The Liner Take-Up option is available only on the ZT230 printer.	The printer peels the label from the liner during printing and then pauses until the label is removed. The liner exits the front of the printer. • In Peel-Off mode, the liner exits the front of the printer. • In Peel-Off mode with Liner Take-Up, the liner winds onto the liner take-up spindle or the rewind spindle.
Peel-Off mode (shown without a ribbon system)  Peel-Off mode with Liner Take-Up* (shown using direct thermal media and no ribbon) 		

Table 6 • Print Modes and Printer Options

Print Mode	When to Use/Printer Options Required	Printer Actions
Cutter	Use if the printer has a cutter option when you want the labels to be cut apart.	The printer prints a label and then cuts it free.
Cutter mode (shown using direct thermal media and no ribbon) 		

Load the Ribbon



Note • This section applies only to printers that have the Thermal Transfer option installed.

Ribbon is used only with thermal transfer labels. For direct thermal labels, do not load ribbon in the printer. To determine if ribbon must be used with a particular media, see [When to Use Ribbon on page 40](#).

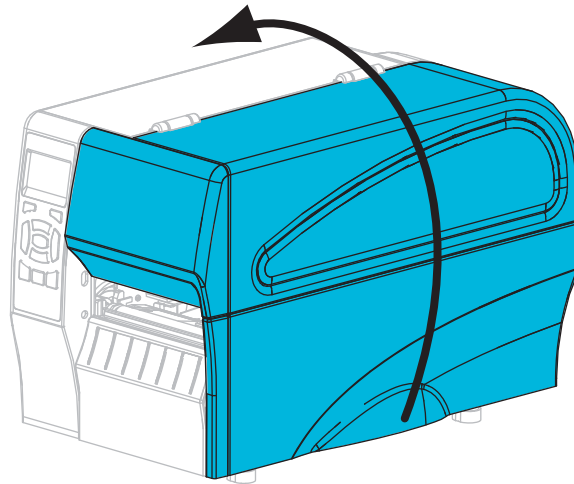
Caution • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.



Important • Use ribbon that is wider than the media to protect the printhead from wear. Ribbon must be coated on the outside.

To load ribbon, complete these steps:

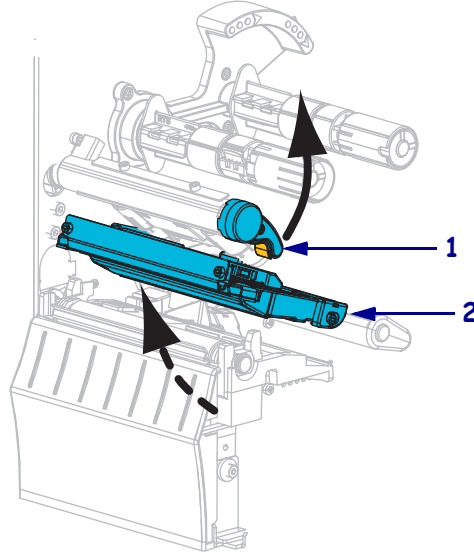
1. Raise the media door.



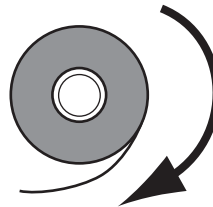


2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

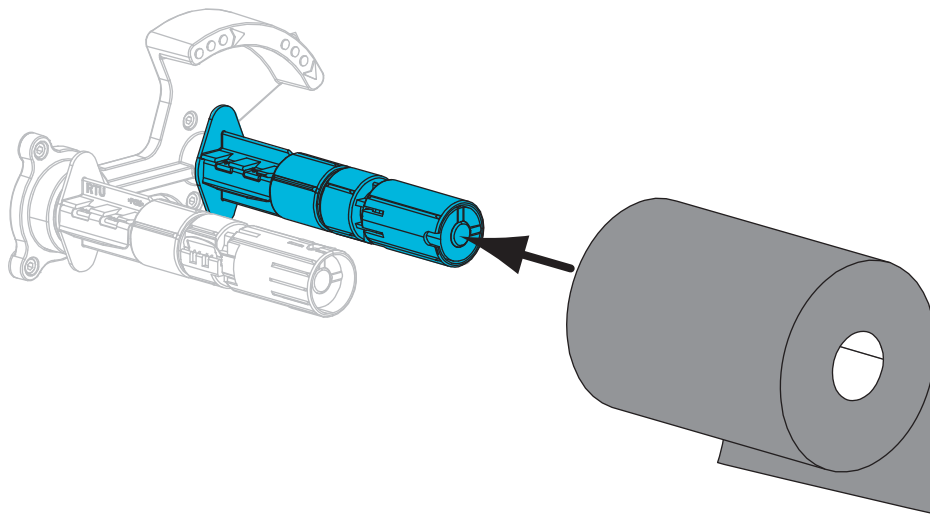
Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) counterclockwise to release the print mechanism (2).



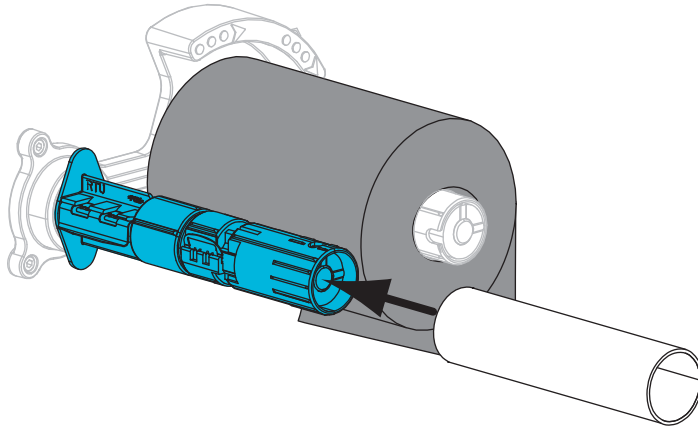
3. Position the ribbon with the loose end unrolling clockwise.



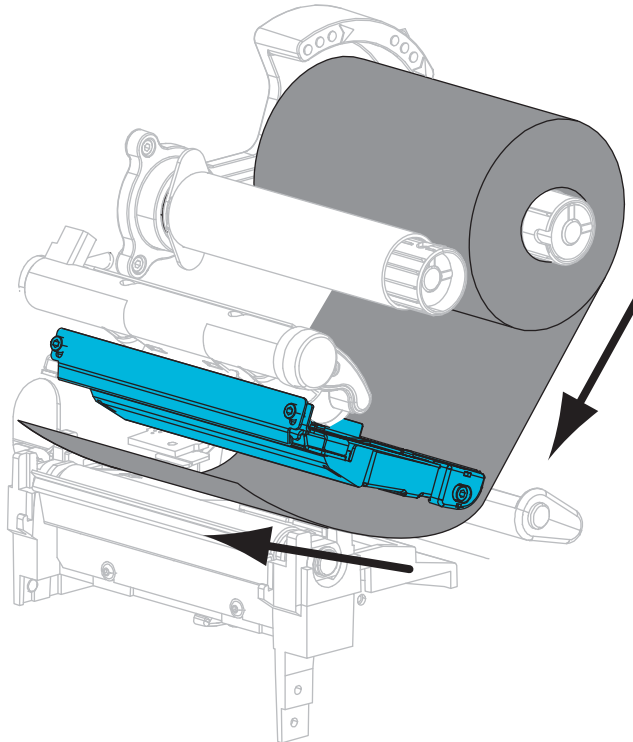
4. Place the roll of ribbon on the ribbon supply spindle. Push the roll back as far as it will go.



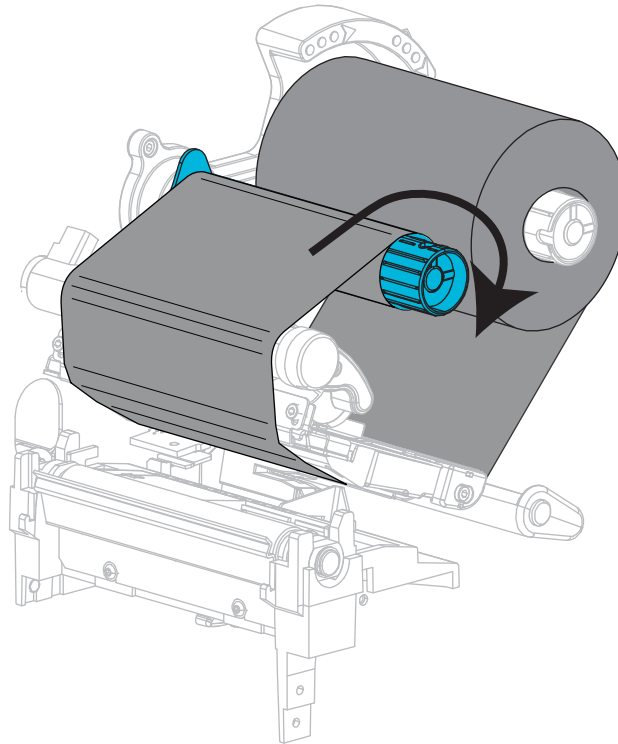
5. Your printer shipped with an empty ribbon core on the ribbon take-up spindle. If this core is no longer there, place an empty ribbon core on the ribbon take-up spindle. Push the core back as far as it will go.



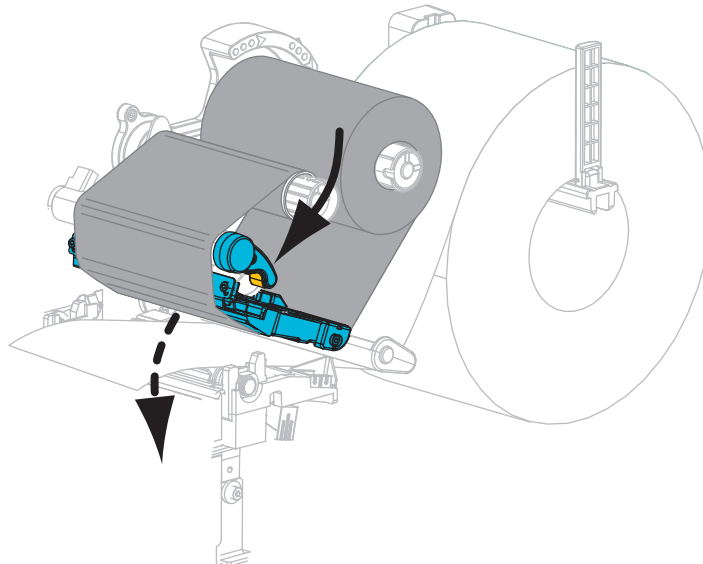
6. Slide the ribbon under the print mechanism.



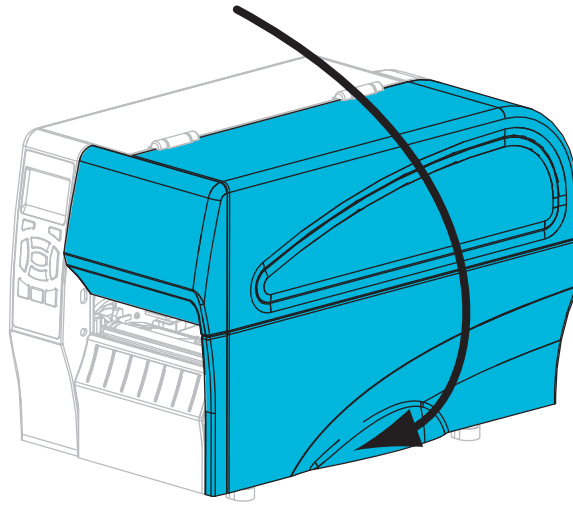
7. Wind the ribbon clockwise around the core on the ribbon take-up spindle. Turn the spindle enough to wind the ribbon around it several times.



8. If media is already loaded, rotate the printhead-open lever clockwise until it locks the printhead in place. Otherwise, continue with [Load the Media on page 60](#).



9. Close the media door.



10. If necessary, press **PAUSE** to enable printing.

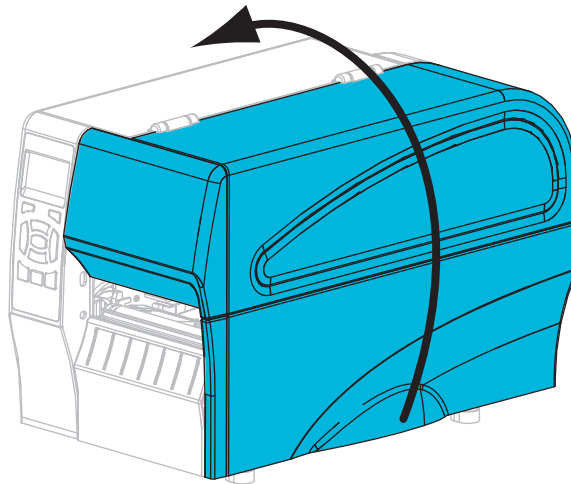
Load the Media

Use the instructions in this section for loading roll or fanfold media in any print mode.

Caution • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.

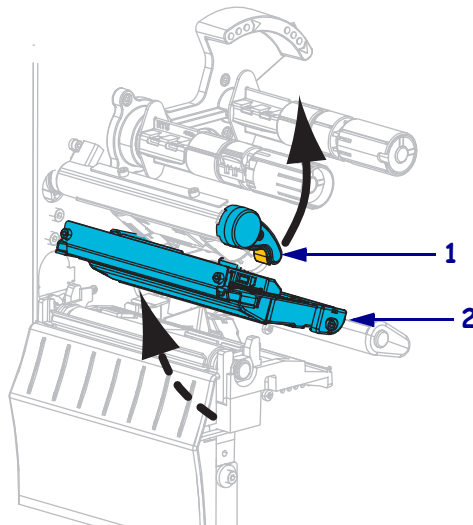
To load media, complete these steps:

1. Raise the media door.

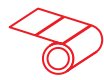


2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) counterclockwise to release the printhead mechanism (2).

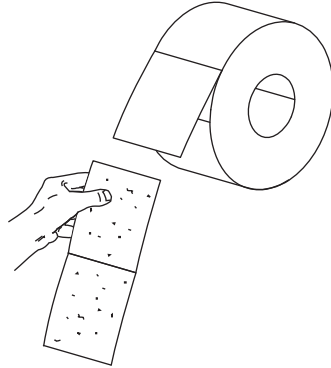


3. Insert media into the printer. Follow the instructions for roll or fanfold media, as appropriate.

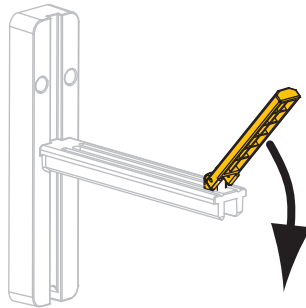


Roll Media

- a. Remove and discard any tags or labels that are dirty or that are held by adhesives or tape.

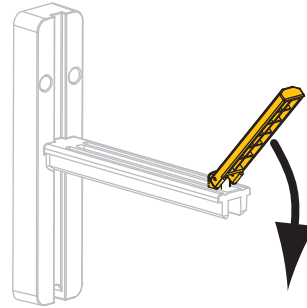


- b. Slide out and flip down the media supply guide.

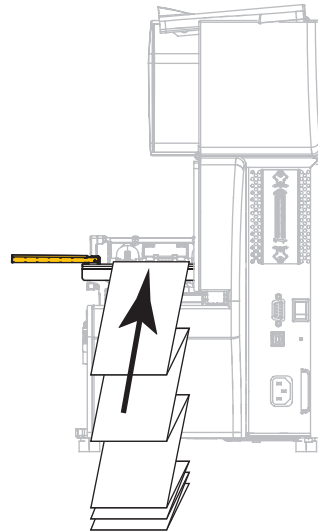


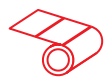
Fanfold Media

- a. Slide out and flip down the media supply guide.



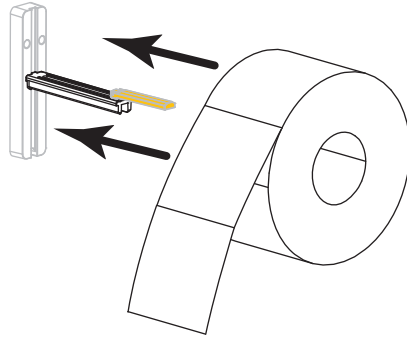
- b. Insert the fanfold media through the rear of the printer.



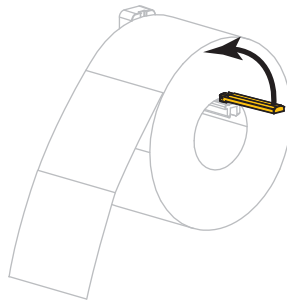


Roll Media (Continued)

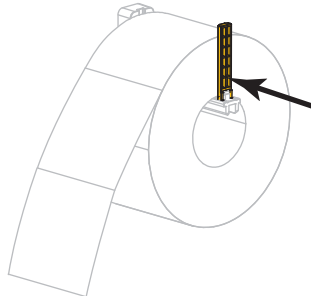
- c.** Place the roll of media on the media supply hanger. Push the roll back as far as it will go.



- d.** Flip up the media supply guide.

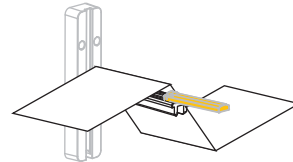


- e.** Slide in the media supply guide until it touches the edge of the roll.

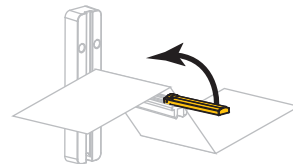


Fanfold Media (Continued)

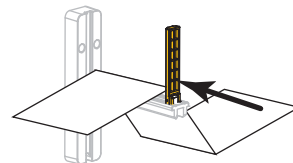
- c.** Drape the media over the media supply hanger.



- d.** Flip up the media supply guide.

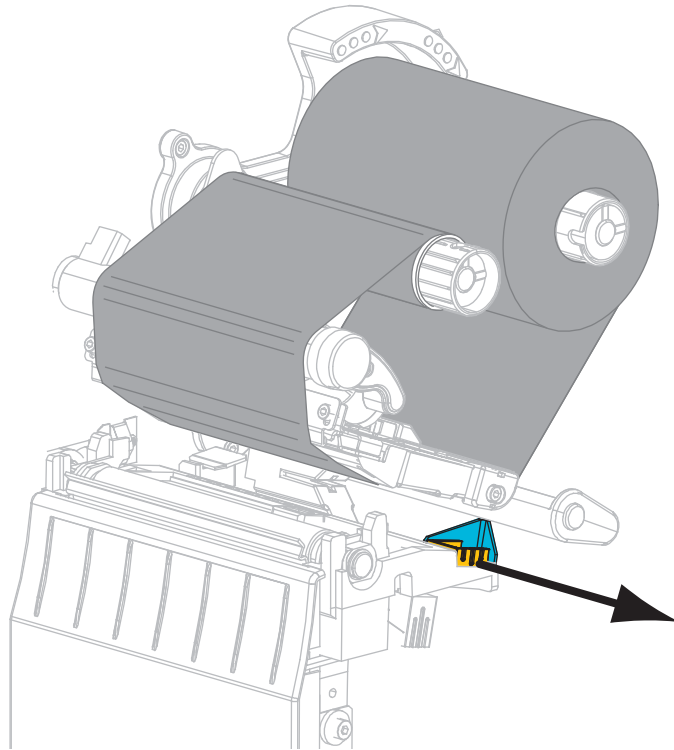


- e.** Slide in the media supply guide until it touches the edge of the media.

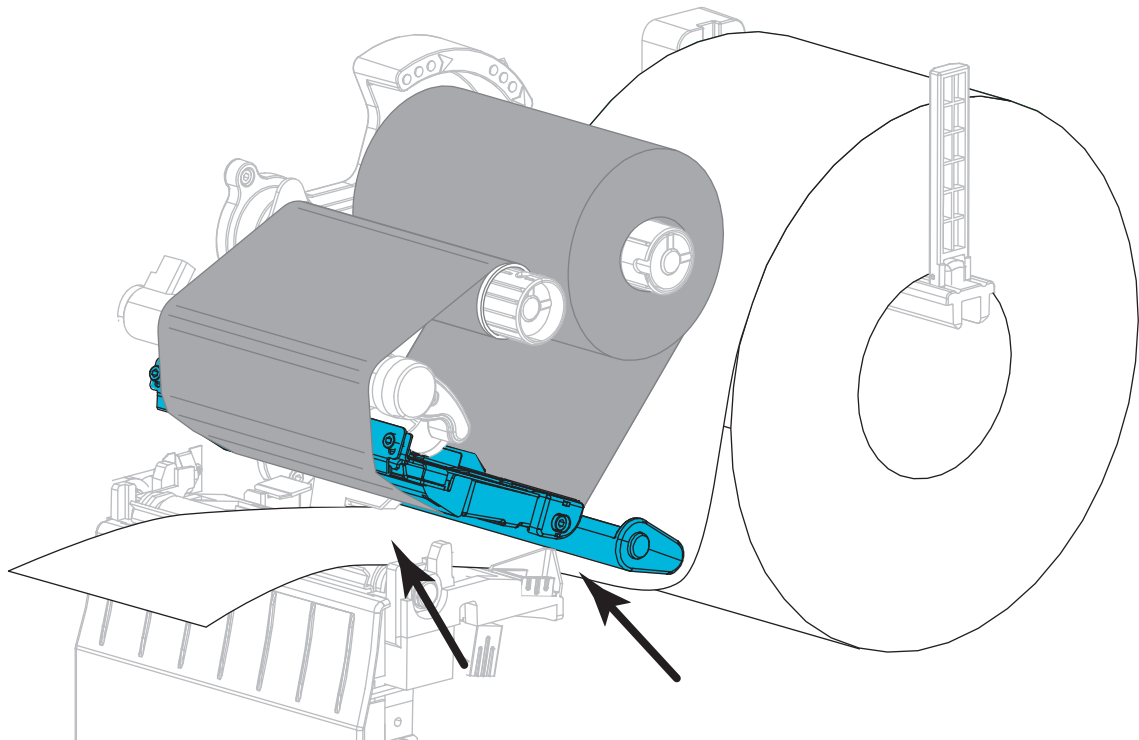


- f.** Continue with the remaining steps as shown for roll media.

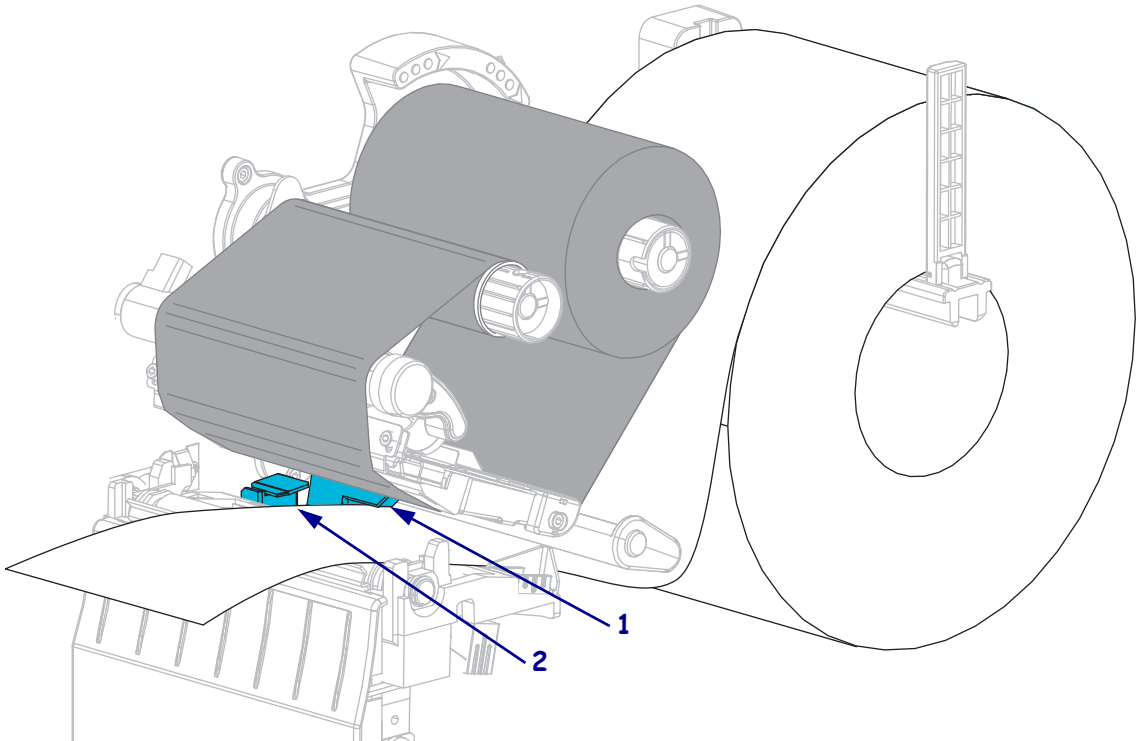
4. Slide the outer media guide all the way out.



5. Slide the media under the media dancer assembly and the print mechanism. Allow the end of the media to extend out of the front of the printer.

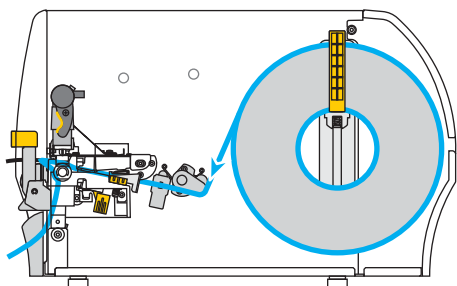
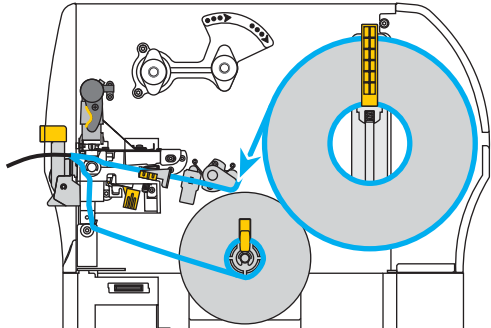
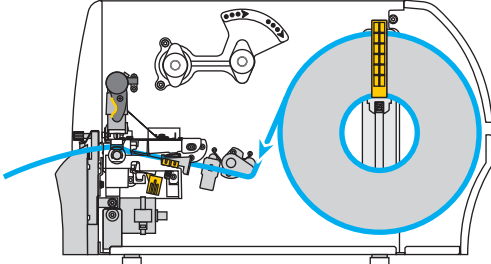


6. Make sure that the media passes through the slot in the transmissive media sensor (1) and under the inner media guide (2). The media should just touch the back of the transmissive media sensor slot.

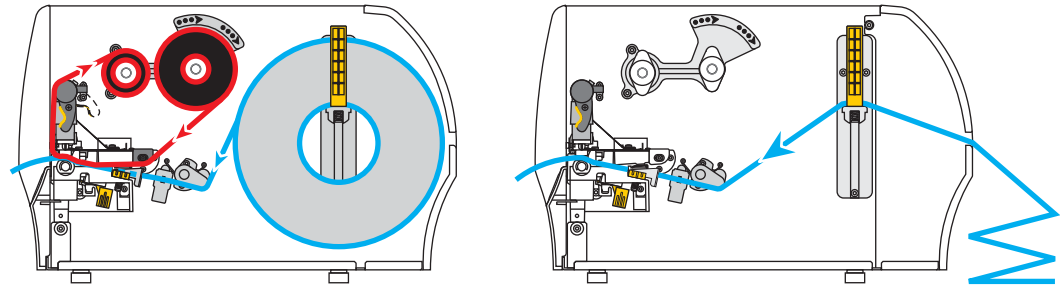


7. In which print mode will your printer be operating? (For more information on print modes, see [Select a Print Mode on page 52.](#))

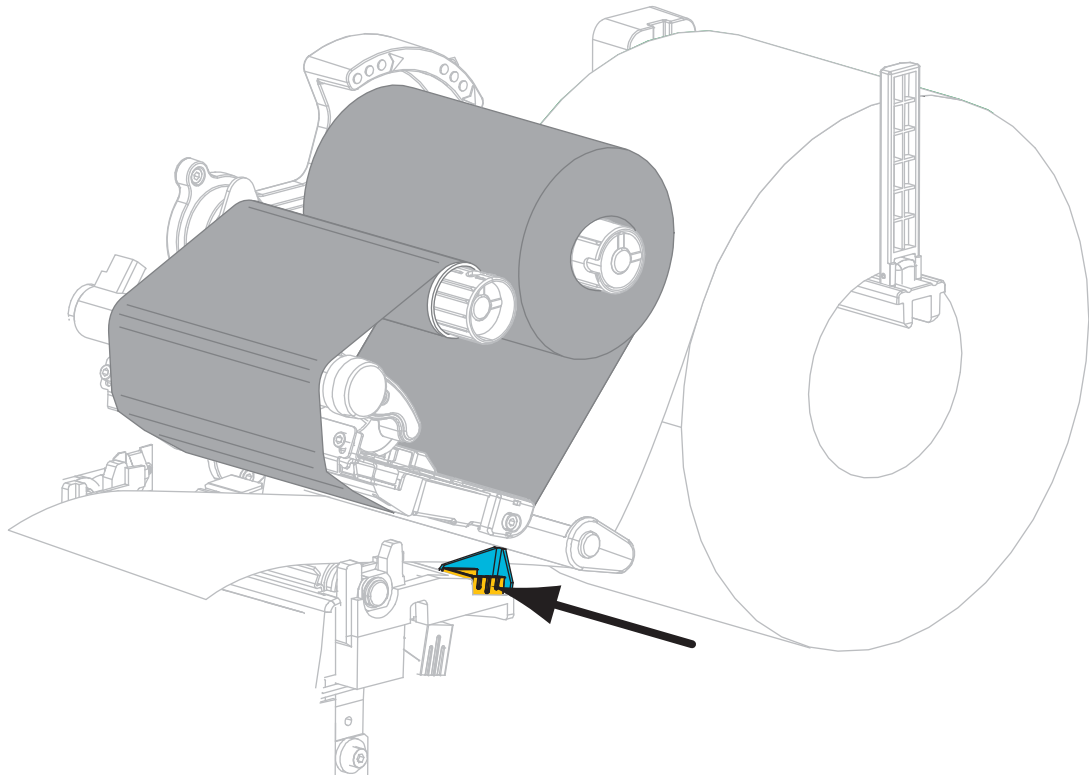
If using...	Then...
Tear-Off mode	Continue with Final Steps for Tear-Off Mode on page 66.

If using...	Then...
Peel-Off mode (with or without Liner Take-Up)  	Continue with <i>Final Steps for Peel-Off Mode (with or without Liner Take-Up)</i> on page 68.
Cutter mode 	Continue with <i>Final Steps for Cutter Mode</i> on page 74.

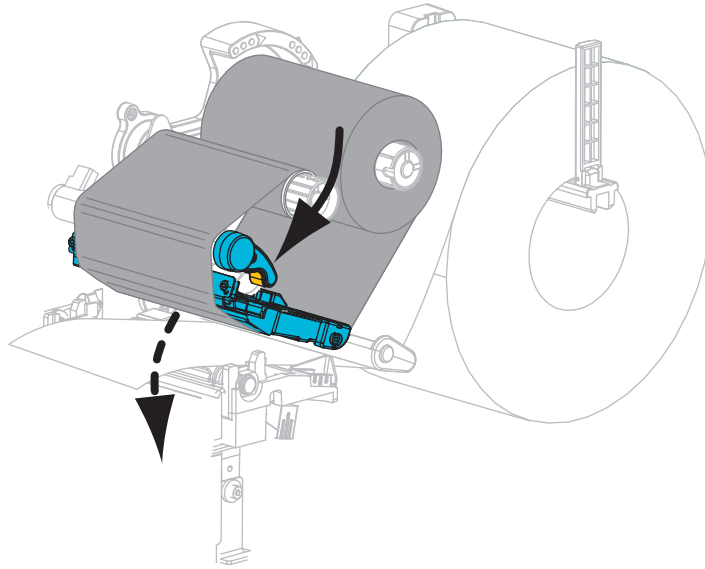
Final Steps for Tear-Off Mode



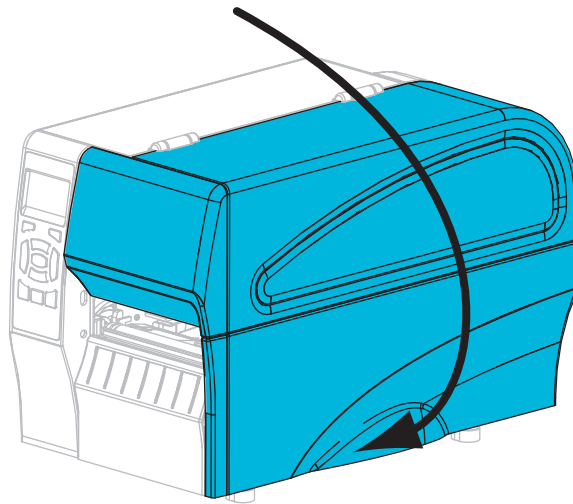
8. Slide in the outer media guide until it just touches the edge of the media.



9. Rotate the printhead-open lever clockwise until it locks the printhead in place.

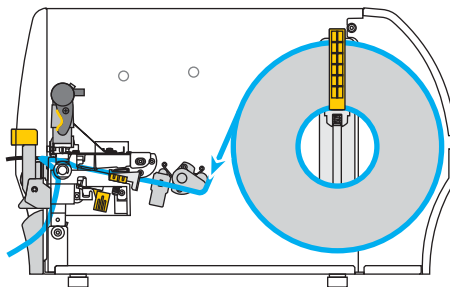


10. Set the printer to Tear-Off mode (for more information, see [Print Mode on page 81](#)).
11. Close the media door.

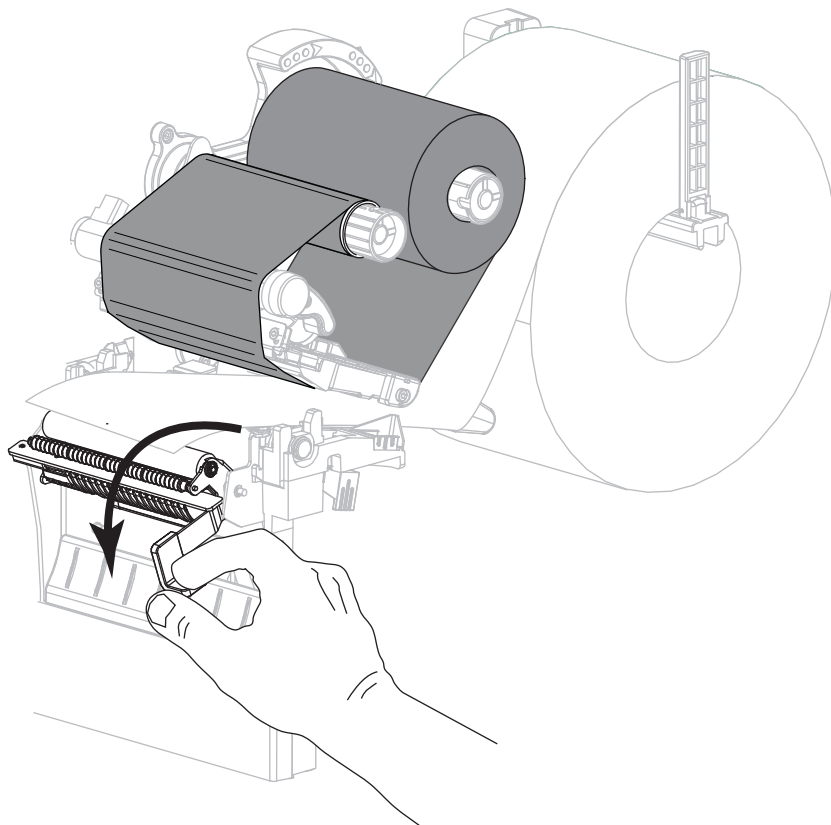


12. Press **PAUSE** to exit pause mode and enable printing.
The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
13. If desired, perform the [CANCEL Self Test on page 142](#) to verify that your printer is able to print.
Media loading in Tear-Off mode is complete.

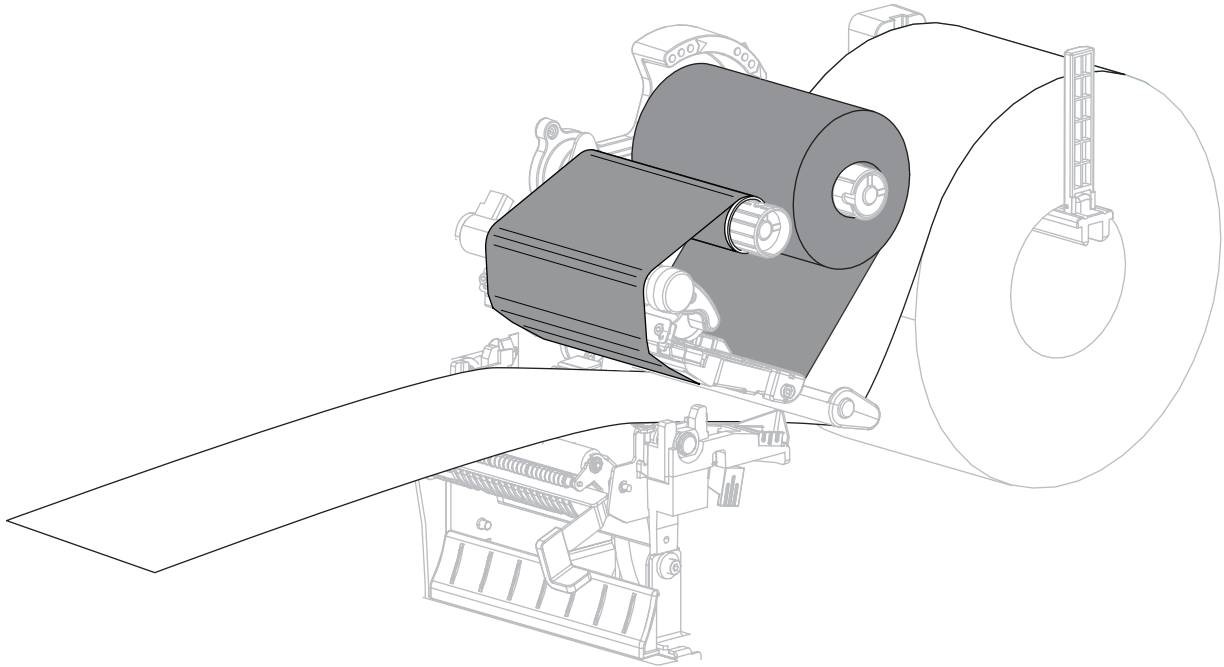
Final Steps for Peel-Off Mode (with or without Liner Take-Up)



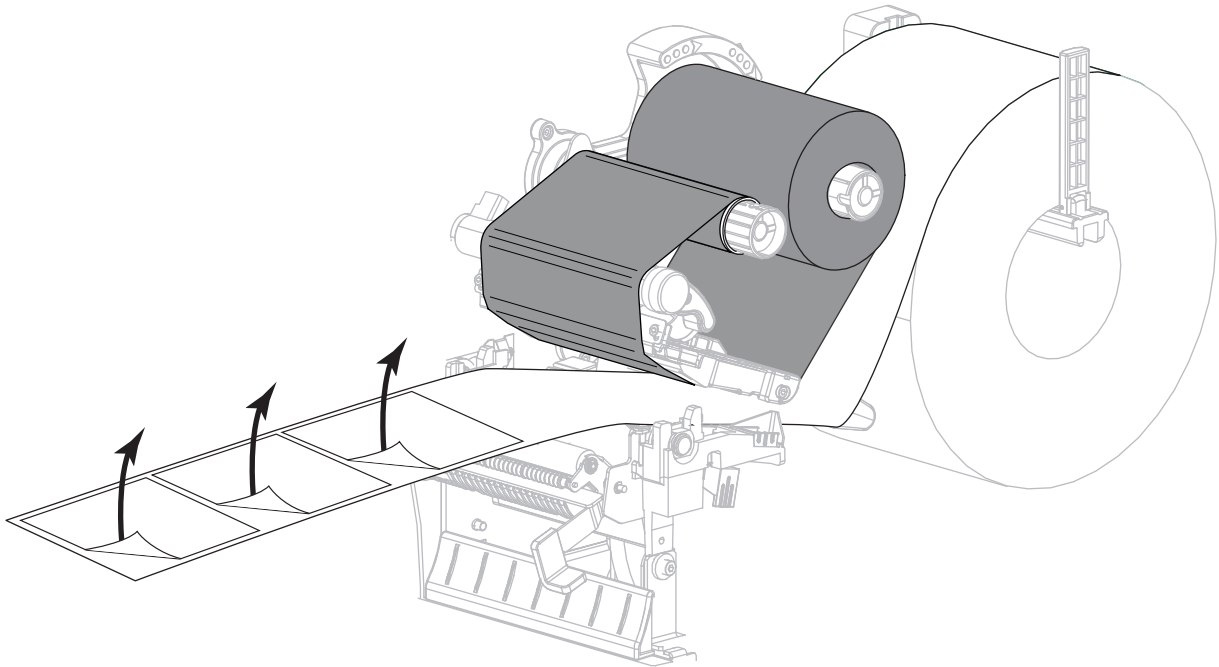
- 14.** Push down the peel-off mechanism release lever to open the peel assembly.



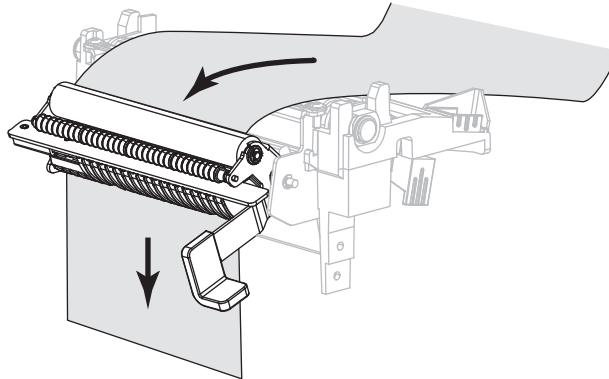
15. Extend the media approximately 18 in. (500 mm) out of the printer.



16. Remove the exposed labels so that only the liner remains.

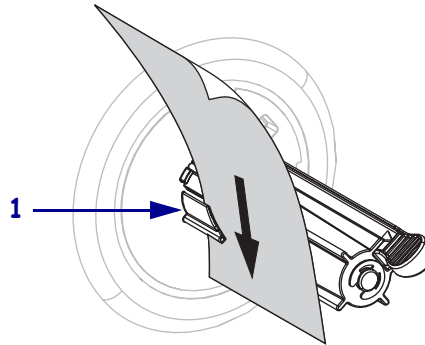


- 17.** Feed the liner behind the peel assembly. Make sure that the end of the liner falls outside of the printer.

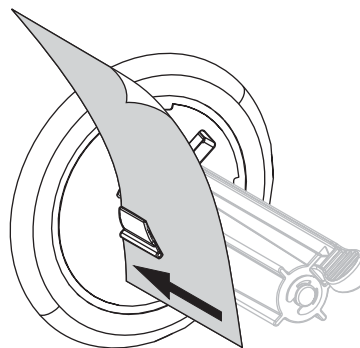


- 18.** Complete this step only if you want to use Peel-Off mode with Liner Take-Up. Your printer must have the Liner Take-Up option installed.

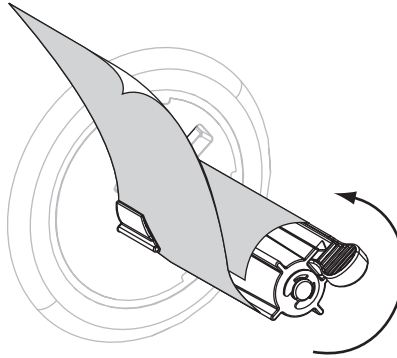
18-a. Slide the liner into the slot in the liner take-up spindle (1).



18-b. Push the liner back until it touches the back plate of the liner take-up spindle assembly.

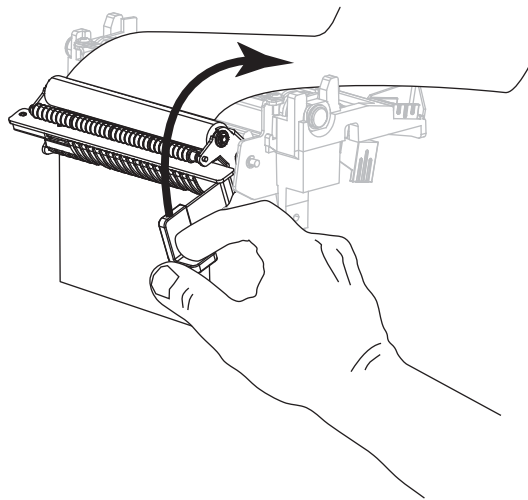


- 18-c.** Wrap the liner around the liner take-up spindle and turn the spindle counterclockwise to tighten the liner.

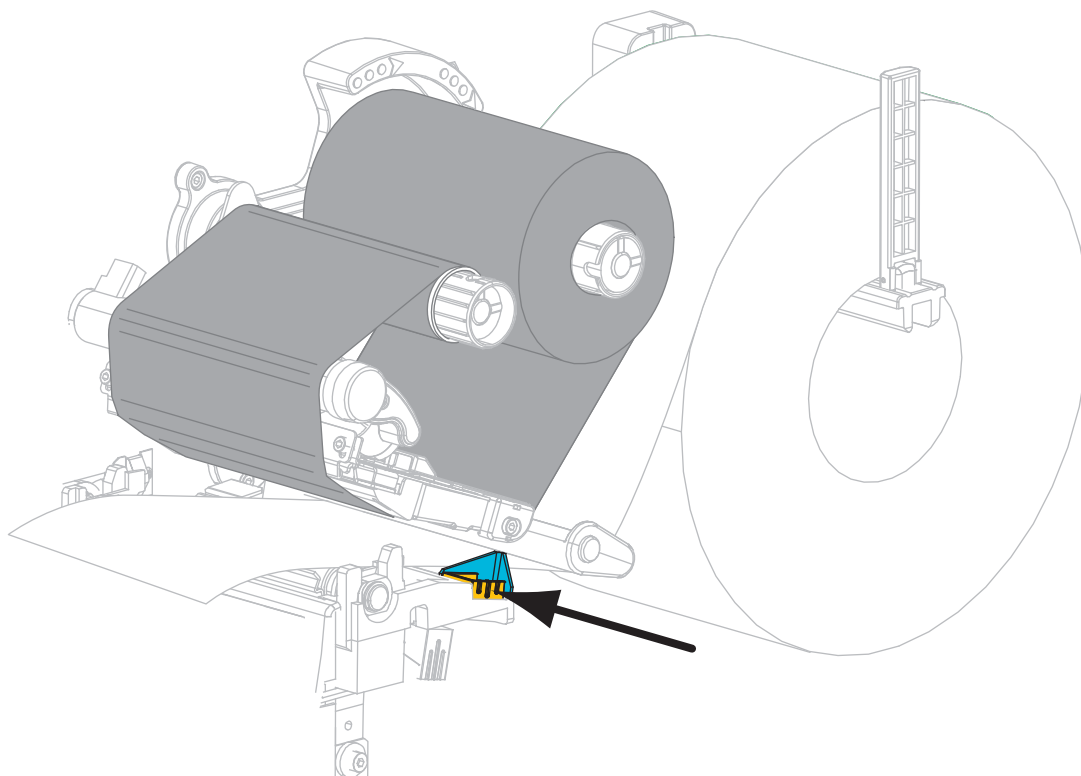


- 19. Caution •** Use the peel release lever and your right hand to close the peel assembly. Do not use your left hand to assist in closing. The top edge of the peel roller/assembly could pinch your fingers.

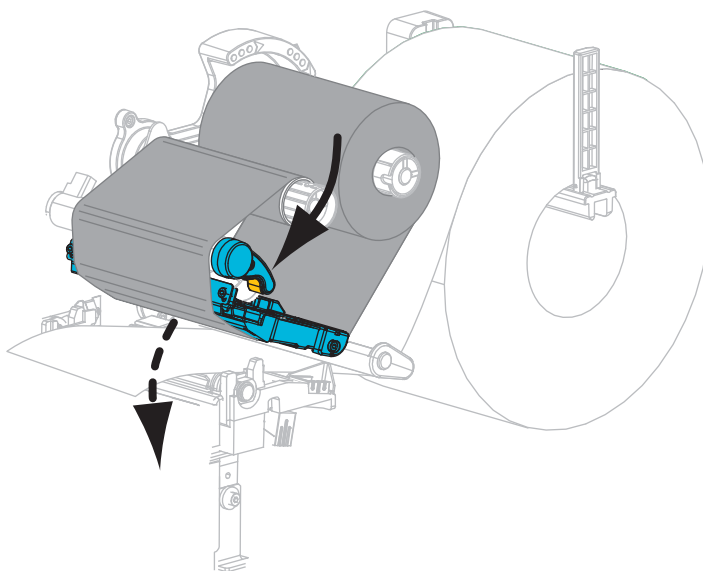
Close the peel assembly using the peel-off mechanism release lever.



20. Slide in the outer media guide until it just touches the edge of the media.

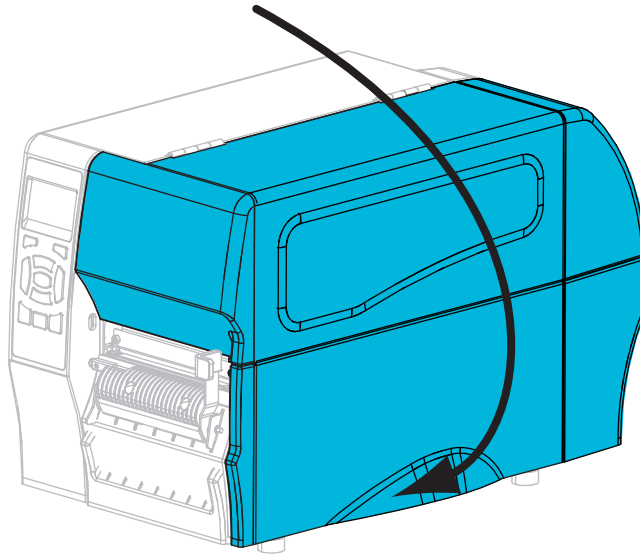


21. Rotate the printhead-open lever clockwise until it locks the printhead in place.



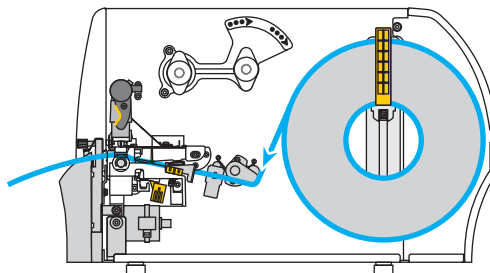
22. Set the printer to Peel-Off mode (for more information, see [Print Mode on page 81](#)).

23. Close the media door.



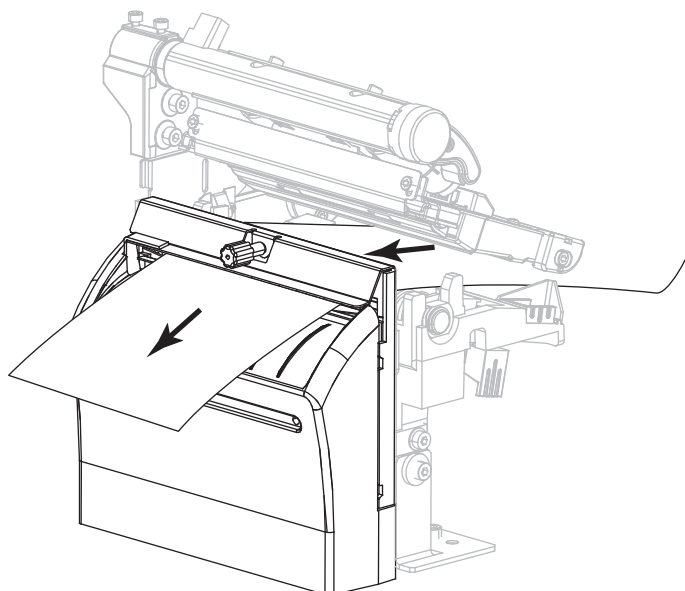
24. Press **PAUSE** to exit pause mode and enable printing.
The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
25. If desired, perform the [CANCEL Self Test on page 142](#) to verify that your printer is able to print.
Media loading in Peel-Off mode is complete.

Final Steps for Cutter Mode

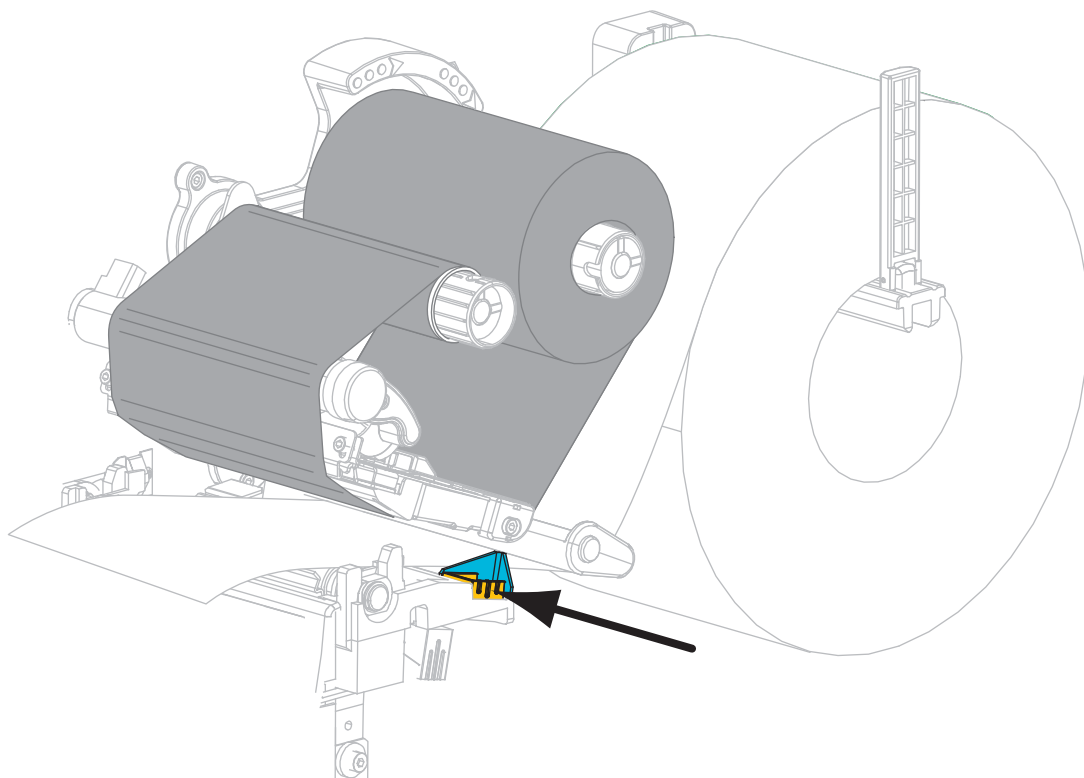


- 26. Caution •** The cutter blade is sharp. Do not touch or rub the blade with your fingers.

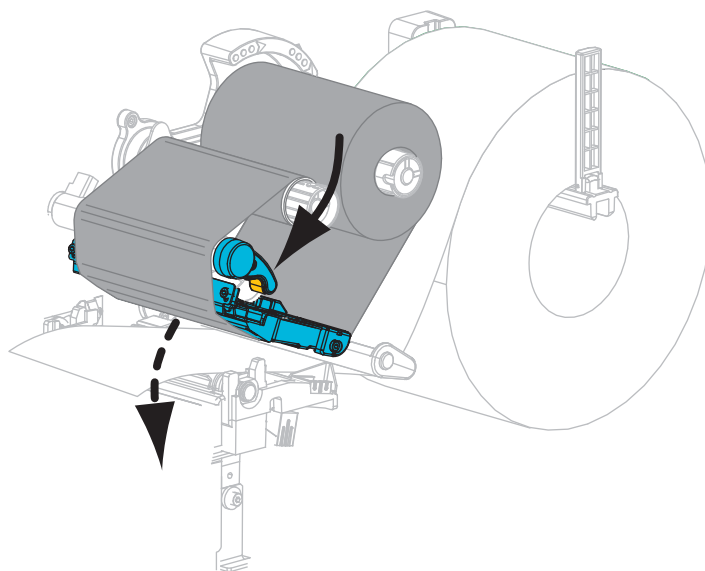
Feed the media through the cutter.



27. Slide in the outer media guide until it just touches the edge of the media.

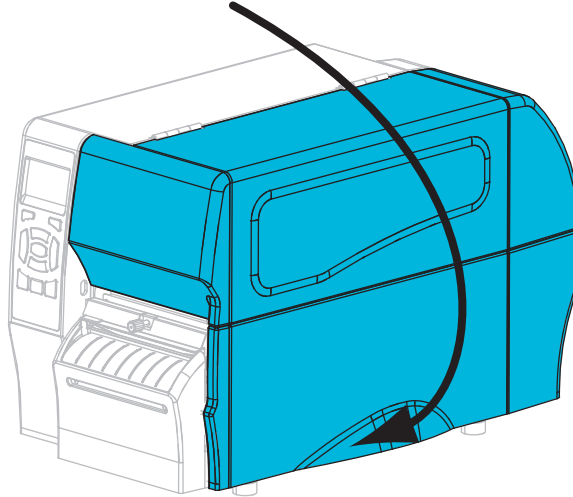


28. Rotate the printhead-open lever clockwise until it locks the printhead in place.



29. Set the printer to Cutter mode (for more information, see [Print Mode on page 81](#)).

- 30.** Close the media door.



- 31.** Press **PAUSE** to exit pause mode and enable printing.
The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.
- 32.** If desired, perform the [CANCEL Self Test on page 142](#) to verify that your printer is able to print.
Media loading in Cutter mode is complete.

Printer Configuration and Adjustment

This section assists you with configuration of and adjustments to the printer.

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Changing Printer Settings

This section presents the printer settings that you can change and identifies the tools for changing them. These tools include the following:

- ZPL and Set/Get/Do (SGD) commands (See the *Zebra® Programming Guide* for more information.)
- For ZT230 printers only, the printer's **control panel display** (See *ZT230 Printer Control Panel Display* on page 17 for more information.)
- The printer's **web pages** when the printer has an active wired or wireless print server connection (See the *ZebraNet Wired and Wireless Print Servers User Guide* for more information.)

Copies of the referenced manuals are available at <http://www.zebra.com/manuals> or on the user CD that came with your printer.

This section contains the following subsections:

- *Print Settings* on page 79
- *Calibration and Diagnostic Tools* on page 83
- *Network Settings* on page 89
- *Language Settings* on page 92
- *Sensor Settings* on page 95
- *Port Settings* on page 96

Print Settings

Table 7 • Print Settings

Print Darkness	Set the darkness to the lowest setting that provides good print quality. If you set the darkness too high, the label image may print unclearly, bar codes may not scan correctly, the ribbon may burn through, or the printhead may wear prematurely. If desired, use the FEED Self Test on page 144 to determine the best darkness setting.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	0.0 – 30.0
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^MD, ~SD
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	print.tone
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	DARKNESS on page 20
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Darkness
Print Speed	Select the speed for printing a label (given in inches per second). Slower print speeds typically yield better print quality.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	2, 3, 4, 5, 6
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^PR
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	media.speed
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	PRINT SPEED on page 20
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	N/A
Media Type	Select the type of media that you are using. - If you select CONTINUOUS, you must include a label length in your label format (^LL if you are using ZPL). - If you select GAP/NOTCH or MARK for various non-continuous media, the printer feeds media to calculate the label length. See Types of Media on page 38 for more information.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	- CONTINUOUS - GAP/NOTCH - MARK
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^MN
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.media_type
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	MEDIA TYPE on page 20
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Media Type

Table 7 • Print Settings (Continued)

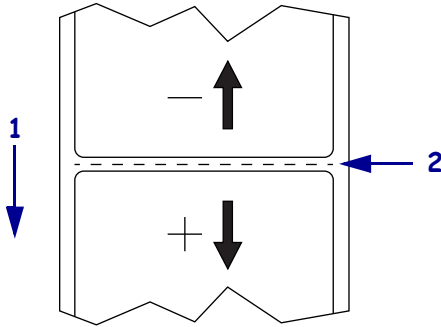
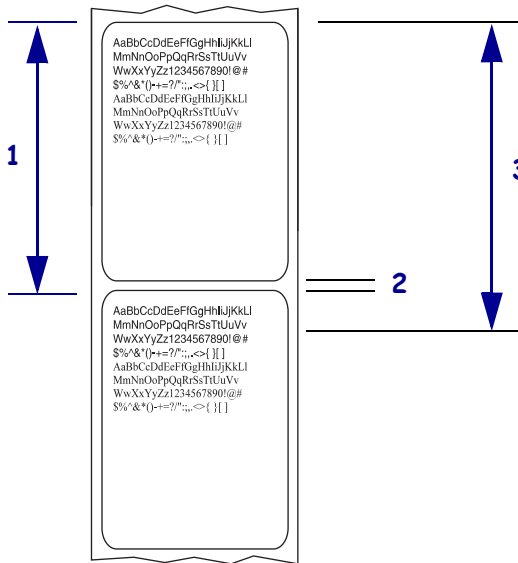
Print Method	Specify if the printer is to use Direct Thermal mode (no ribbon) or Thermal Transfer mode (using thermal transfer media and ribbon).	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• THERMAL TRANS • DIRECT THERMAL
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^MT
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.print_method
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	PRINT METHOD on page 20
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Print Method
Tear-Off Position	If necessary, adjust the position of the media over the tear-off bar after printing. • Higher numbers move the media out (the tear line moves closer to the leading edge of the next label). • Lower numbers move the media in (the tear line moves closer to the edge of the label just printed).	
		
	1	Media direction
	2	Factory-set tear line location at position 000
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	–120 to 120
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	~TA
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.tear_off
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	TEAR OFF on page 21
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Tear Off

Table 7 • Print Settings (Continued)

Print Width	Specify the width of the labels being used. The default value is the maximum width for the printer, based on the printhead's DPI value.	
	 Note • Setting the width too narrow can result in portions of a label format not being printed on the media. Setting the width too wide wastes formatting memory and can cause the printer to print off of the label and onto the platen roller. This setting can affect the horizontal position of the label format if the image was inverted using the ^POI ZPL II command.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	0000 to 1248 dots
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^PW
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.print_width
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	PRINT WIDTH on page 21
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Print Width
Print Mode	Select a print mode that is compatible with your printer options. For information about how the print mode selections work with different printer options, see Select a Print Mode on page 52 .	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• TEAR OFF • CUTTER • PEEL (use this value for peel-off or liner take-up printing)
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^MM
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	media.printmode
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	PRINT MODE on page 21
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Print Mode
Label Left Position	If necessary, shift the print position horizontally on the label. Positive numbers move the left edge of the image toward the center of the label by the number of dots selected, while negative numbers move the left edge of the image toward the left edge of the label.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	–9999 to 9999
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^LS
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	zpl.left_position
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	LEFT POSITION on page 21
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Advanced Setup > Left Position

Table 7 • Print Settings (Continued)

Reprint Mode	When reprint mode is enabled, you can reprint the last label printed by pressing and holding PAUSE + CANCEL on the printer's control panel.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• ON • OFF
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^JZ
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.reprint_mode
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	REPRINT MODE on page 22
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	N/A
Maximum Label Length	Set the maximum label length to a value that is at least 1.0 in. (25.4 mm) greater than the actual label length plus the interlabel gap. If you set the value to one that is smaller than the label length, the printer assumes that continuous media is loaded, and the printer cannot calibrate. For example, if the label length is 6.0 inches (152 mm) including the interlabel gap, set the parameter for at least 7.0 inches (178 mm).	
	 The diagram illustrates the relationship between label length, interlabel gap, and the total length used for setting the maximum label length. It shows two identical labels stacked vertically. Dimension 1 is a vertical double-headed arrow spanning the height of one label, including the gap between it and the label below. Dimension 2 is a horizontal double-headed arrow indicating the width of the gap between the two labels. Dimension 3 is a vertical double-headed arrow spanning the height of both labels, including the gap between them.	
	1	Label length (including interlabel gap)
	2	Interlabel gap
	3	Set the maximum label length to approximately this value
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	0 to the maximum label length supported by the printer
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^ML
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.label_length_max
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	LABEL LENGTH MAX on page 22
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup > Maximum Length

Calibration and Diagnostic Tools

Table 8 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools

Print Information	Print the specified information on one or more labels.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• SETTINGS—prints the printer configuration label. • NETWORK—prints the settings for any print server that is installed. • FORMATS—prints the available formats stored in the printer's RAM, Flash memory, or optional memory card. • IMAGES—prints the available images stored in the printer's RAM, Flash memory, or optional memory card. • FONTS—prints the available fonts in the printer, including standard printer fonts plus any optional fonts. Fonts may be stored in RAM or Flash memory. • BARCODES—prints the available bar codes in the printer. Bar codes may be stored in RAM or Flash memory. • ALL—prints the previous six labels. • SENSOR PROFILE—shows the sensor settings compared to actual sensor readings. To interpret the results of the sensor profile, see Sensor Profile on page 149.
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	Settings: ~WC Network: ~WL Sensor profile: ~JG Others: ^WD
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	none
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	Settings: PRINT INFORMATION on page 24 Network: PRINT INFORMATION on page 30 Sensor profile: PRINT INFORMATION on page 34
	<i>Control panel key(s):</i>	Settings and Network: Do one of the following: • Hold CANCEL during printer power-up. • Hold FEED + CANCEL for 2 seconds when the printer is in the Ready state. Sensor profile: Hold FEED + CANCEL during printer power-up.
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Print Listings on Label

Table 8 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)

LCD Contrast	Change the contrast on the printer's display. (ZT230 only)	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	3 to 15
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	none
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	display.contrast
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	LCD CONTRAST on page 24
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	N/A
Idle Display	Select the information shown on the printer's display when the printer is idle. (ZT230 only)	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• FW VERSION • IP ADDRESS • MM/DD/YY 24 HR • M/DD/YY 12 HR • DD/MM/YY 24 HR • DD/MM/YY 12 HR
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	none
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	device.idle_display_format
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	IDLE DISPLAY on page 24
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	N/A
Power-Up Action	Set the Power-Up Action	
	Set the action for the printer to take during the power-up sequence.	
	• CALIBRATE adjusts sensor levels and thresholds, determines the label length, and feeds the media to the next web. • FEED—feeds the labels to the first registration point. • LENGTH determines the label length using current sensor values, and feeds the media to the next web. • NO MOTION tells the printer not to move the media. You must manually ensure that the web is positioned correctly, or press feed to position the next web. • SHORT CAL sets the media and web thresholds without adjusting sensor gain, determines the label length, and feeds the media to the next web.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• CALIBRATE • FEED • LENGTH • NO MOTION • SHORT CAL
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^MF
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.power_up_action
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	POWER UP ACTION on page 24
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration

Table 8 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)

Head-Close Action	Set the Head-Close Action Set the action for the printer to take when you close the printhead. • CALIBRATE adjusts sensor levels and thresholds, determines the label length, and feeds the media to the next web. • FEED—feeds the labels to the first registration point. • LENGTH determines the label length using current sensor values, and feeds the media to the next web. • NO MOTION tells the printer not to move the media. You must manually ensure that the web is positioned correctly, or press feed to position the next web. • SHORT CAL sets the media and web thresholds without adjusting sensor gain, determines the label length, and feeds the media to the next web.	
	Accepted values:	• CALIBRATE • FEED • LENGTH • NO MOTION • SHORT CAL
	Related ZPL command(s):	^MF
	SGD command used:	ezpl.head_close_action
	Control panel menu item:	HEAD CLOSE ACTION on page 25
	Printer web page:	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration

Table 8 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)

Load Defaults	Load Printer or Print Server Defaults	
	• FACTORY—Restores all printer settings other than the network settings back to the factory defaults. Use care when loading defaults because you will need to reload all settings that you changed manually. • NETWORK—Reinitializes the printer's wired or wireless print server. With a wireless print server, the printer will also reassociate with your wireless network. • LAST SAVED—Loads settings from the last permanent save.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• FACTORY • NETWORK • LAST SAVED
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	Factory: ^JUF Network: ^JUN Last saved: ^JUR
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	none
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	LOAD DEFAULTS on page 30
	<i>Control panel key(s):</i>	Factory: Hold FEED + PAUSE during printer power-up to reset the printer parameters to factory values. Network: Hold CANCEL + PAUSE during printer power-up to reset the network parameters to factory values. Last saved: N/A
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	Factory: View and Modify Printer Settings > Restore Default Configuration Network: Print Server Settings > Reset Print Server Last saved: View and Modify Printer Settings > Restore Saved Configuration

Table 8 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)

Media and Ribbon Sensor Calibration	Calibrate the printer to adjust the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors. For complete instructions on how to perform a calibration procedure, see Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98 .	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	N/A
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	~JC
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.manual_calibration
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	MEDIA/RIBBON CAL on page 25
	<i>Control panel key(s):</i>	Hold PAUSE + FEED + CANCEL for 2 seconds to initiate calibration.
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	The calibration procedure cannot be initiated through the web pages. See the following web page for settings that are set during sensor calibration: View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration  Important • Do not change these settings unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.
Communication Diagnostics Mode	Use this diagnostics tool to cause the printer to output the hexadecimal values for all data received by the printer. For more information, see Communication Diagnostics Test on page 148 .	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• DISABLED • ENABLED
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	~JD to enable, ~JE to disable
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	device.diagnostic_print
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	DIAGNOSTIC MODE on page 25
	<i>Control panel key(s):</i>	Hold PAUSE + FEED for 2 seconds when the printer is in the Ready state.
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	N/A

Table 8 • Calibration and Diagnostic Tools (Continued)

Enable ZBI	Zebra Basic Interpreter (ZBI 2.0™) is a programming option that may be purchased for your printer. If you would like to purchase this option, contact your Zebra reseller for more information.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	N/A
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	none
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	zbi . key (identifies if the ZBI 2.0 option is enabled or disabled on the printer)
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	ZBI ENABLED? on page 26
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	N/A
Run a ZBI Program	If you have ZBI installed, you may choose to run a ZBI program that you have downloaded to your printer.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	N/A
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^JI, ~JI
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	zbi . control . run
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	RUN ZBI PROGRAM on page 26
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	Directory Listing
Stop a ZBI Program	If your printer is running a ZBI program, you may stop that program.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	N/A
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	~JQ
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	zbi . control . terminate
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	STOP ZBI PROGRAM on page 26
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	Directory Listing

Network Settings

Table 9 • Network Settings

IP Address	View or Set the Printer's IP Address View and, if necessary, change the printer's IP address. Changes to this setting are saved only if IP PROTOCOL is set to PERMANENT. To allow any saved changes to take effect, reset the print server (see Reset Network on page 91).	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	000 to 255 for each field
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^ND
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	Wired: internal_wired.ip.addr Wireless: ip.addr, wlan.ip.addr
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	IP ADDRESS on page 28
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings
Subnet Mask	View or Set the Subnet Mask View and, if necessary, change the subnet mask. This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed on your printer. To save changes to this setting, set IP PROTOCOL to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see Reset Network on page 91).	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	000 to 255 for each field
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^ND
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	Wired: internal_wired.ip.netmask Wireless: wlan.ip.netmask
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	SUBNET MASK on page 28
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings
Gateway	View or Set the Default Gateway View and, if necessary, change the default gateway. This menu item appears only if a wired or wireless print server is installed on your printer. To save changes to this setting, set IP PROTOCOL to PERMANENT, and then reset the print server (see Reset Network on page 91).	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	000 to 255 for each field
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^ND
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	Wired: internal_wired.ip.gateway Wireless: wlan.ip.gateway
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	GATEWAY on page 28
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > TCP/IP Settings

Table 9 • Network Settings (Continued)

IP Protocol	Set the IP Resolution Method	
	This parameter tells if the user (permanent) or the server (dynamic) selects the IP address. If a dynamic option is chosen, this parameter tells the method(s) by which the wired or wireless print server receives the IP address from the server.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• ALL • GLEANING ONLY • RARP • BOOTP • DHCP • DHCP & BOOTP • PERMANENT
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^ND
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	Wired: internal_wired.ip.protocol Wireless: wlan.ip.protocol
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	IP PROTOCOL on page 29
MAC Address	View the MAC Address	
	View the Media Access Control (MAC) address of the print server that is installed in the printer (wired or wireless).	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	N/A
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	none
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	Wired: internal_wired.mac_addr Wireless: wlan.mac_addr
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	MAC ADDRESS on page 29
ESSID	View the ESSID Value	
	The Extended Service Set Identification (ESSID) is an identifier for your wireless network. This setting, which cannot be modified from the control panel, gives the ESSID for the current wireless configuration.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	32-character alphanumeric string (default 125)
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	none
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	wlan.essid
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	MAC ADDRESS on page 29
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Network Communications Setup > Wireless Setup

Table 9 • Network Settings (Continued)

Reset Network	This option resets the wired or wireless print server. You must reset the print server to allow any changes to the network settings to take effect.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	N/A
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	~WR
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	device.reset
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	RESET NETWORK on page 30
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	Print Server Settings > Factory Print Server Settings

Language Settings

Table 10 • Language Settings

Language	If necessary, change the language that the printer displays. This change affects the words shown on the following: • the Home menu • the user menus • error messages • the printer configuration label, the network configuration label, and other labels that you can select to print through the user menus  Note • The selections for this parameter are displayed in the actual languages to make it easier for you to find one that you are able to read. <table border="1"> <tr> <td><i>Accepted values:</i></td><td>ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, ITALIAN, NORWEGIAN, PORTUGUESE, SWEDISH, DANISH, SPANISH 2, DUTCH, FINNISH</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Related ZPL command(s):</i></td><td>^KL</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>SGD command used:</i></td><td>display.language</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Control panel menu item:</i></td><td>(SETTINGS menu) LANGUAGE on page 22 (LANGUAGE menu) LANGUAGE on page 32</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Printer web page:</i></td><td>View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Language</td></tr> </table>	<i>Accepted values:</i>	ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, ITALIAN, NORWEGIAN, PORTUGUESE, SWEDISH, DANISH, SPANISH 2, DUTCH, FINNISH	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^KL	<i>SGD command used:</i>	display.language	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	(SETTINGS menu) LANGUAGE on page 22 (LANGUAGE menu) LANGUAGE on page 32	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Language
<i>Accepted values:</i>	ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, ITALIAN, NORWEGIAN, PORTUGUESE, SWEDISH, DANISH, SPANISH 2, DUTCH, FINNISH										
<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^KL										
<i>SGD command used:</i>	display.language										
<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	(SETTINGS menu) LANGUAGE on page 22 (LANGUAGE menu) LANGUAGE on page 32										
<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > General Setup > Language										
ZPL Override	Enable ZPL Override Enable this menu item to prevent the following ZPL commands from changing the printer's current settings: • ^MM (print mode) • ^MT (Direct Thermal or Thermal Transfer print method) • ^MN (media type non-continuous or continuous) When this menu item is disabled, these commands override the printer's settings. <table border="1"> <tr> <td><i>Accepted values:</i></td><td> • DISABLED • ENABLED </td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Related ZPL command(s):</i></td><td>none</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>SGD command used:</i></td><td>zpl.zpl_override</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Control panel menu item:</i></td><td>ZPL OVERRIDE on page 32</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Printer web page:</i></td><td>none</td></tr> </table>	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• DISABLED • ENABLED	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	none	<i>SGD command used:</i>	zpl.zpl_override	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	ZPL OVERRIDE on page 32	<i>Printer web page:</i>	none
<i>Accepted values:</i>	• DISABLED • ENABLED										
<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	none										
<i>SGD command used:</i>	zpl.zpl_override										
<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	ZPL OVERRIDE on page 32										
<i>Printer web page:</i>	none										

Table 10 • Language Settings (Continued)

Command Character	Set the Format Command Prefix Value	
	The format command prefix is a two-digit hex value used as a parameter place marker in ZPL/ZPL II format instructions. The printer looks for this hex character to indicate the start of a ZPL/ZPL II format instruction.	
	Set the format command character to match what is used in your label formats.	
	 Important • You cannot use the same hex value for the format command prefix, control character, and delimiter characters. The printer must see different characters to work properly. If you are setting the value through the control panel, the printer will skip any value that is already in use.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	00 to FF
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^CC or ~CC
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	zpl.caret
Control Character	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	COMMAND CHAR on page 32
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control
	Set the Control Prefix Character Value	
	The printer looks for this two-digit hex character to indicate the start of a ZPL/ZPL II control instruction.	
	Set the control prefix character to match what is used in your label formats.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	00 to FF
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^CT or ~CT
Delimiter Character	<i>SGD command used:</i>	zpl.control_character
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	CONTROL CHAR on page 32
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control
	Set the Delimiter Character Value	
	The delimiter character is a two-digit hex value used as a parameter place marker in ZPL/ZPL II format instructions.	
	Set the delimiter character to match what is used in your label formats.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	00 to FF
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^CD or ~CD
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	zpl.delimiter
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	DELIMITER CHAR on page 33
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control

Table 10 • Language Settings (Continued)

ZPL Mode	Set the ZPL Mode	
	Select the mode that matches what is used in your label formats. This printer accepts label formats written in either ZPL or ZPL II, eliminating the need to rewrite any ZPL formats that already exist. The printer remains in the selected mode until it is changed in one of the ways listed here.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• ZPL II • ZPL
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^SZ
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	zpl . zpl_mode
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	ZPL MODE on page 33
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > ZPL Control

Sensor Settings

Table 11 • Sensor Settings

Sensor Type	Select the Media Sensor	
	Select the media sensor that is appropriate for the media that you are using. The reflective sensor can be used with all media types. The transmissive sensor should be used only for simple gap media.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	- TRANSMISSIVE - REFLECTIVE
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^JS
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	device.sensor_select
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	SENSOR TYPE on page 34
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Media Setup
Label Sensor	Set the Sensitivity of the Label Sensor	
	 Important • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	0 – 255
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	none
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.label_sensor
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	LABEL SENSOR on page 34
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration
Take Label	Set the Intensity of the Take Label LED	
	 Important • This value is set during sensor calibration. Do not change this setting unless you are told to do so by Zebra Technical Support or by an authorized service technician.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	0 – 255
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	none
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	ezpl.take_label
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	TAKE LABEL on page 35
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Calibration

Port Settings

Table 12 • Port Settings

Baud Rate	Set the Baud Rate Select the baud value that matches the one being used by the host computer.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• 115200 • 57600 • 38400 • 28800 • 19200 • 14400 • 9600 • 4800
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^SC
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	comm.baud
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	BAUD RATE on page 36
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup
Data Bits	Set the Data Bits Value Select the data bits value that matches the one being used by the host computer.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• 7 • 8
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^SC
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	comm.data_bits
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	DATA BITS on page 36
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup
Parity	Set the Parity Value Select the parity value that matches the one being used by the host computer.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• NONE • EVEN • ODD
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^SC
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	comm.parity
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	PARITY on page 36
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup

Table 12 • Port Settings (Continued)

Host Handshake	Set the Host Handshake Protocol Value	
	Select the handshake protocol that matches the one being used by the host computer.	
	<i>Accepted values:</i>	• XON/XOFF • RTS/CTS • DSR/DTR
	<i>Related ZPL command(s):</i>	^SC
	<i>SGD command used:</i>	comm.handshake
	<i>Control panel menu item:</i>	HOST HANDSHAKE on page 36
	<i>Printer web page:</i>	View and Modify Printer Settings > Serial Communications Setup

Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors

Use the procedure in this section to calibrate the printer, which adjusts the sensitivity of the media and ribbon sensors.

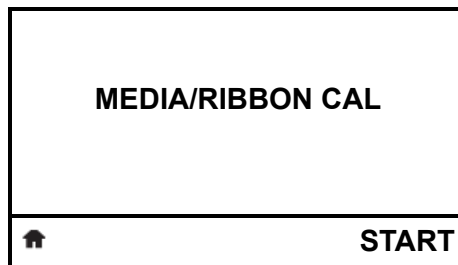
- For issues that may be resolved by sensor calibration, see [Printing Issues on page 129](#).
- For a summary of the options for initiating calibration, see [Media and Ribbon Sensor Calibration on page 87](#).



Important • Follow the calibration procedure exactly as presented. All of the steps must be performed even if only one of the sensors requires adjustment. You may press and hold CANCEL at any step in this procedure to cancel the process.

To perform sensor calibration, complete these steps:

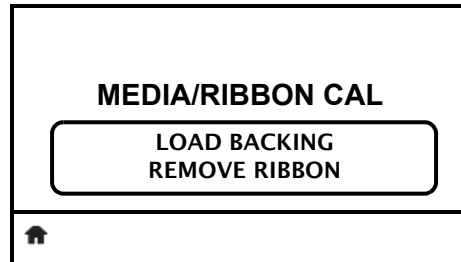
1. With the printer in the Ready state, initiate media and ribbon calibration in one of these ways:
 - Press and hold **PAUSE + FEED + CANCEL** for 2 seconds.
 - Send the `ezpl.manual_calibration` SGD command to the printer. See the *Zebra Programming Guide* for more information about this command.
 - ZT230 printer only:
 - a. Navigate to the following menu item on the control panel display. This item is located under the TOOLS menu and the SENSORS menu. See [ZT230 Printer Control Panel Display on page 17](#) for information about using the control panel and accessing the menus.



- b. Press **RIGHT SELECT** to select START.

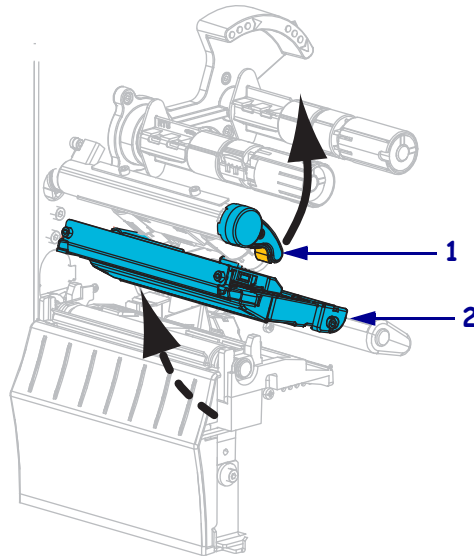
The printer does the following:

- The **STATUS light** and **SUPPLIES light** flash yellow once.
- The **PAUSE light** blinks yellow.
- The control panel (ZT230 printer only) displays:

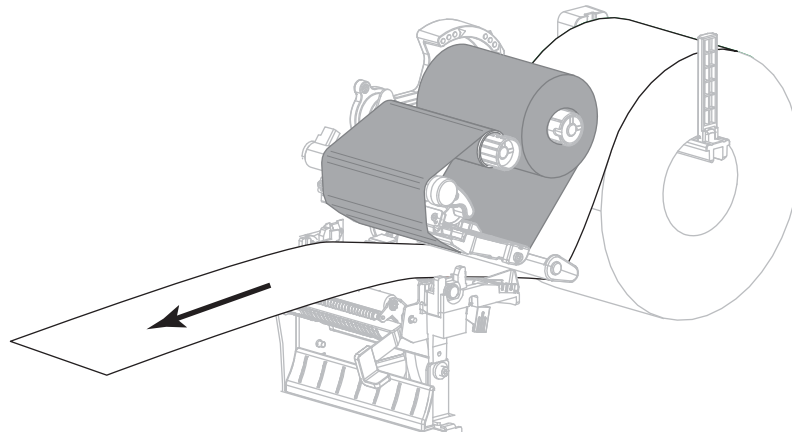


2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

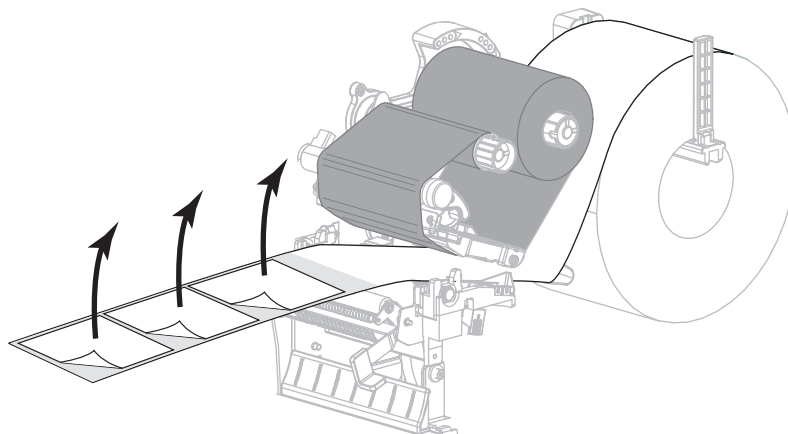
Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) counterclockwise to release the print mechanism (2).



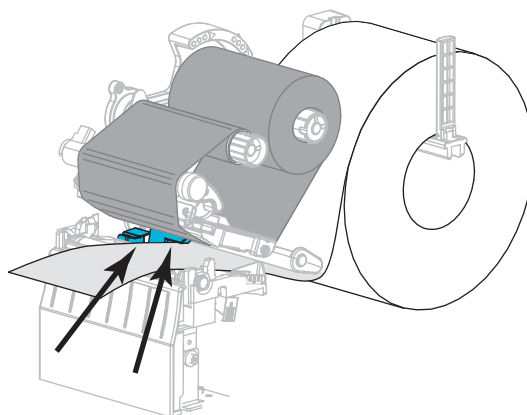
3. Extend the media approximately 8 in. (203 mm) out of the printer.



4. Remove the exposed labels so that only the liner remains.

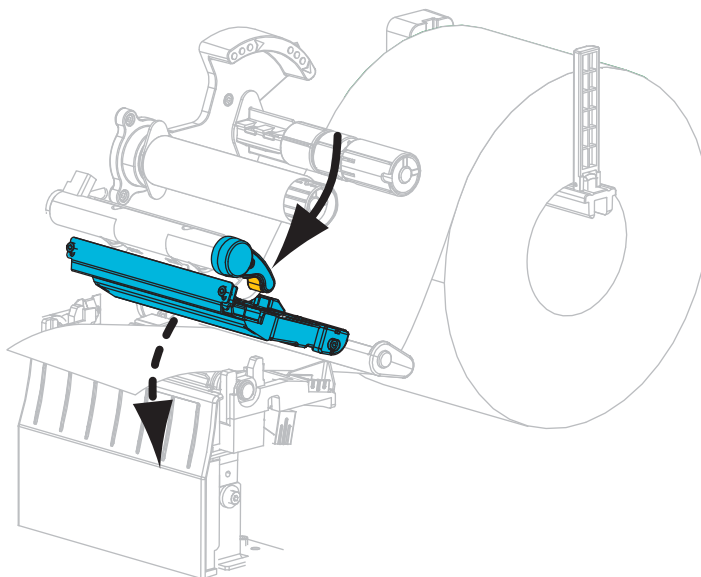


5. Pull the media into the printer so that only the backing is between the media sensors.

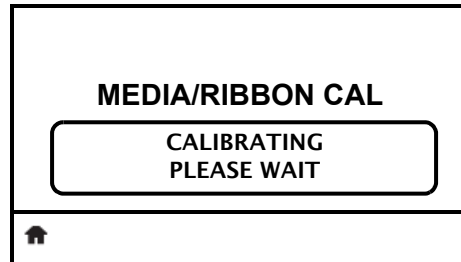


6. Remove the ribbon (if used).

7. Rotate the printhead-open lever clockwise until it locks the printhead in place.

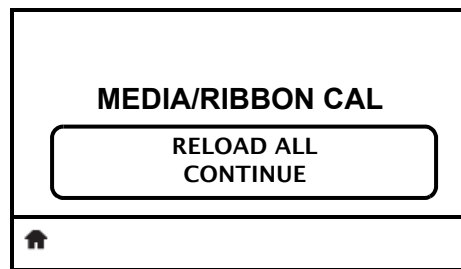


8. Press **PAUSE** to begin the media calibration process.
 - The PAUSE light turns off.
 - The SUPPLIES light flashes.
 - The control panel (ZT230 printer only) displays:

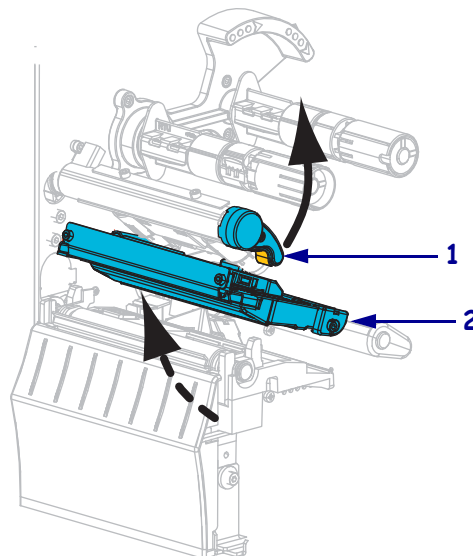


When the process is complete:

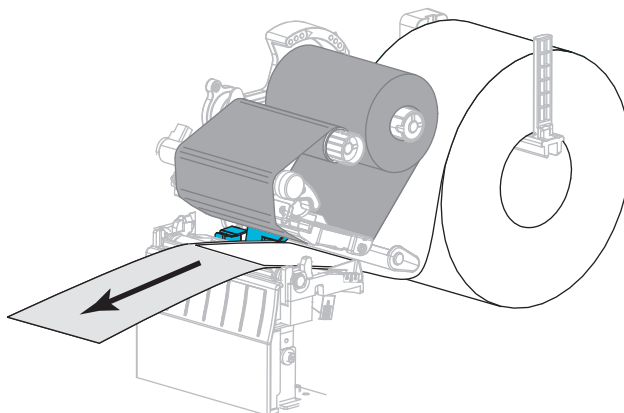
- The SUPPLIES light stops flashing.
- The PAUSE light flashes yellow.
- The control panel (ZT230 printer only) displays:



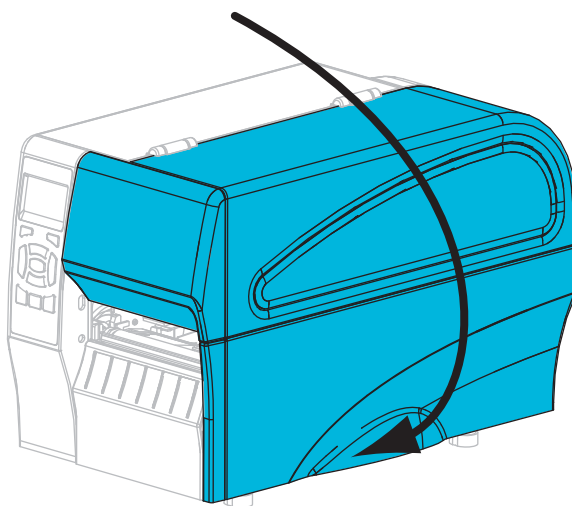
9. Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) counterclockwise to release the print mechanism (2).



- 10.** Pull the media forward until a label is positioned under the media sensors.



- 11.** Reload the ribbon (if used).
- 12.** Close the printhead.
- 13.** Close the media door.



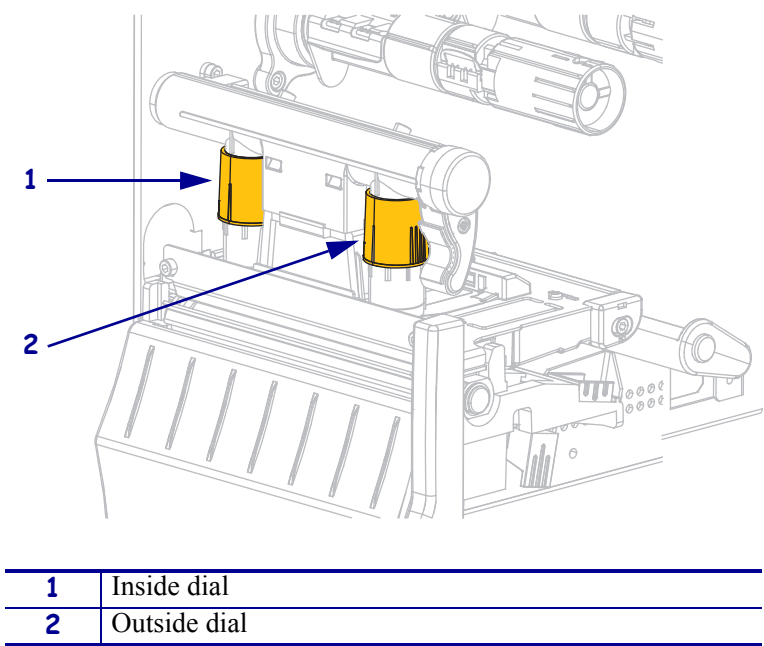
- 14.** Press **PAUSE** to enable printing.

Adjust the Printhead Pressure

You may need to adjust printhead pressure if printing is too light on one side, if you use thick media, or if the media drifts from side to side during printing. Use the lowest printhead pressure necessary to produce good print quality.

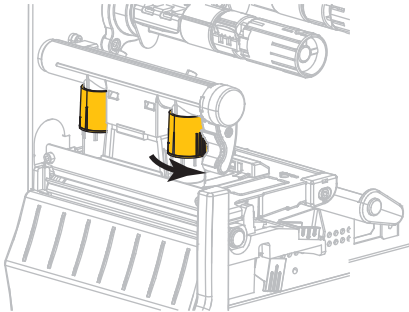
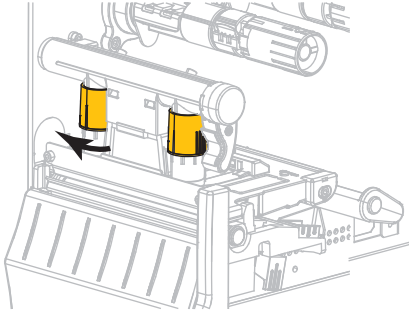
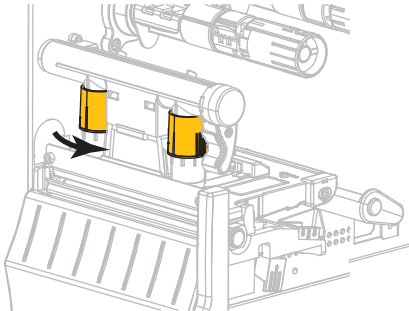
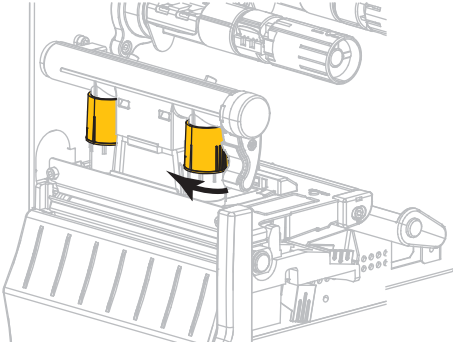
See [Figure 11](#). The printhead pressure adjustment dials have setting marks from 1 to 4 in half-mark increments.

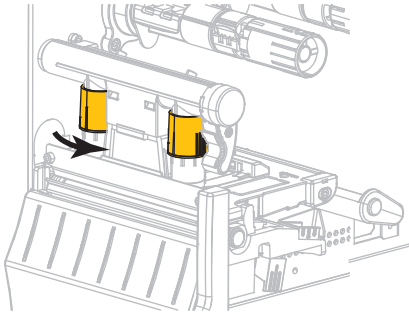
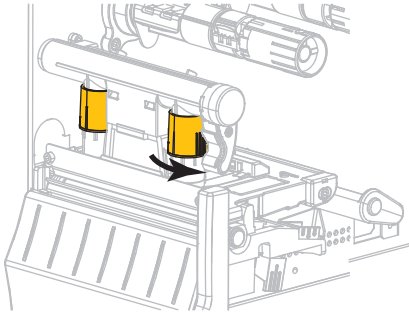
Figure 11 • Printhead Pressure Adjustment Dials



If necessary, adjust the printhead pressure adjustment dials as follows:

If the media...	Then...
Requires higher pressure to print well	Increase both dials one position.

If the media...	Then...
Shifts left while printing	Increase the outside dial setting one position.  OR Decrease the inside dial setting one position. 
Shifts right while printing	Increase the inside dial setting one position.  OR Decrease the outside dial setting one position. 

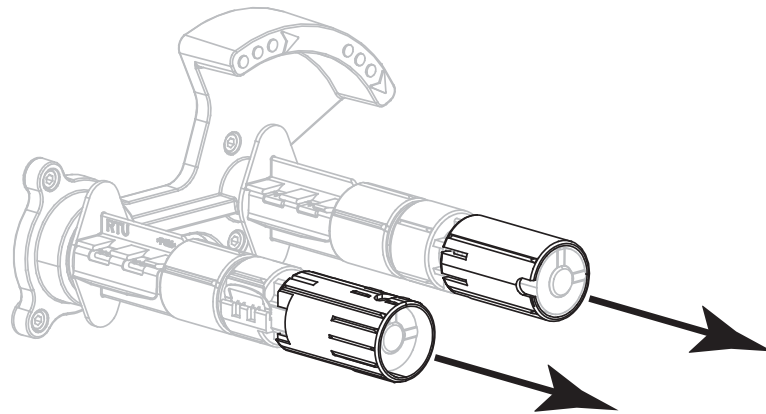
If the media...	Then...
Prints too lightly on the left side of the label.	Increase the inside dial setting one position. 
Prints too lightly on the right side of the label.	Increase the outside dial setting one position. 

Adjust Ribbon Tension

For the printer to operate correctly, the ribbon supply spindle and ribbon take-up spindle must use the same tension setting (normal or low tension). Use the normal tension setting (Figure 12) for most applications. If you are using narrow ribbon or experience certain ribbon issues, you may need to lower the ribbon tension (Figure 13).

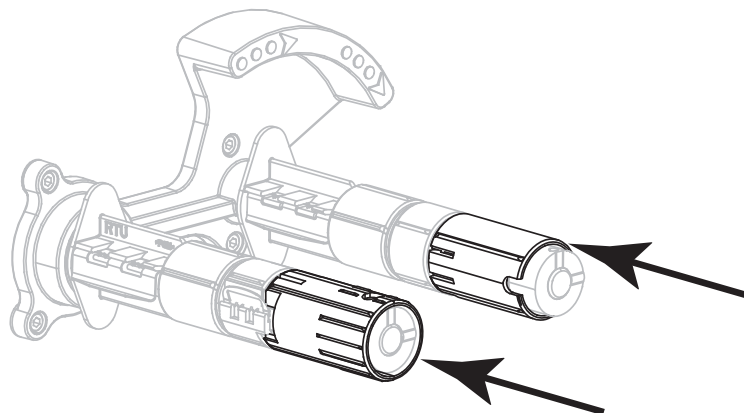
Normal Tension Setting To place the ribbon spindles in the **normal position**, firmly pull out each spindle end cap until it extends and clicks in place, as shown in Figure 12. Use this setting for most applications.

Figure 12 • Normal Tension Setting (Spindle End Caps Pulled Out)



Low Tension Setting To place a spindle in the **low-tension position**, firmly push in the end cap until it retracts and clicks in place, as shown in Figure 13. Use this setting only when necessary, such as if the ribbon causes scuff marks at the beginning of a roll or if normal tension causes the ribbon to stall at the end of the roll.

Figure 13 • Ribbon Spindles— Low Tension Setting
(Spindle End Caps Pushed In)

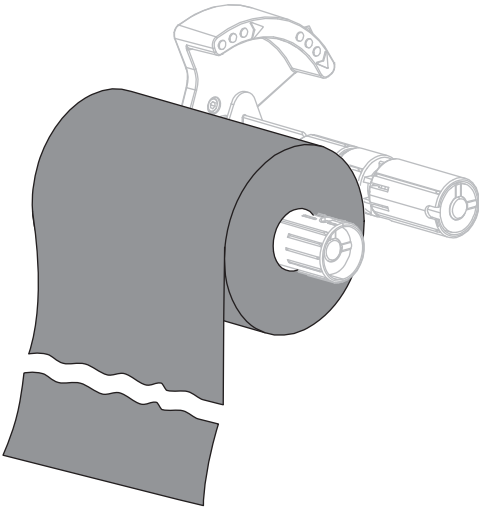


Remove Used Ribbon

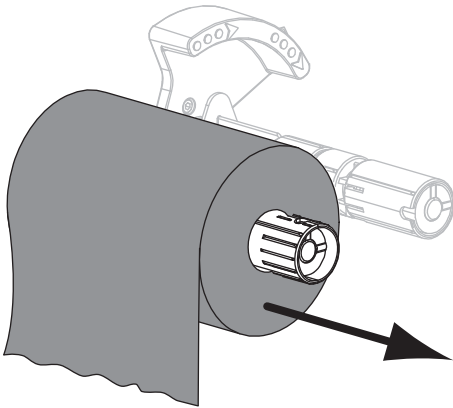
Remove used ribbon from the ribbon take-up spindle each time you change the roll of ribbon.

To remove used ribbon, complete these steps:

1. Has the ribbon run out?

If the ribbon...	Then
Ran out	Continue with the next step.
Did not run out	a. Cut or break the ribbon before the ribbon take-up spindle.  b. Continue with the next step.

2. Slide the core with the used ribbon off of the ribbon take-up spindle.



3. Discard the used ribbon. You may reuse the empty core from the ribbon supply spindle by moving it to the ribbon take-up spindle.
4. Reload the ribbon following the instructions in [Load the Ribbon on page 55](#).



Notes •

Routine Maintenance

This section provides routine cleaning and maintenance procedures.

Contents

Cleaning Schedule and Procedures	110
Clean the Exterior, the Media Compartment, and the Sensors	111
Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller	112
Clean the Peel Assembly	116
Clean the Cutter Module	120
Replacing Printer Components	124
Ordering Replacement Parts	124
Recycling Printer Components	124
Lubrication	124

Cleaning Schedule and Procedures

Routine preventive maintenance is a crucial part of normal printer operation. By taking good care of your printer, you can minimize the potential problems that you might have with it and help to achieve and to maintain your standards for print quality.

Over time, the movement of media or ribbon across the printhead wears through the protective ceramic coating, exposing and eventually damaging the print elements (dots). To avoid abrasion:

- Clean the printhead frequently.
- Minimize printhead pressure and burn temperature (darkness) settings by optimizing the balance between the two.
- When using Thermal Transfer mode, ensure that the ribbon is as wide or wider than the media to prevent exposing the printhead elements to the more abrasive label material.



Important • Zebra is not responsible for damage caused by the use of cleaning fluids on this printer.

Specific cleaning procedures are provided on the following pages. [Table 13](#) shows the recommended cleaning schedule. These intervals are intended as guidelines only. You may have to clean more often, depending upon your application and media.

Table 13 • Recommended Cleaning Schedule

Area		Method	Interval
Printhead		Solvent*	Direct Thermal Mode: After every roll of media (or 500 feet of fanfold media). Thermal Transfer Mode: After every roll of ribbon.
Platen roller		Solvent*	
Media sensors		Air blow	
Ribbon sensor		Air blow	
Media path		Solvent*	
Ribbon path		Solvent*	
Pinch roller (part of Peel-Off option)		Solvent*	After every roll of media (or more often, depending upon your application and media).
Cutter module	If cutting continuous, pressure-sensitive media	Solvent*	
	If cutting tag stock or label liner material	Solvent* and air blow	After every two or three rolls of media.
Tear-off/peel-off bar		Solvent*	Once a month.
Take-label sensor		Air blow	Once every six months.

* Zebra recommends using Preventive Maintenance Kit (part number 47362). In place of this kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in a solution of isopropyl alcohol (minimum 90%) and deionized water (maximum 10%).

Clean the Exterior, the Media Compartment, and the Sensors

Over time, dust, grime, and other debris may build up on the outside and inside of your printer, particularly in a harsh operating environment.

Printer Exterior

You may clean the exterior surfaces of the printer with a lint-free cloth and a small amount of a mild detergent, if necessary. Do not use harsh or abrasive cleaning agents or solvents.

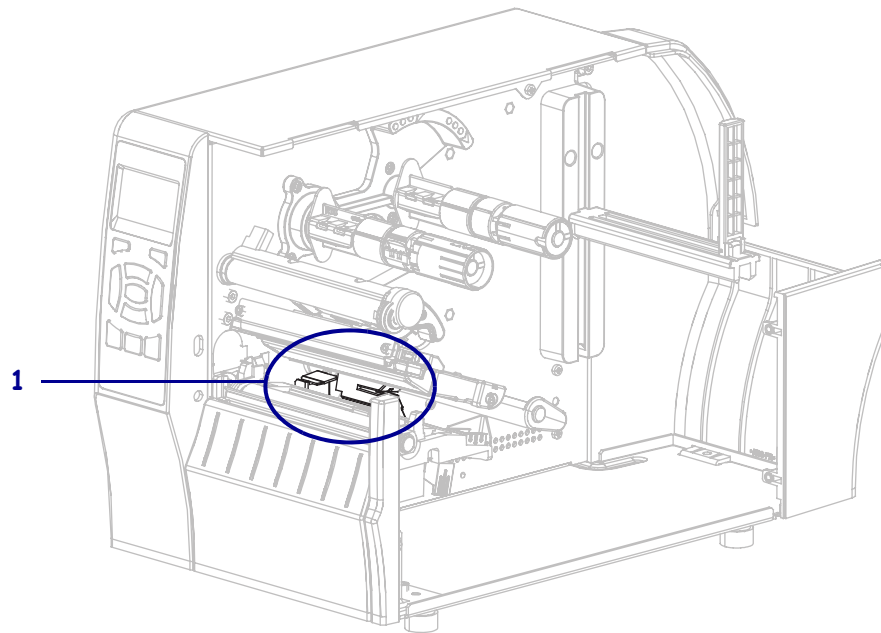


Important • Zebra is not responsible for damage caused by the use of cleaning fluids on this printer.

Media Compartment and Sensors

To clean the sensors, complete these steps:

1. Brush, air blow, or vacuum any accumulated paper lint and dust away from the media and ribbon paths.
2. Brush, air blow, or vacuum any accumulated paper lint and dust away from the sensors (1).



Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller

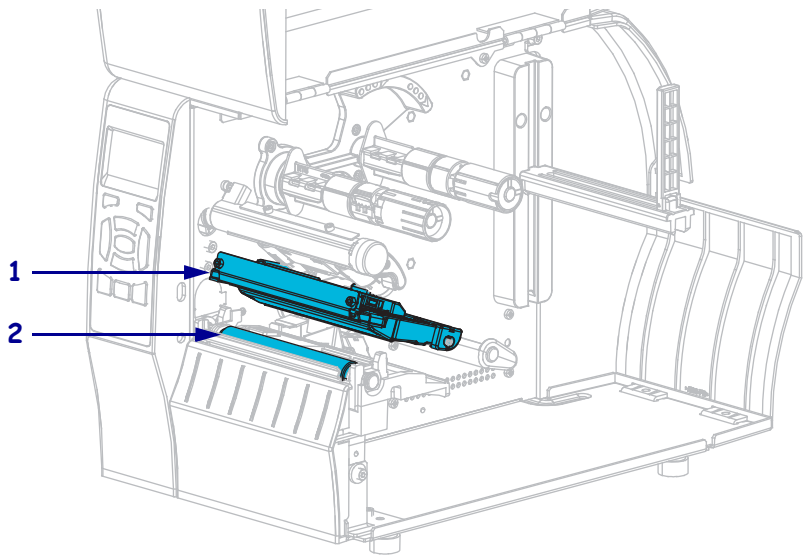
Inconsistent print quality, such as voids in the bar code or graphics, may indicate a dirty printhead. For the recommended cleaning schedule, see [Table 13 on page 110](#).

Caution • While performing any tasks near an open printhead, remove all rings, watches, hanging necklaces, identification badges, or other metallic objects that could touch the printhead. You are not required to turn off the printer power when working near an open printhead, but Zebra recommends it as a precaution. If you turn off the power, you will lose all temporary settings, such as label formats, and you must reload them before you resume printing.



Note • For printers with a peel assembly, keep the peel assembly closed while cleaning the platen roller to reduce the risk of bending the tear-off/peel-off bar.

Figure 14 • Location of the Printhead and Platen Roller



1	Printhead assembly
2	Platen roller



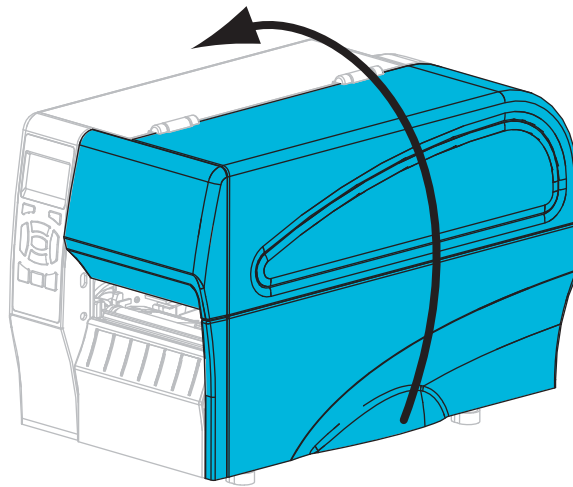
Caution • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.



Caution • Before touching the printhead assembly, discharge any built-up static electricity by touching the metal printer frame or by using an antistatic wriststrap and mat.

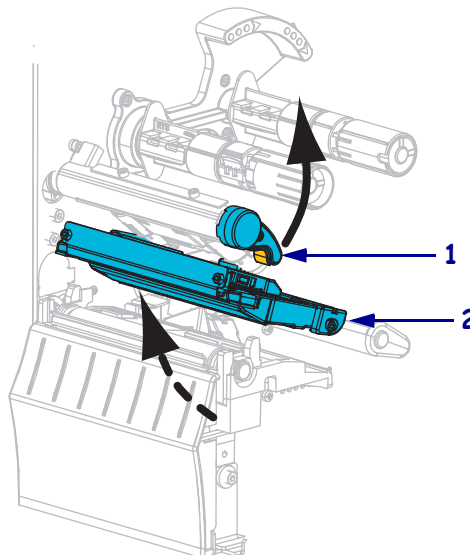
To clean the printhead and platen roller, complete these steps:

1. Raise the media door.



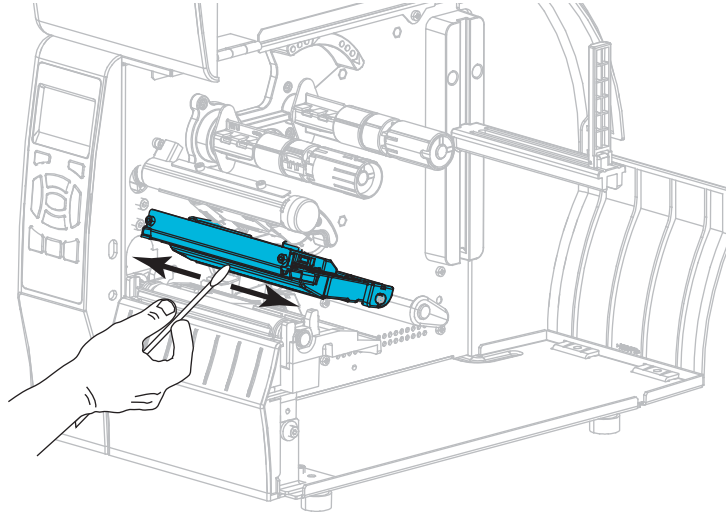
2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) upward to release the print mechanism (2).

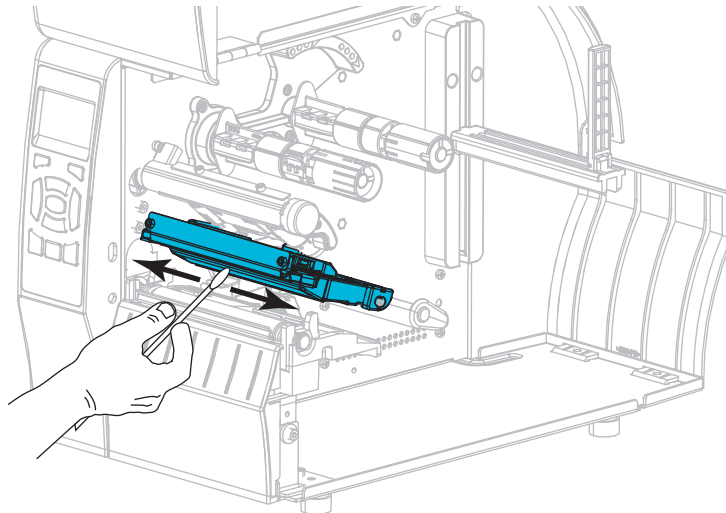


3. Remove the ribbon (if used) and the media.

4. Using the swab from a Zebra Preventive Maintenance Kit, wipe along the brown strip on the printhead assembly from end to end. In place of the Preventive Maintenance Kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in a solution of isopropyl alcohol (minimum 90%) and deionized water (maximum 10%). Allow the solvent to evaporate.

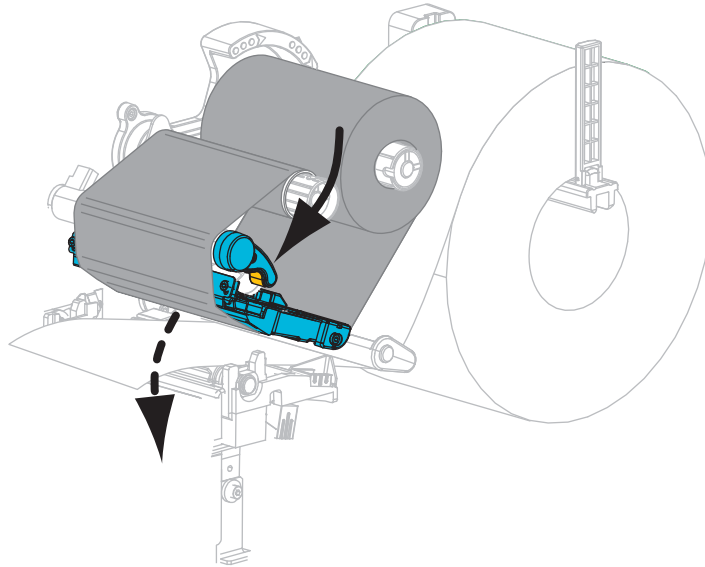


5. While manually rotating the platen roller, clean it thoroughly with the swab. Allow the solvent to evaporate.

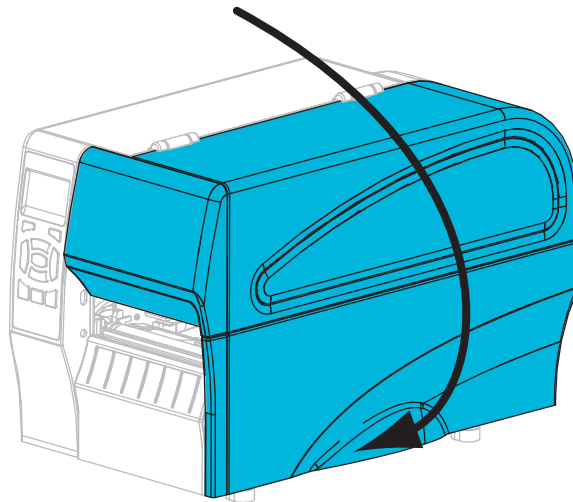


6. Reload the ribbon (if used) and the media. For instructions, see [Load the Ribbon on page 55](#) or [Load the Media on page 60](#).

7. Rotate the printhead-open lever downward until it locks the printhead in place.



8. Close the media door.



The printer is ready to operate.

9. Press **PAUSE** to exit pause mode and enable printing.

The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.



Note • If performing this procedure does not improve print quality, try cleaning the printhead with *Save-A-Printhead* cleaning film. This specially coated material removes contamination buildup without damaging the printhead. Call your authorized Zebra reseller for more information.

Clean the Peel Assembly

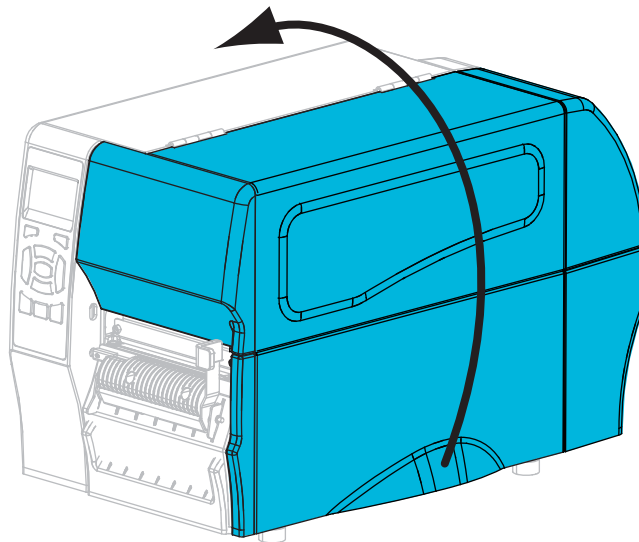
The peel assembly, which is part of the Peel-Off and Liner Take-Up options, consists of several spring-loaded rollers to ensure the proper roller pressure. Clean the pinch roller and tear-off/peel-off bar if adhesive buildup begins to affect peel performance.



Caution • Do not use your left hand to assist in closing the Peel assembly. The top edge of the Peel roller/assembly could pinch your fingers.

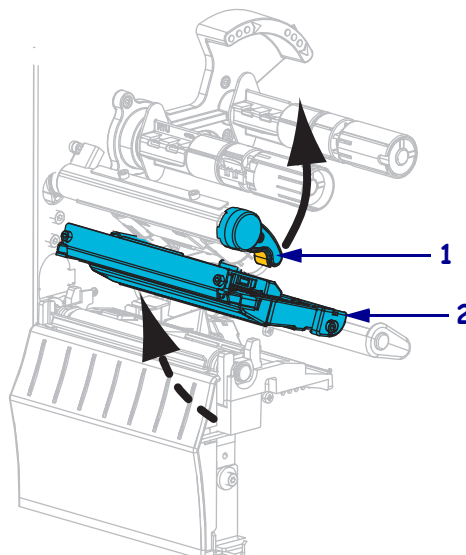
If adhesive buildup affects peel-off performance, complete these steps:

1. Raise the media door.

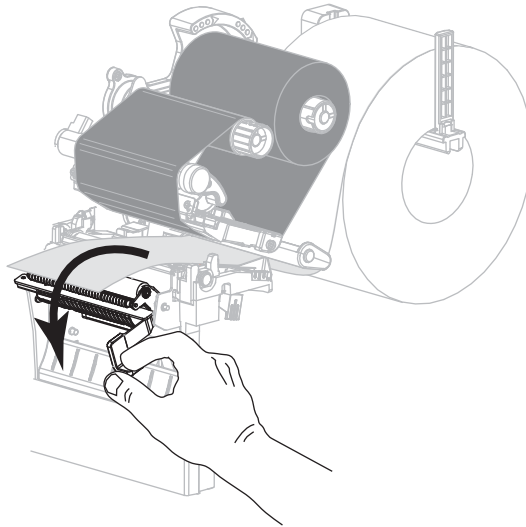


2. **Caution** • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.

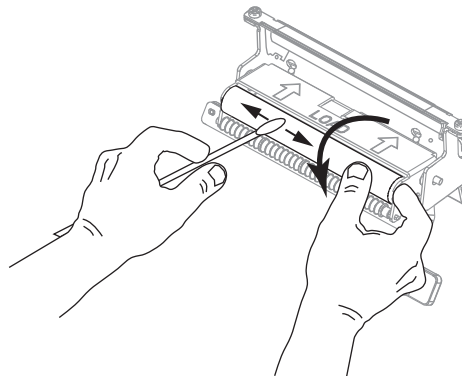
Rotate the printhead-open lever (1) counterclockwise to release the print mechanism (2).



3. Push down the peel-off mechanism release lever to open the peel assembly.



4. Remove any media liner to expose the pinch roller.
5. While manually rotating the pinch roller, clean it thoroughly with the swab from the Preventive Maintenance Kit (part number 47362). In place of the Preventive Maintenance Kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in a solution of isopropyl alcohol (minimum 90%) and deionized water (maximum 10%). Allow the solvent to evaporate.



6. Use the swab to remove excess adhesive from the tear-off/peel-off bar. Allow the solvent to evaporate.



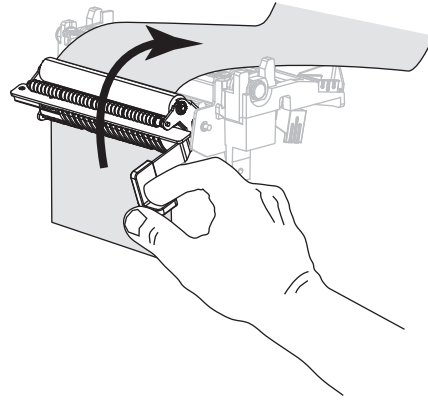
Important • Apply minimum force when cleaning the tear-off/peel-off bar. Excessive force can cause the tear-off/peel-off bar to bend, which could have a negative effect on peel performance.

7. Reload the media liner through the peel mechanism. For instructions, see [Final Steps for Peel-Off Mode \(with or without Liner Take-Up\)](#) on page 68.

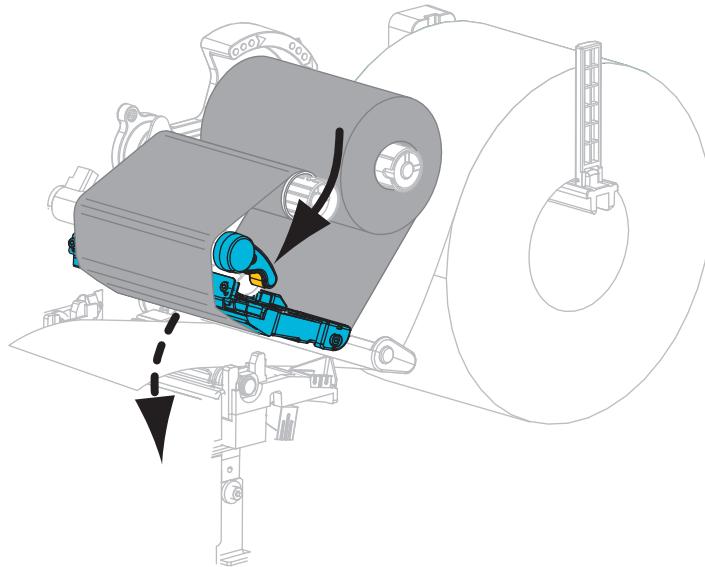


-
8. **Caution** • Use the peel release lever and your right hand to close the peel assembly. Do not use your left hand to assist in closing. The top edge of the peel roller/assembly could pinch your fingers.
-

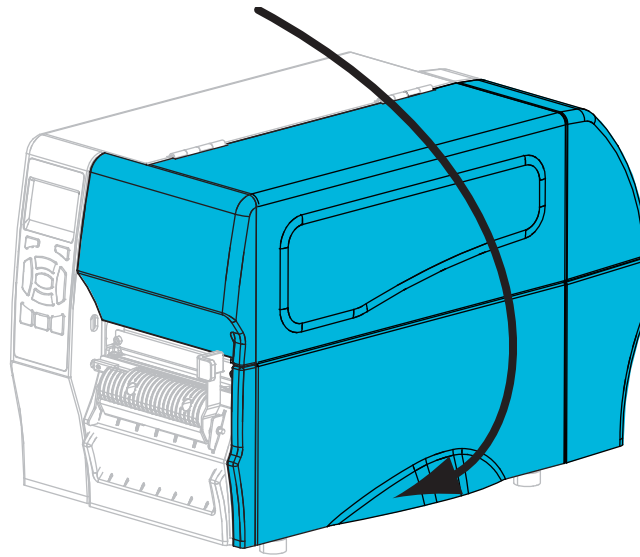
Close the peel assembly using the peel-off mechanism release lever.



9. Rotate the printhead-open lever clockwise until it locks the printhead in place.



10. Close the media door.



The printer is ready to operate.

11. Press **PAUSE** to exit pause mode and enable printing.
The printer may perform a label calibration or feed a label, depending on your settings.

Clean the Cutter Module

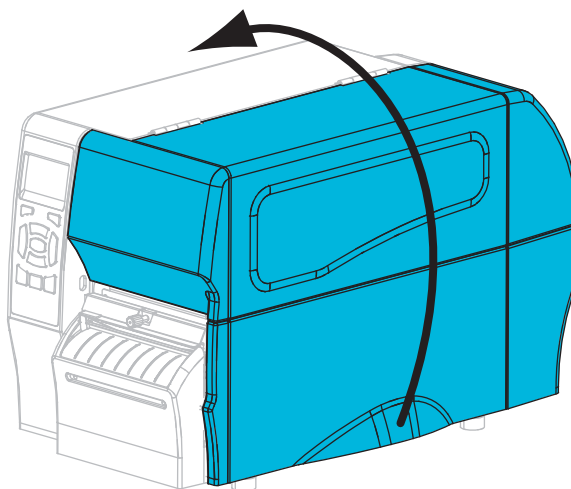
If the cutter is not cutting the labels cleanly or if it jams with labels, clean the cutter.



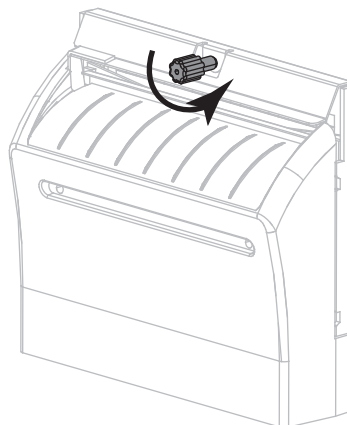
Caution • For personnel safety, always power off and unplug the printer before performing this procedure.

To clean the cutter module, complete these steps:

1. Raise the media door.



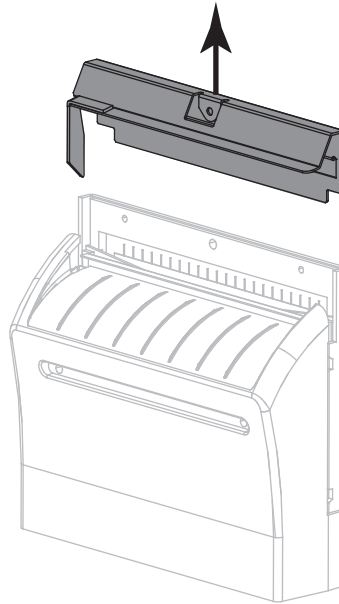
2. Turn the printer off (O), and unplug the printer from its power source.
3. Remove media that is loaded through the cutter module.
4. Loosen and remove the thumbscrew and lock washer on the cutter shield.



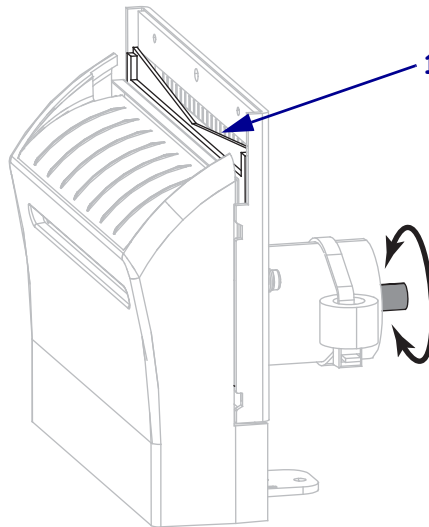


5. **Caution** • The cutter blade is sharp. Do not touch or rub the blade with your fingers.

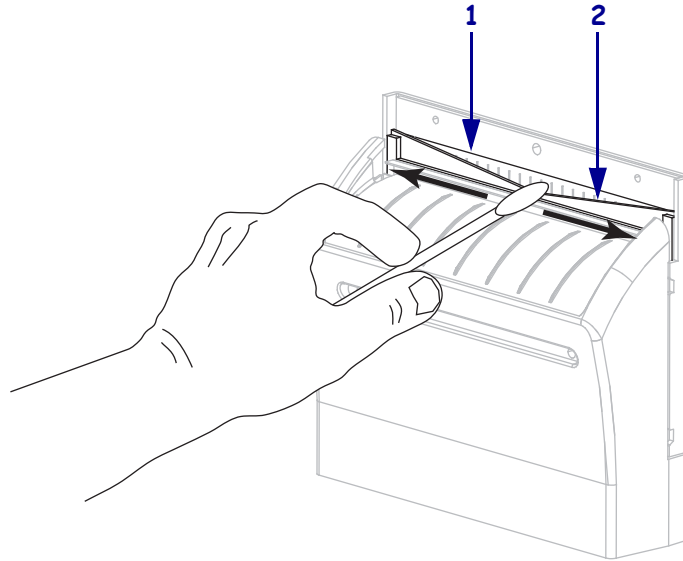
Remove the cutter shield.



6. If necessary, rotate the cutter motor thumbscrew to fully expose the V-shaped cutter blade (1).

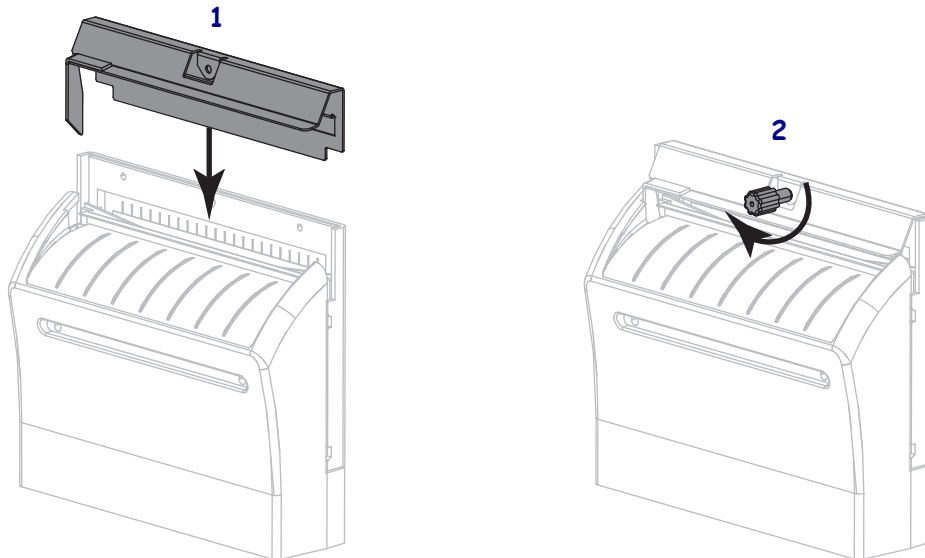


7. Using the swab from the Preventive Maintenance Kit (part number 47362), wipe along the upper cutting surface (1) and the cutter blade (2). In place of the Preventive Maintenance Kit, you may use a clean swab dipped in a solution of isopropyl alcohol (minimum 90%) and deionized water (maximum 10%). Allow the solvent to evaporate.

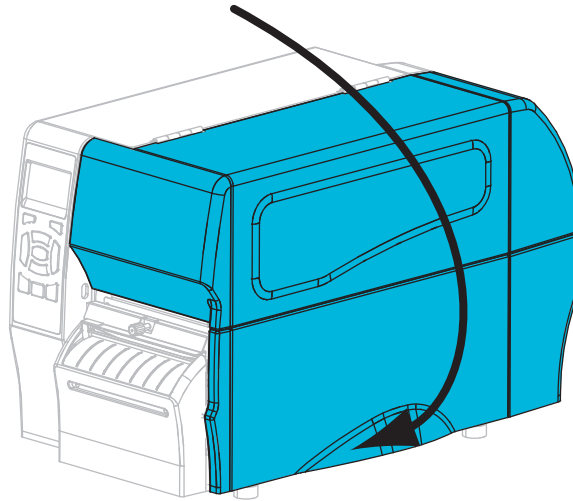


8. **Caution** • The cutter blade is sharp. For operator safety, replace the cutter shield.

Replace the cutter shield (1) and secure it with the thumbscrew and lock washer that you removed earlier (2).



9. Close the media door.



10. Plug the printer into its power source, and then turn on (I) the printer.
The cutter blade returns to its operating position.
11. If the cutter continues to perform unsatisfactorily, contact an authorized service technician.

Replacing Printer Components

Some printer components, such as the printhead and platen roller, may wear out over time and can be replaced easily. Regular cleaning may extend the life of some of these components. See [Table 13 on page 110](#) for the recommended cleaning intervals.

Ordering Replacement Parts

For optimal printing quality and proper printer performance across our product line, Zebra strongly recommends the use of genuine Zebra™ supplies as part of the total solution. Specifically, the ZT210, ZT220, and ZT230 printers are designed to work only with genuine Zebra™ printheads, thus maximizing safety and print quality.

Contact your authorized Zebra reseller for part ordering information, or see [Contacts on page 11](#) for contact addresses and telephone numbers.

Recycling Printer Components



The majority of this printer's components are recyclable. The printer's main logic board may include a battery that you should dispose of properly.

Do not dispose of any printer components in unsorted municipal waste. Please dispose of the battery according to your local regulations, and recycle the other printer components according to your local standards. For more information, see <http://www.zebra.com/environment>.

Lubrication

No lubrication is needed for this printer.

Caution • Some commercially available lubricants will damage the finish and the mechanical parts if used on this printer.

Troubleshooting

This section provides information about errors that you might need to troubleshoot. Assorted diagnostic tests are included.

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Troubleshooting Checklist

If an error condition exists with the printer, review this checklist:

- ☐ Are noncontinuous labels being treated as continuous labels? If yes, calibrate the printer.
- ☐ Is the printer reporting a ribbon error when ribbon is loaded properly? If yes, calibrate the printer.
- ☐ Are you experiencing problems with print quality? If yes, see [Printing Issues on page 129](#).
- ☐ Are you experiencing communications problems? If yes, see [Communications Problems on page 138](#).

If the labels are not printing or advancing correctly, review this checklist:

- ☐ Are you using the correct type of labels? Review the types of label in [Types of Media on page 38](#).
- ☐ Are you using a label that is narrower than the maximum print width? Adjust the print width, if necessary.
- ☐ Review the ribbon- and media-loading illustrations in [Load the Ribbon on page 55](#) and [Load the Media on page 60](#).
- ☐ Does the printhead need to be adjusted? If yes, adjust the toggle pressure on the printhead.
- ☐ Do the sensors need to be calibrated? If yes, calibrate the printer.

If none of the above suggestions correct the problem, review this checklist:

- ☐ Perform one or more of the self-tests given in [Printer Diagnostics on page 141](#). Use the results to help identify the problem.
- ☐ If you are still having problems, see [Contacts on page 11](#) for customer support information.

Meaning of Indicator Lights

The indicator lights on the control panel show the current status of the printer (Table 14 on page 127).

Table 14 • Status of Printer As Shown by Indicator Lights

     STATUS PAUSE DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	<i>STATUS light steady green (other lights steady yellow for 2 seconds during printer power-up)</i> The printer is ready.
     STATUS PAUSE DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	<i>PAUSE light steady yellow.</i> The printer is paused.
     STATUS PAUSE DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	<i>STATUS light steady red</i> <i>SUPPLIES light steady red</i> The media supply is out. The printer needs attention and cannot continue without user intervention.
     STATUS PAUSE DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	<i>STATUS light steady red</i> <i>SUPPLIES light flashing red</i> The ribbon supply is out. The printer needs attention and cannot continue without user intervention.
     STATUS PAUSE DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	<i>STATUS light steady yellow</i> <i>SUPPLIES light flashing yellow</i> The printer is in Direct Thermal mode, which does not require ribbon; however, ribbon is installed in the printer.
     STATUS PAUSE DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	<i>STATUS light steady red</i> <i>PAUSE light steady yellow</i> The printhead is open. The printer needs attention and cannot continue without user intervention.
     STATUS PAUSE DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	<i>STATUS light steady yellow</i> The printhead is over temperature.  Caution • The printhead may be hot and could cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.
     STATUS PAUSE DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	<i>STATUS light flashing yellow</i> This indicator light flashing indicates one of the following: • The printhead is under temperature. • The power supply is over temperature. • The main logic board (MLB) is over temperature.
     STATUS PAUSE DATA SUPPLIES NETWORK	<i>STATUS light steady red</i> <i>PAUSE light steady red</i> <i>DATA light steady red</i> The printhead was replaced with one that is not a genuine Zebra™ printhead. Install a genuine Zebra™ printhead to continue.

Table 14 • Status of Printer As Shown by Indicator Lights (Continued)

    	<i>STATUS light flashing red</i> The printer is unable to read the dpi setting of the printhead.
Printers with a ZebraNet wired Ethernet option	
    	<i>NETWORK light off</i> No Ethernet link is available.
    	<i>NETWORK light steady green</i> A 100 Base link was found.
    	<i>NETWORK light steady yellow</i> A 10 Base link was found.
    	<i>NETWORK light steady red</i> An Ethernet error condition exists. The printer is not connected to your network.
Printers with a ZebraNet wireless option	
    	<i>NETWORK light off</i> A radio was found during power-up. The printer is attempting to associate with the network. The light flashes red while the printer associates with the network. The light then flashes yellow while the printer is authenticating with the network.
    	
    	
    	<i>NETWORK light steady green</i> The radio is associated with your network and authenticated, and the WLAN signal is strong.
    	<i>NETWORK light flashing green</i> WLAN—The radio is associated with your network and authenticated, but the WLAN signal is weak.
    	<i>NETWORK light steady red</i> A WLAN error condition exists. The printer is not connected to your network.

Printing Issues

Table 15 identifies possible issues with printing or print quality, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

Table 15 • Printing Issues

Issue	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
General print quality issues	The printer is set at the incorrect print speed.	For optimal print quality, set the print speed to the lowest possible setting for your application via control panel, the driver, or the software. You may want to perform the FEED Self Test on page 144 to determine the optimal settings for your printer. See Print Speed on page 79 for how to change the print speed.
	You are using an incorrect combination of labels and ribbon for your application.	1. Switch to a different type of media or ribbon to try to find a compatible combination. 2. If necessary, consult your authorized Zebra reseller or distributor for information and advice.
	The printer is set at an incorrect darkness level.	For optimal print quality, set the darkness to the lowest possible setting for your application. You may want to perform the FEED Self Test on page 144 to determine the ideal darkness setting. See Print Darkness on page 79 for how to change the darkness setting.
	The printhead is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller on page 112 .
	Incorrect or uneven printhead pressure.	Set the printhead pressure to the minimum needed for good print quality. See Adjust the Printhead Pressure on page 103 .
Loss of printing registration on labels. Excessive vertical drift in top-of-form registration.	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller on page 112 .
	Media guides are positioned improperly.	Ensure that the media guides are properly positioned. See Load the Media on page 60 .
	The media type is set incorrectly.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark). See Media Type on page 79 .
	The media is loaded incorrectly.	Load media correctly. See Load the Media on page 60 .
Long tracks of missing print on several labels	Print element damaged.	Call a service technician.
	Wrinkled ribbon.	See wrinkled ribbon causes and solutions in Ribbon Problems on page 132 .

Table 15 • Printing Issues (Continued)

Issue	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
Fine, angular gray lines on blank labels	Wrinkled ribbon.	See wrinkled ribbon causes and solutions in Ribbon Problems on page 132 .
Printing too light or too dark over the entire label	The media or ribbon is not designed for high-speed operation.	Replace supplies with those recommended for high-speed operation.
	You are using an incorrect combination of media and ribbon for your application.	1. Switch to a different type of media or ribbon to try to find a compatible combination. 2. If necessary, consult your authorized Zebra reseller or distributor for information and advice.
	You are using ribbon with direct thermal media.	Direct thermal media does not require ribbon. To determine if you are using direct thermal media, perform the label scratch test in When to Use Ribbon on page 40 .
	Incorrect or uneven printhead pressure.	Set the printhead pressure to the minimum needed for good print quality. See Adjust the Printhead Pressure on page 103 .
Smudge marks on labels	The media or ribbon is not designed for high-speed operation.	Replace supplies with those recommended for high-speed operation.
Misregistration/skips labels	The printer is not calibrated.	Calibrate the printer. See Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98 .
	Improper label format.	Check your label format and correct it as necessary.
Misregistration and misprint of one to three labels	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller on page 112 .
	Media does not meet specifications.	Use media that meets specifications. See Media Specifications on page 154 .
Vertical drift in top-of-form position	The printer is out of calibration.	Calibrate the printer. See Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98 .
	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller on page 112 .

Table 15 • Printing Issues (Continued)

Issue	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
Vertical image or label drift	The printer is using non-continuous labels but is configured in continuous mode.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark—see Media Type on page 79) and calibrate the printer, if necessary (see Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98).
	The media sensor is calibrated improperly.	Calibrate the printer. See Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98 .
	The platen roller is dirty.	Clean the printhead and platen roller. See Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller on page 112 .
	Improper printhead pressure settings (toggles).	Adjust the printhead pressure to ensure proper functionality. See Adjust the Printhead Pressure on page 103 .
	The media or ribbon is loaded incorrectly.	Ensure that the media and ribbon are loaded correctly. See Load the Ribbon on page 55 and Load the Media on page 60 .
	Incompatible media.	You must use media that meets the printer specifications. Ensure that the interlabel gaps or notches are 2 to 4 mm and consistently placed (see Media Specifications on page 154).
The bar code printed on a label does not scan.	The bar code is not within specifications because the print is too light or too dark.	Perform the FEED Self Test on page 144 . Adjust the darkness or print speed settings as necessary.
	There is not enough blank space around the bar code.	Leave at least 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) between the bar code and other printed areas on the label and between the bar code and the edge of the label.
Auto Calibrate failed.	The media or ribbon is loaded incorrectly.	Ensure that the media and ribbon are loaded correctly. See Load the Ribbon on page 55 and Load the Media on page 60 .
	The sensors could not detect the media or ribbon.	Calibrate the printer. See Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98 .
	The sensors are dirty or positioned improperly.	Ensure that the sensors are clean and properly positioned.
	The media type is set incorrectly.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark). See Media Type on page 79 .

Ribbon Problems

Table 16 identifies problems that may occur with ribbon, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

Table 16 • Ribbon Problems

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
Broken or melted ribbon	Darkness setting too high.	1. Reduce the darkness setting. See Print Darkness on page 79 for how to change the darkness setting. 2. Clean the printhead thoroughly. See Clean the Printhead and Platen Roller on page 112.
	The ribbon is coated on the wrong side and cannot be used in this printer.	Replace the ribbon with one coated on the correct side. For more information, see Coated Side of Ribbon on page 40 .
Ribbon slips or does not advance correctly	Ribbon tension is set incorrectly.	Change the tension settings on the ribbon spindles. See Adjust Ribbon Tension on page 106 .
Wrinkled ribbon	Ribbon was loaded incorrectly.	Load the ribbon correctly. See Load the Ribbon on page 55 .
	Incorrect burn temperature.	For optimal print quality, set the darkness to the lowest possible setting for your application. You may want to perform the FEED Self Test on page 144 to determine the ideal darkness setting. See Print Darkness on page 79 for how to change the darkness setting.
	Incorrect or uneven printhead pressure.	Set the printhead pressure to the minimum needed for good print quality. See Adjust the Printhead Pressure on page 103 .
	Media not feeding properly; “walking” from side to side.	Make sure that media is snug by adjusting the media guide, or call a service technician.
	The printhead or platen roller may be installed incorrectly.	Call a service technician.

Table 16 • Ribbon Problems (Continued)

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
The printer does not detect when the ribbon runs out. In thermal transfer mode, the printer did not detect the ribbon even though it is loaded correctly.	The printer may have been calibrated without ribbon. Later, ribbon was inserted without the user recalibrating the printer or loading printer defaults.	Calibrate the printer, this time using ribbon, or load printer defaults. See Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98 or Load Defaults on page 86.
The printer indicates that ribbon is out, even though ribbon is loaded correctly.	The printer was not calibrated for the label and ribbon being used.	Calibrate the printer. See Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98.

Error Messages

The ZT230 control panel displays messages when there is an error. See [Table 17](#) for errors, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

Table 17 • Error Messages

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
HEAD OPEN CLOSE HEAD STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady yellow	The printhead is not fully closed.	Close the printhead completely.
	The printhead open sensor is not working properly.	Call a service technician to replace the sensor.
MEDIA OUT LOAD MEDIA STATUS light steady red SUPPLIES light steady red	The media is not loaded or is loaded incorrectly.	Load media correctly.
	Misaligned media sensor.	Check the position of the media sensor.
	The printer is set for noncontinuous media, but continuous media is loaded.	1. Install the proper media type, or reset printer for the current media type. 2. Calibrate the printer. See Media and Ribbon Sensor Calibration on page 87.
WARNING RIBBON IN STATUS light steady yellow SUPPLIES light flashing yellow	Ribbon is loaded, but the printer is set for direct thermal mode.	Ribbon is not required with direct thermal media. If you are using direct thermal media, remove the ribbon. This error message will not affect printing.
		If you are using thermal transfer media, which requires ribbon, set the printer for Thermal Transfer mode. See Print Method on page 80 .

Table 17 • Error Messages (Continued)

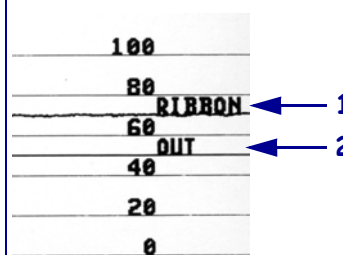
Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
ALERT RIBBON OUT STATUS light steady yellow SUPPLIES light flashing yellow	In thermal transfer mode: • ribbon is not loaded • ribbon is loaded incorrectly • the ribbon sensor is not detecting ribbon • media is blocking the ribbon sensor	1. Load ribbon correctly. See Load the Ribbon on page 55. 2. Calibrate the printer. See Media and Ribbon Sensor Calibration on page 87.
	In thermal transfer mode, the printer did not detect the ribbon even though it is loaded correctly.	1. Print a sensor profile (see Print Information on page 83). The ribbon out threshold (2) is likely too high, above the line that indicates where the ribbon is detected (1).  2. Calibrate the printer (see Media and Ribbon Sensor Calibration on page 87) or load printer defaults (see Load Defaults on page 86).
	If you are using direct thermal media, the printer is waiting for ribbon to be loaded because it is incorrectly set for thermal transfer mode.	Set the printer for Direct Thermal mode. Refer to the <i>User Guide</i> for information about changing the print method.
PH NOT AUTHENTICATED REPLACE PRINTHEAD STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady red DATA light steady red	The printhead was replaced with one that is not a genuine Zebra™ printhead.	Install a genuine Zebra™ printhead.

Table 17 • Error Messages (Continued)

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
PRINT HEAD OVERTEMP PRINTING HALTED STATUS light steady yellow	 Caution • The printhead may be hot enough to cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.	
	The printhead is over temperature.	Allow the printer to cool. Printing automatically resumes when the printhead elements cool to an acceptable operating temperature. If this error persists, consider changing where the printer is located or using a slower print speed.
HEAD COLD PRINTING HALTED THERMISTOR REPLACE PRINTHEAD STATUS light steady yellow The printer shows one of these messages or cycles between them.	 Caution • An improperly connected printhead data or power cable can cause these error messages. The printhead may be hot enough to cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.	
	The printhead data cable is not properly connected.	Call a service technician to hook up the printhead properly.
	The printhead has a faulty thermistor.	Call a service technician to replace the printhead.
HEAD COLD PRINTING HALTED STATUS light flashing yellow	 Caution • An improperly connected printhead data or power cable can cause this error message. The printhead may be hot enough to cause severe burns. Allow the printhead to cool.	
	The printhead temperature is approaching its lower operating limit.	Continue printing while the printhead reaches the correct operating temperature. If the error remains, the environment may be too cold for proper printing. Relocate the printer to a warmer area.
	The printhead data cable is not properly connected.	Call a service technician to hook up the printhead properly.
	The printhead has a faulty thermistor.	Call a service technician to replace the printhead.

Table 17 • Error Messages (Continued)

Display/ Indicator Lights	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
CUT ERROR STATUS light steady red PAUSE light steady yellow	 Caution • The cutter blade is sharp. Do not touch or rub the blade with your fingers. The cutter blade is in the media path.	Turn off the printer power and unplug the printer. Inspect the cutter module for debris and clean as needed following the cleaning instructions in Clean the Cutter Module on page 120.
OUT OF MEMORY STORING GRAPHIC OUT OF MEMORY STORING FORMAT OUT OF MEMORY STORING BITMAP OUT OF MEMORY STORING FONT	There is not enough memory to perform the function specified on the second line of the error message.	Free up some of the printer's memory by adjusting the label format or printer parameters. One way to free up memory is to adjust the print width to the actual width of the label instead of leaving the print width set to the default. See Print Width on page 81. Ensure that the data is not directed to a device that is not installed or is unavailable. If the problem persists, call a service technician.

Communications Problems

Table 18 identifies problems with communications, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

Table 18 • Communications Problems

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
A label format was sent to the printer but was not recognized. The DATA light does not flash.	The communication parameters are incorrect.	Check the printer driver or software communications settings (if applicable).
		If you are using serial communication, check the serial port settings. See PORTS Menu on page 36 .
		If you are using serial communication, make sure that you are using a null modem cable or a null modem adapter.
		Check the printer's handshake protocol setting. The setting used must match the one being used by the host computer. See Set the Host Handshake Protocol Value on page 97 .
		If a driver is used, check the driver communication settings for your connection.
A label format was sent to the printer. Several labels print, then the printer skips, misplaces, misses, or distorts the image on the label.	The serial communication settings are incorrect.	Ensure that the flow control settings match.
		Check the communication cable length. See Table 5 on page 47 for requirements.
		Check the printer driver or software communications settings (if applicable).
A label format was sent to the printer but was not recognized. The DATA light flashes but no printing occurs.	The prefix and delimiter characters set in the printer do not match the ones in the label format.	Verify the prefix and delimiter characters. See Set the Control Prefix Character Value on page 93 and Set the Delimiter Character Value on page 93 .
	Incorrect data is being sent to the printer.	Check the communication settings on the computer. Ensure that they match the printer settings.
		If the problem continues, check the label format.

Miscellaneous Issues

Table 19 identifies miscellaneous issues with the printer, the possible causes, and the recommended solutions.

Table 19 • Miscellaneous Printer Problems

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
The control panel display shows a language that I cannot read	The language parameter was changed through the control panel or a firmware command.	- On the control panel display, scroll to LANGUAGE Menu. - Press OK to access the items in this menu. - Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW to scroll through the language selections. The selections for this parameter are displayed in the actual languages to make it easier for you to find one that you are able to read. - Select the language that you want to display. 
The display is missing characters or parts of characters	The display may need replacing.	Call a service technician.
Changes in parameter settings did not take effect	Some parameters are set incorrectly.	- Check the parameters and change or reset if necessary. - Turn the printer off (O) and then on (I).
	A firmware command turned off the ability to change the parameter.	Refer to the <i>Programming Guide for ZPL, ZBI, Set-Get-Do, Mirror, and WML</i> or call a service technician.
	A firmware command changed the parameter back to the previous setting.	
	If the problem persists, there may be a problem with the main logic board.	Call a service technician.
Non-continuous labels are being treated as continuous labels.	The printer was not calibrated for the media being used.	Calibrate the printer. See Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98 .
	The printer is configured for continuous media.	Set the printer for the correct media type (gap/notch, continuous, or mark). See Media Type on page 79 .

Table 19 • Miscellaneous Printer Problems (Continued)

Problem	Possible Cause	Recommended Solution
All indicator lights are on, nothing is on the display (if the printer has a display), and the printer locks up.	Internal electronic or firmware failure.	Call a service technician.
The printer locks up while running the Power-On Self Test.	Main logic board failure.	Call a service technician.

Printer Diagnostics

Self tests and other diagnostics provide specific information about the condition of the printer. The self tests produce sample printouts and provide specific information that helps determine the operating conditions for the printer.



Important • Use full-width media when performing self tests. If your media is not wide enough, the test labels may print on the platen roller. To prevent this from happening, check the print width, and ensure that the width is correct for the media that you are using.

Each self test is enabled by pressing a specific control panel key or combination of keys while turning on (I) the printer power. Keep the key(s) pressed until the first indicator light turns off. The selected self test automatically starts at the end of the Power-On Self Test.



Note •

- When performing these self tests, do not send data to the printer from the host.
- If your media is shorter than the label to be printed, the test label continues on the next label.
- When canceling a self test prior to its actual completion, always reset the printer by turning it off (O) and then on (I).

Power-On Self Test

A Power-On Self Test (POST) is performed each time the printer is turned on (I). During this test, the control panel lights (LEDs) turn on and off to ensure proper operation. At the end of this self test, only the STATUS LED remains lit. When the Power-On Self Test is complete, the media is advanced to the proper position.

To initiate the Power-On Self Test, complete these steps:

1. Turn on (I) the printer.

The POWER LED illuminates. The other control panel LEDs and the LCD monitor the progress and indicate the results of the individual tests. All messages during the POST display in English; however, if the test fails, the resulting messages cycle through the international languages as well.

CANCEL Self Test

The CANCEL self test prints a printer configuration label and a network configuration label. For other ways to print these labels, see [Print Information on page 83](#).

To perform the CANCEL Self Test, complete these steps:

1. Turn off (O) the printer.
2. Press and hold **CANCEL** while turning on (I) the printer. Hold **CANCEL** until the first control panel light turns off.

The printer prints a printer configuration label ([Figure 15](#)) and then a network configuration label ([Figure 16](#)).

Figure 15 • Sample Printer Configuration Label

PRINTER CONFIGURATION	
Zebra Technologies ZTC ZT230-203dpi CPCL XXXXXX-XX-XXXX	
10.....	LCD CONTRAST
+10.....	DARKNESS
2.0 IPS.....	PRINT SPEED
+000.....	TEAR OFF
TEAR OFF.....	PRINT MODE
GAP/NOTCH.....	MEDIA TYPE
REFLECTIVE.....	SENSOR SELECT
832.....	PRINT WIDTH
1422.....	LABEL LENGTH
39.0IN 989MM.....	PRINT HEAD ID
NOT CONNECTED.....	MAXIMUM LENGTH
BIDIRECTIONAL.....	USB COMM.
RS232.....	PARALLEL COMM.
2400.....	SERIAL COMM.
8 BITS.....	BAUD
NONE.....	DATA BITS
XON/XOFF.....	PARITY
NONE.....	HOST HANDSHAKE
NORMAL MODE.....	PROTOCOL
<~> 7EH.....	COMMUNICATIONS
<~> 5EH.....	CONTROL PREFIX
<~> 2CH.....	FORMAT PREFIX
ZPL II.....	DELIMITER CHAR
CALIBRATION.....	ZPL MODE
CALIBRATION.....	MEDIA POWER UP
DEFAULT.....	HEAD CLOSE
+000.....	BACKFEED
+0000.....	LABEL TOP
DISABLED.....	LEFT POSITION
020.....	REPRINT MODE
024.....	WEB SENSOR
255.....	MEDIA SENSOR
027.....	TAKE LABEL
027.....	MARK SENSOR
102.....	MARK MED SENSOR
000.....	TRANS GAIN
100.....	TRANS BASE
050.....	TRANS LED
DPCSWFXM.....	MARK LED
832 8/MM FULL.....	MODES ENABLED
V72.18.12P15107 <-	MODES DISABLED
1.3.....	RESOLUTION
6.4.1 255.....	FIRMWARE
NONE.....	XML SCHEMA
12288k.....	HARDWARE ID
65536k.....	OPTION BOARD
NONE.....	RAM
NONE.....	ONBOARD FLASH
FW VERSION.....	FORMAT CONVERT
07/20/12.....	IDLE DISPLAY
02:37.....	RTC DATE
DISABLED.....	RTC TIME
2.1.....	ZBI
READY.....	ZBI VERSION
15.110 IN.....	ZBI STATUS
15.110 IN.....	NONRESET CNTR
15.110 IN.....	RESET CNTR1
38.378 CM.....	RESET CNTR2
38.378 CM.....	NONRESET CNTR
38.378 CM.....	RESET CNTR1
38.378 CM.....	RESET CNTR2
FIRMWARE IN THIS PRINTER IS COPYRIGHTED	

Figure 16 • Sample Network Configuration Label

Network Configuration	
Zebra Technologies ZTC ZT230-203dpi CPCL XXXXXX-XX-XXXX	
PrintServer.....	LOAD LAN FROM?
INTERNAL WIRED.....	ACTIVE PRINTSRVR
Wired*	
ALL.....	IP PROTOCOL
010.003.005.104.....	IP ADDRESS
255.255.255.000.....	SUBNET
010.003.005.001.....	GATEWAY
010.003.001.098.....	WINS SERVER IP
YES.....	TIMEOUT CHECKING
300.....	TIMEOUT VALUE
000.....	ARP INTERVAL
9100.....	BASE RAW PORT
Wireless	
ALL.....	IP PROTOCOL
000.000.000.000.....	IP ADDRESS
255.255.255.000.....	SUBNET
000.000.000.000.....	GATEWAY
000.000.000.000.....	WINS SERVER IP
YES.....	TIMEOUT CHECKING
300.....	TIMEOUT VALUE
000.....	ARP INTERVAL
9100.....	BASE RAW PORT
NOT INSERTED.....	CARD INSERTED
H.....	CARD MFG ID
H.....	CARD PRODUCT ID
00:00:00:00:00:00.....	MAC ADDRESS
YES.....	DRIVER INSTALLED
INFRASTRUCTURE.....	OPERATING MODE
123456.....	ESSID
100.....	TX POWER
ALL.....	CURRENT TX RATE
OPEN.....	WEP TYPE
NONE.....	WLAN SECURITY
1.....	WEP INDEX
000.....	POOR SIGNAL
LONG.....	PREAMBLE
NO.....	ASSOCIATED
ON.....	PULSE ENABLED
15.....	PULSE RATE
OFF.....	INTL MODE
not available.....	REGION CODE
no region code.....	COUNTRY CODE
0x7FF.....	CHANNEL MASK
FIRMWARE IN THIS PRINTER IS COPYRIGHTED	

FEED Self Test

Different types of media may require different darkness settings. This section contains a simple but effective method for determining the ideal darkness for printing bar codes that are within specifications.

During the FEED self test, labels are printed at different darkness settings at two different print speeds. The relative darkness and the print speed are printed on each label. The bar codes on these labels may be ANSI-graded to check print quality.

During this test, one set of labels is printed at 2 ips, and another set is printed at 6 ips. The darkness value starts at three settings lower than the printer's current darkness value (relative darkness of -3) and increase until the darkness is three settings higher than the current darkness value (relative darkness of +3).

To perform a FEED self test, complete these steps:

1. Print a configuration label to show the printer's current settings.
2. Turn off (O) the printer.
3. Press and hold **FEED** while turning on (I) the printer. Hold **FEED** until the first control panel light turns off.

The printer prints a series of labels (Figure 18) at various speeds and at darkness settings higher and lower than the darkness value shown on the configuration label.

Figure 18 • FEED Test Label



4. See Figure 19 and Table 20. Inspect the test labels and determine which one has the best print quality for your application. If you have a bar code verifier, use it to measure bars/spaces and calculate the print contrast. If you do not have a bar code verifier, use your eyes or the system scanner to choose the optimal darkness setting based on the labels printed in this self test.

Figure 19 • Bar Code Darkness Comparison

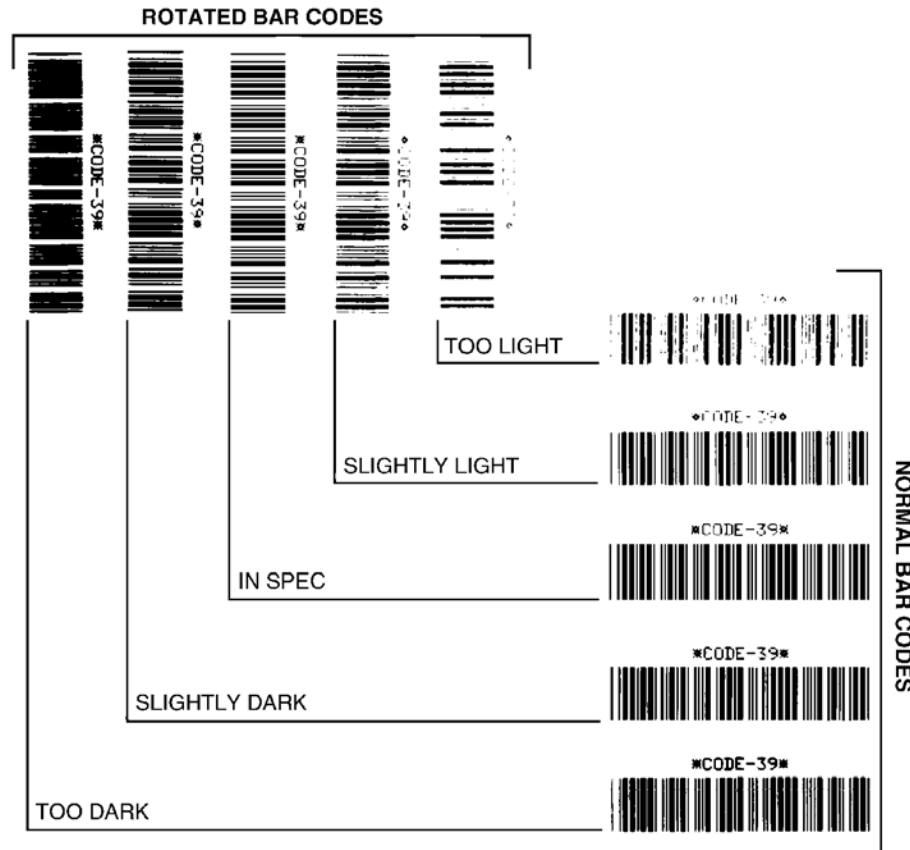


Table 20 • Judging Bar Code Quality

Print Quality	Description
Too dark	Labels that are too dark are fairly obvious. They may be readable but not “in-spec.” - The normal bar code bars increase in size. - The openings in small alphanumeric characters may fill in with ink. - Rotated bar code bars and spaces run together.
Slightly dark	Slightly dark labels are not as obvious. - The normal bar code will be “in-spec.” - Small character alpha numerics will be bold and could be slightly filled in. - The rotated bar code spaces are small when compared to the “in-spec” code, possibly making the code unreadable.

Table 20 • Judging Bar Code Quality (Continued)

Print Quality	Description
“In-spec”	The “in-spec” bar code can only be confirmed by a verifier, but it should exhibit some visible characteristics. • The normal bar code will have complete, even bars and clear, distinct spaces. • The rotated bar code will have complete, even bars and clear, distinct spaces. Although it may not look as good as a slightly dark bar code, the bar code will be “in-spec.” • In both normal and rotated styles, small alphanumeric characters look complete.
Slightly light	Slightly light labels are, in some cases, preferred to slightly dark ones for “in-spec” bar codes. • Both normal and rotated bar codes will be in spec, but small alphanumeric characters may not be complete.
Too light	Labels that are too light are obvious. • Both normal and rotated bar codes have incomplete bars and spaces. • Small alphanumeric characters are unreadable.

5. Note the relative darkness value and the print speed printed on the best test label.
6. Add or subtract the relative darkness value from the darkness value specified on the configuration label. The resulting numeric value is the best darkness value for that specific label/ribbon combination and print speed.
7. If necessary, change the darkness value to the darkness value on the best test label.
8. If necessary, change the print speed to the same speed as on the best test label.

FEED + PAUSE Self Test

Performing this self test resets the printer configuration to the factory default values. Perform a sensor calibration after this self test. (See [Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors](#) on page 98.)

To perform a FEED and PAUSE self test, complete these steps:

1. Turn off (O) the printer.
2. Press and hold **FEED + PAUSE** while turning on (I) the printer.
3. Hold **FEED + PAUSE** until the first control panel light turns off.
The printer configuration is reset to the factory default values. No labels print at the end of this test.

CANCEL + PAUSE Self Test

Performing this self test resets the network configuration to the factory default values.

To perform a CANCEL and PAUSE self test, complete these steps:

1. Turn off (O) the printer.
2. Press and hold **CANCEL + PAUSE** while turning on (I) the printer.
3. Hold **CANCEL + PAUSE** until the first control panel light turns off.
The printer's network configuration is reset to the factory default values. No labels print at the end of this test.

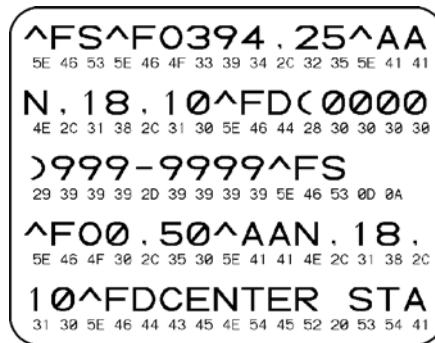
Communication Diagnostics Test

The communication diagnostics test is a troubleshooting tool for checking the interconnection between the printer and the host computer. When the printer is in diagnostics mode, it prints all data received from the host computer as straight ASCII characters with the hex values below the ASCII text. The printer prints all characters received, including control codes such as CR (carriage return). [Figure 20](#) shows a typical test label from this test.



Note • The test label prints upside-down.

Figure 20 • Communications Diagnostics Test Label



To use communications diagnostics mode, complete these steps:

1. Set the print width equal to or less than the label width being used for the test. See [Print Width on page 81](#) for more information.
2. Set the DIAGNOSTICS MODE option to ENABLED. For methods, see [Communication Diagnostics Mode on page 87](#).

The printer enters diagnostics mode and prints any data received from the host computer on a test label

3. Check the test label for error codes. For any errors, check that your communication parameters are correct.

Errors show on the test label as follows:

- FE indicates a framing error.
- OE indicates an overrun error.
- PE indicates a parity error.
- NE indicates noise.

4. Turn the printer off (O) and then back on (I) to exit this self test and return to normal operation.

Sensor Profile

Use the sensor profile image (which will extend across several actual labels or tags) to troubleshoot the following situations:

- The printer experiences difficulty in determining gaps (web) between labels.
- The printer incorrectly identifies preprinted areas on a label as gaps (web).
- The printer cannot detect ribbon.

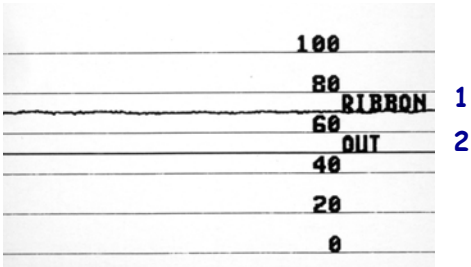
With the printer in the Ready state, print a sensor profile in one of these ways:

Using the buttons on the control panel	a. Turn off (O) the printer. b. Press and hold FEED + CANCEL while turning on (I) the printer. c. Hold FEED + CANCEL until the first control panel light turns off.
Using ZPL	a. Send the ~JG command to the printer. See the <i>Zebra Programming Guide</i> for more information about this command.
ZT230 printer only	a. On the control panel display, navigate to the following item under the SENSORS menu. See <i>ZT230 Printer Control Panel Display on page 17</i> for information about using the control panel and accessing the menus. PRINT INFORMATION ? SENSOR PROFILE ? ⌂ PRINT b. Press RIGHT SELECT to select PRINT.

Compare your results to the examples shown in this section. If the sensitivity of the sensors must be adjusted, calibrate the printer (see *Calibrate the Ribbon and Media Sensors on page 98*).

Ribbon Sensor Profile (Figure 21) The line labeled RIBBON (1) on the sensor profile indicates the ribbon sensor readings. The ribbon sensor threshold setting is indicated by OUT (2). If the ribbon readings are below the threshold value, the printer does not acknowledge that ribbon is loaded.

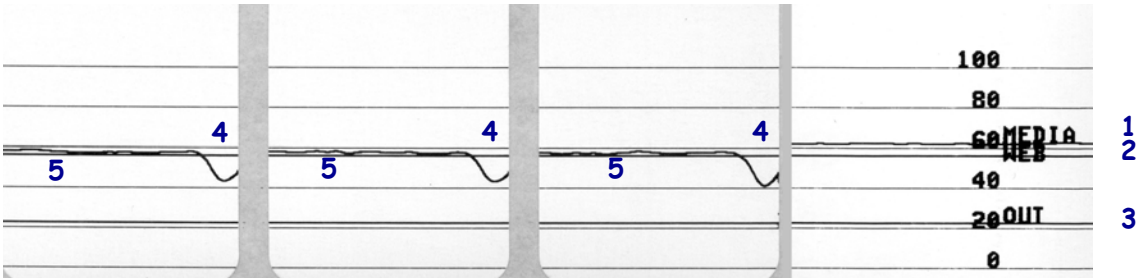
Figure 21 • Sensor Profile (Ribbon Section)



Media Sensor Profile (Figure 22) The line labeled MEDIA (1) on the sensor profile indicates the media sensor readings. The media sensor threshold settings is indicated by WEB (2). The media out threshold is indicated by OUT (3). The downward spikes (4) indicate gaps between labels (the web), and the lines between the spikes (5) indicate where labels are located.

If you compare the sensor profile printout to a length of your media, the spikes should be the same distance apart as the gaps on the media. If the distances are not the same, the printer may be having difficulty determining where the gaps are located.

Figure 22 • Sensor Profile (Media Section)



Specifications

This section lists general printer specifications, printing specifications, ribbon specifications, and media specifications.

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General Specifications

Model		ZT230	ZT220	ZT210
Height		10.9 in. (277 mm)	11.0 in. (280 mm)	10.9 in. (277 mm)
Weight		9.5 in. (242 mm)	9.4 in. (239 mm)	9.5 in. (242 mm)
Depth		17 in. (432 mm)	17 in. (432 mm)	17 in. (432 mm)
Weight		20 lb (9.1 kg)	17 lb (7.8 kg)	20 lb (9.1 kg)
Electrical		100–240 VAC, 47-63 Hz, 3 Amps (100 W)		
Temperature	Operating	Thermal Transfer: 41° to 104°F (5° to 40°C) Direct Thermal: 32° to 104°F (0° to 40°C)		
	Storage	–40° to 140°F (–40° to 60°C)		
Relative Humidity	Operating	20% to 85%, non-condensing		
	Storage	5% to 85%, non-condensing		
Communication Interfaces		• RS-232/CCITT V.24 serial data interface; 2400 to 115000 baud, parity, bits/character, 7 or 8 data bit, and XON-XOFF, RTS/CTS or DTR/DSR handshake protocol required. 750mA at 5 V from pins 1 and 9. • USB 1.1 data interface • Optional interface (one of the following): • 8-bit parallel data interface; nibble mode compliant • 10/100 internal Ethernet • 802.11a/b/g/n wireless card support		

Printing Specifications

Print resolution		203 dpi (dots per inch) (8 dots/mm)
		300 dpi (12 dots/mm)
Dot size (nominal) (width x length)	203 dpi	0.0043 in. x 0.0052 in. (0.110 mm x 0.132 mm)
	300 dpi	0.0043 in. x 0.0052 in. (0.110 mm x 0.132 mm)
Maximum print width	203 dpi	4.25 in. (108 mm)
	300 dpi	4.16 in. (105.7 mm)
Bar code modulus (X) dimension	203 dpi	5 mil to 50 mil
	300 dpi	3.3 mill to 33 mil
Programmable constant print speeds	203 dpi and 300 dpi	Per second: • 2 in. (51 mm) • 3 in. (76 mm) • 4 in. (102 mm) • 5 in. (127 mm) • 6 in. (152 mm)

Ribbon Specifications

Model		ZT230	ZT220	ZT210
Ribbon width*	Minimum	> 2 in.** (>51 mm**)		
	Maximum	4.3 in. (110 mm)		
Maximum ribbon length		1476 ft (450 m)	984 ft (300 m)	984 ft (300 m)
		3:1 media to ribbon roll ratio	2:1 media to ribbon roll ratio	2:1 media to ribbon roll ratio
Ribbon core inside diameter		1 in. (25 mm)		

* Zebra recommends using ribbon that is at least as wide as the media to protect the printhead from wear.

** Depending on your application, you may be able to use ribbon narrower than 2 in. (51 mm), as long as the ribbon is wider than the media being used. To use a narrower ribbon, test the ribbon's performance with your media to assure that you get the desired results.

Media Specifications

Label length	Minimum (Tear-Off)	0.7 in. (17.8 mm)
	Minimum (Peel-Off)	0.8 in. (20.3 mm)
	Minimum (Cutter)	1.0 in. (25.4 mm)
	Maximum	39 in. (991 mm)
Label width	Minimum	0.75 in. (19 mm)
	Maximum	4.5 in. (114 mm)
Total thickness (includes liner, if any)	Minimum	0.003 in. (0.076 mm)
	Maximum	0.010 in. (0.25 mm)
Maximum roll outside diameter	3-in. (76 mm) core	8 in. (203 mm)
	1-in. (25 mm) core	6 in. (152 mm)
Inter-label gap	Minimum	0.079 in. (2 mm)
	Preferred	0.118 in. (3 mm)
	Maximum	0.157 in. (4 mm)
Ticket/tag notch size (width x length)		0.25 in. x 0.12 in. (6 mm x 3 mm)
Hole diameter		0.125 in. (3.18 mm)
Notch or hole position (centered from inner media edge)	Minimum	0.15 in. (3.8 mm)
	Maximum	2.25 in. (57 mm)
Density, in Optical Density Units (ODU) (black mark)		> 1.0 ODU
Maximum media density		≤ 0.5 ODU
Transmissive media sensor (fixed position)		7/16 in. (11 mm) from inside edge

Glossary

alphanumeric Indicating letters, numerals, and characters such as punctuation marks.

backfeed When the printer pulls the media and ribbon (if used) backward into the printer so that the beginning of the label to be printed is properly positioned behind the printhead. Backfeed occurs when operating the printer in Tear-Off and Applicator modes.

bar code A code by which alphanumeric characters can be represented by a series of adjacent stripes of different widths. Many different code schemes exist, such as the universal product code (UPC) or Code 39.

black mark A registration mark found on the underside of the print media that acts as a start-of-label indication for the printer. (See [non-continuous media](#).)

calibration (of a printer) A process in which the printer determines some basic information needed to print accurately with a particular media and ribbon combination. To do this, the printer feeds some media and ribbon (if used) through the printer and senses whether to use the direct thermal or thermal transfer print method, and (if using non-continuous media) the length of individual labels or tags.

configuration The printer configuration is a group of operating parameters specific to the printer application. Some parameters are user selectable, while others are dependent on the installed options and mode of operation. Parameters may be switch selectable, control panel programmable, or downloaded as ZPL II commands. A configuration label listing all the current printer parameters may be printed for reference.

continuous media Label or tag-stock media that has no notch, gap, or web (media liner only) to separate the labels or tags. The media is one long piece of material.

core diameter The inside diameter of the cardboard core at the center of a roll of media or ribbon.

diagnostics Information about which printer functions are not working that is used for troubleshooting printer problems.

die-cut media A type of label stock that has individual labels stuck to a media liner. The labels may be either lined up against each other or separated by a small distance. Typically the material surrounding the labels has been removed. (See [non-continuous media](#).)

direct thermal A printing method in which the printhead presses directly against the media. Heating the printhead elements causes a discoloration of the heat-sensitive coating on the media. By selectively heating the printhead elements as the media moves past, an image is printed onto the media. No ribbon is used with this printing method. Contrast this with [thermal transfer](#).

direct thermal media Media that is coated with a substance that reacts to the application of direct heat from the printhead to produce an image.

dynamic RAM The memory devices used to store the label formats in electronic form while they are being printed. The amount of DRAM memory available in the printer determines the maximum size and number of label formats that can be printed. This is volatile memory that loses the stored information when power is turned off.

fanfold media Media that comes folded in a rectangular stack. Contrast this with [roll media](#).

firmware This is the term used to specify the printer's operating program. This program is downloaded to the printer from a host computer and stored in FLASH memory. Each time the printer power is turned on, this operating program starts. This program controls when to feed the media forward or backward and when to print a dot on the label stock.

FLASH memory FLASH memory is non-volatile and maintains the stored information intact when power is off. This memory area is used to store the printer's operating program. In addition, this memory can be used to store optional printer fonts, graphic formats, and complete label formats.

Font A complete set of alphanumeric characters in one style of type. Examples include CG Times™, CG Triumvirate Bold Condensed™.

ips (inches-per-second) The speed at which the label or tag is printed. Many Zebra printers can print from 1 ips to 12 ips.

label An adhesive-backed piece of paper, plastic, or other material on which information is printed.

label backing (liner) The material on which labels are affixed during manufacture and which is discarded or recycled by the end-users.

light emitting diode (LED) Indicators of specific printer status conditions. Each LED is either off, on, or blinking depending on the feature being monitored.

liquid crystal display (LCD) The LCD is a back-lit display that provides the user with either operating status during normal operation or option menus when configuring the printer to a specific application.

media Material onto which data is printed by the printer. Types of media include: tag stock, die-cut labels, continuous labels (with and without media liner), non-continuous media, fanfold media, and roll media.

media sensor This sensor is located behind the printhead to detect the presence of media and, for non-continuous media, the position of the web, hole, or notch used to indicate the start of each label.

media supply hanger The stationary arm that supports the media roll.

non-continuous media Media that contains an indication of where one label/printed format ends and the next one begins. Examples are die-cut labels, notched tag-stock, and stock with black mark registration marks.

non-volatile memory Electronic memory that retains data even when the power to the printer is turned off.

notched media A type of tag stock containing a cutout area that can be sensed as a start-of-label indicator by the printer. This is typically a heavier, cardboard-like material that is either cut or torn away from the next tag. (See [non-continuous media](#).)

peel-off A mode of operation in which the printer peels a printed label away from the backing and allows the user to remove it before another label is printed. Printing pauses until the label is removed.

print speed The speed at which printing occurs. For thermal transfer printers, this speed is expressed in terms of ips (inches per second).

printhead wear The degradation of the surface of the printhead and/or the print elements over time. Heat and abrasion can cause printhead wear. Therefore, to maximize the life of the printhead, use the lowest print darkness setting (sometimes called burn temperature or head temperature) and the lowest printhead pressure necessary to produce good print quality. In the thermal transfer printing method, use ribbon that is as wide or wider than the media to protect the printhead from the rough media surface.

registration Alignment of printing with respect to the top (vertical) or sides (horizontal) of a label or tag.

ribbon A band of material consisting of a base film coated with wax or resin “ink.” The inked side of the material is pressed by the printhead against the media. The ribbon transfers ink onto the media when heated by the small elements within the printhead. Zebra ribbons have a coating on the back that protects the printhead from wear.

ribbon wrinkle A wrinkling of the ribbon caused by improper alignment or improper printhead pressure. This wrinkle can cause voids in the print and/or the used ribbon to rewind unevenly. This condition should be corrected by performing adjustment procedures.

roll media Media that comes supplied rolled onto a core (usually cardboard). Contrast this with [fanfold media](#).

supplies A general term for media and ribbon.

symbology The term generally used when referring to a bar code.

tag A type of media having no adhesive backing but featuring a hole or notch by which the tag can be hung on something. Tags are usually made of cardboard or other durable material.

tear-off A mode of operation in which the user tears the label or tag stock away from the remaining media by hand.

thermal transfer A printing method in which the printhead presses an ink or resin coated ribbon against the media. Heating the printhead elements causes the ink or resin to transfer onto the media. By selectively heating the printhead elements as the media and ribbon move past, an image is printed onto the media. Contrast this with [direct thermal](#).

void A space on which printing should have occurred, but did not due to an error condition such as wrinkled ribbon or faulty print elements. A void can cause a printed bar code symbol to be read incorrectly or not at all.

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